

Converting Colors

YIQ(138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(138.3970, 15.5400,
15.7320)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A37C94
RGB	163, 124, 148
RGB Percent	64%, 49%, 58%
CMY	0.3607, 0.5138, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.09, 0.36
HSL	323°, 18%, 56%
HSV	323°, 24%, 64%
XYZ	27.6617, 24.3391, 31.2615
YIQ	138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

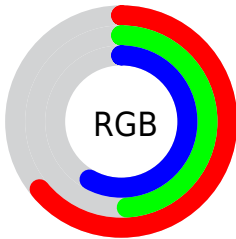
Format	Color
R _Y B	163, 124, 148
Decimal	10714260
CIE Lab	56.43, 19.17, -7.07
CIE LCh	56, 20.429, 339.755
Yxy	24.3391, 0.3322, 0.2923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288904340 (0xFFA37C94)
YUV	138.3970, 4.7343, 21.5768
Hunter-Lab	49.3347, 13.7482, -3.0356

Details

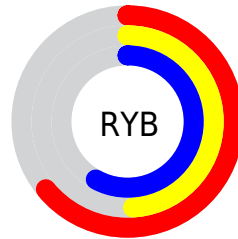
The YIQ color **138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **148.6030, -15.5400, -15.7320**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.1090, 16.4110, 16.4670**, and **88.2720, 14.3940, 14.4740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128.3210, 21.8660, 22.2340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300**.

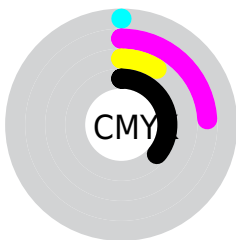
Distribution



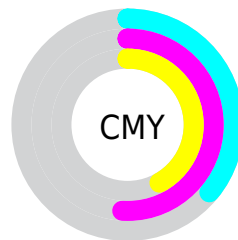
- Red (64%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 138.3970, 15.5400,
15.7320

■ 138.3970, 15.5400,
15.7320

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 112.6850, 14.6690,
14.9970

■ 192.1090, 16.4110,
16.4670

■ 88.2720, 14.3940,
14.4740

■ 219.8210, 17.2820,
17.2020

■ 64.6740, 13.2020,
14.0500

■ 242.0860, 6.0500,
11.5060

■ 41.9620, 12.3310,
13.3150

■ 20.0760, 12.0100,
13.6260

■ 2.9190, 4.7220,
2.5300

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 138.3970, 15.5400,
15.7320

■ 138.3970, 15.5400,
15.7320

■ 128.3210, 21.8660,
22.2340

■ 148.4730, 9.2140,
9.2300

■ 117.5440, 28.7880,
28.9480

■ 159.2500, 2.2920,
2.5160

■ 107.4680, 35.1140,
35.4500

■ 169.3260, -4.0340,
-3.9860

■ 97.3920, 41.4400,
41.9520

■ 179.4020,
-10.3600, -10.4880

■ 86.7290, 48.0410,
48.9770

■ 190.0650,
-16.9610, -17.5130

■ 76.5390, 54.6880,
55.1680

■ 200.2550,
-23.6080, -23.7040

■ 66.4630, 61.0140,
61.6700

■ 210.3310,
-29.9340, -30.2060

■ 60.1370, 65.0480,
65.6560

■ 220.4070,
-36.2600, -36.7080

■ 221.6780,
-38.4610, -35.3650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.6600, -1.3780, 13.9660



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



137.5630, 26.6360, 12.8760

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



133.9890, 15.7280, -9.7120



127.8410, -39.3370, -8.4650

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



148.6030, -15.5400, -15.7320

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.2020, -33.2840, -13.5400



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



131.8560, -0.1350, -14.0790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



135.4790, 26.2720, -2.5600



129.2330, -17.3740, -15.5340



130.6340, -34.0200, -0.1960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



137.4830, 29.6170, 8.4090



129.2330, -17.3740, -15.5340



127.5590, -38.6030, -10.7550

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



202.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790



132.9310, -3.5790, 15.3090



101.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



172.8700, 24.7540, 24.9620



136.2310, 21.6390, 9.8230



76.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



53.5010, 57.8510, 58.4190



6.6360, 7.1970, 7.2370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320



172.8700, 24.7540, 24.9620



150.7690, -21.6390, -9.8230



76.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



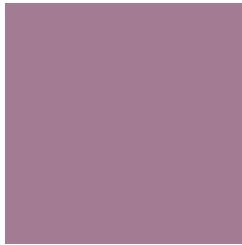
53.5010, 57.8510, 58.4190



6.6360, 7.1970, 7.2370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

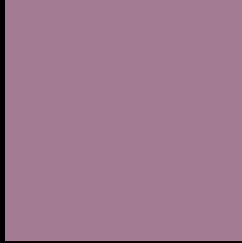
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

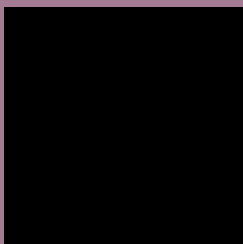
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.3970, 15.5400,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320

Protanopia

136.3830, -8.2080, 5.5840

Deuteranopia

137.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



Tritanopia

137.6050, 17.6500, 10.5300

Trichromacy



Original Color

138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320

Protanomaly

136.9820, 0.4110, 9.0750

Deuteranomaly

137.6300, 7.3340, 10.2620

Tritanomaly

137.7730, 17.2370, 12.5090

Monochromacy



Original Color

138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320

Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

138.2120, 5.4550, 5.7670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 124, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 124, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 124, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 124, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 124, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 124, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 124, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 124, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 124, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 124,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.3970, 15.5400, 15.7320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 124, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
124, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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