

# Converting Colors

YIQ(138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(138.4440, 18.4670,  
56.3150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF61D6
RGB	191, 97, 214
RGB Percent	75%, 38%, 84%
CMY	0.2507, 0.6197, 0.1608
CMYK	0.11, 0.55, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	288°, 59%, 61%
HSV	288°, 55%, 84%
XYZ	37.9130, 24.4831, 66.3429
YIQ	138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

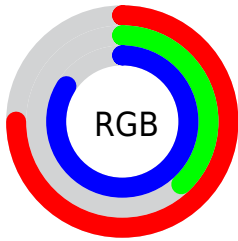
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	191, 97, 214
Decimal	12542422
CIE Lab	56.57, 55.27, -44.44
CIE LCh	57, 70.915, 321.200
Yxy	24.4831, 0.2945, 0.1902
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290732502 (0xFFBF61D6)
YUV	138.4440, 37.2491, 46.0916
Hunter-Lab	49.4804, 50.1798, -44.8591

# Details

The YIQ color **138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **172.5560, -18.4670, -56.3150**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.1580, 25.0240, 53.1200**, and **83.1450, 17.8710, 56.1030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124.9210, 21.8580, 66.4500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.9670, 15.0760, 46.1800**.

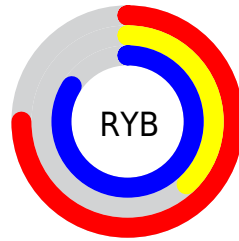
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (38%)

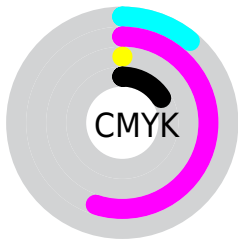
Blue (84%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (84%)

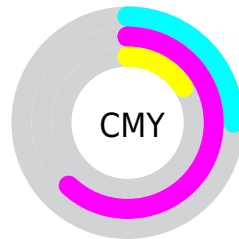


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (16%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



138.4440, 18.4670,  
56.3150

138.4440, 18.4670,  
56.3150

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

111.0310, 18.1920,  
55.7920

192.4570, 25.6200,  
53.3320

83.1450, 17.8710,  
56.1030

210.3880, 20.9000,  
39.7480

50.5630, 19.7500,  
60.5980

227.4110, 12.9250,  
24.5810

36.3030, 14.2500,  
50.1380

244.4340, 4.9500,  
9.4140

25.3800, 6.1830,  
36.6390

15.5820, -0.7380,  
24.3980

5.1640, -11.7850,

9.8390

■ 1.1400, -3.2100,  
3.1100

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 138.4440, 18.4670,  
56.3150

■ 138.4440, 18.4670,  
56.3150

■ 124.9210, 21.8580,  
66.4500

■ 151.9670, 15.0760,  
46.1800

■ 110.8110, 25.5240,  
77.1080

■ 166.0770, 11.4100,  
35.5220

■ 97.2880, 28.9150,  
87.2430

■ 179.8990, 8.6150,  
25.5990

■ 82.8790, 31.9850,  
97.6890

■ 194.0090, 4.9490,  
14.9410

■ 75.8240, 33.8180,  
103.0180

■ 207.5320, 1.5580,  
4.8060

■ 221.0550, -1.8330,  
-5.3290

■ 235.1650, -5.4990,  
-15.9870

■ 241.3560, -4.7190,  
-19.1110

■ 242.5520, -2.3350,  
-18.2630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



130.4860, -61.5810, 31.2430



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



128.9650, 71.2840, 62.7720

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



127.7710, 71.1630, -28.6850



116.0870, -102.2840, -29.5800

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



172.5560, -18.4670, -56.3150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.2040, -81.4650, -48.9610



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



122.1800, 32.5620, -50.4940

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



128.4100, 92.6140, 6.5820



105.1490, -45.2420, -61.1620



120.2540, -118.1510, -11.8390



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



124.8080, 90.3590, 52.9750



105.1490, -45.2420, -61.1620



113.6930, -95.5430, -36.1110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



228.5410, 6.5070, 19.7470



123.8390, -43.8820, 24.3580



111.8300, 3.8950, 12.0150



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



146.5170, 26.5320, 80.8680



141.3310, 43.4100, 50.3060



99.9450, 1.8330, 5.3290



60.4570, 26.7610, 82.2250



15.3670, 7.0570, 20.7930



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.6050, 62.3490, 31.9570



140.9940, 89.5350, 45.8790



169.6690, -43.4100, -50.3060



99.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540



54.8910, 91.3230, 46.5150



13.7690, 23.0600, 11.6040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

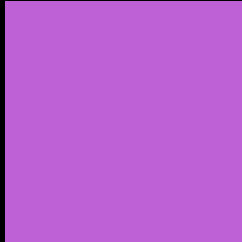
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

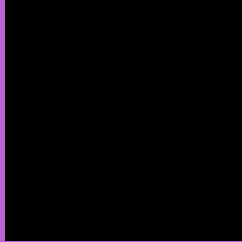
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.4440, 18.4670,

56.3150.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150

### Protanopia

129.5620, -67.9070, 24.7410

### Deuteranopia

133.9280, -43.0550, 14.8730



## Tritanopia

137.9660, 32.8710, 15.5190

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



## Protanomaly

132.5230, -36.6400, 36.2880



## Deuteranomaly

135.6200, -21.0960, 29.9120



## Tritanomaly

138.0000, 27.5040, 30.1920

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150



## Achromatopsia

138.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

138.0680, 6.4610, 20.5810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 97, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 97, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 97, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 97, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 97, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 97, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 97, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 97, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 97, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 97,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.4440, 18.4670, 56.3150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 97, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 97,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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