

Converting Colors

YIQ(138.5930, -35.9430,
-14.9110)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(138.5930, -35.9430,
-14.9110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 5F9E99 |
| RGB | 95, 158, 153 |
| RGB Percent | 37%, 62%, 60% |
| CMY | 0.6276, 0.3803, 0.4001 |
| CMYK | 0.40, 0.00, 0.03, 0.38 |
| HSL | 175°, 25%, 50% |
| HSV | 175°, 40%, 62% |
| XYZ | 22.6935, 29.1923, 34.5603 |
| YIQ | 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

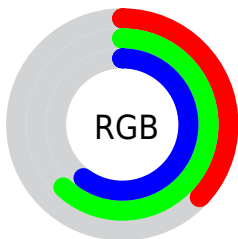
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 95, 128, 158 |
| Decimal | 6266521 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 60.95, -21.50, -3.75 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 61, 21.823, 189.904 |
| Yxy | 29.1923, 0.2625, 0.3377 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284456601 (0xFF5F9E99) |
| YUV | 138.5930, 7.1027, -38.2311 |
| Hunter-Lab | 54.0299, -19.5793, -0.1040 |

Details

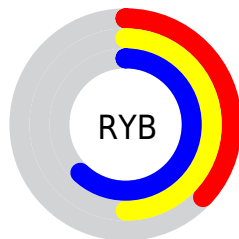
The YIQ color **138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **114.4070, 35.9430, 14.9110**, and the grayscale version is **139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193.1800, -36.2180, -15.4340**, and **86.4080, -36.8600, -14.8120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.6950, -45.1580, -18.6140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143.4910, -26.7280, -11.2080**.

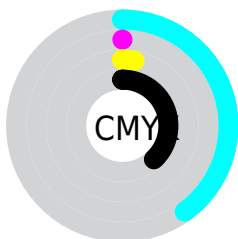
Distribution



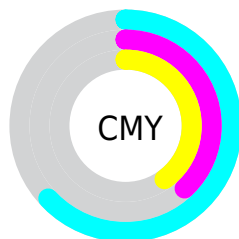
- Red (37%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 138.5930,
-35.9430, -14.9110

■ 138.5930,
-35.9430, -14.9110

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 112.5930,
-35.9430, -14.9110

■ 193.1800,
-36.2180, -15.4340

■ 86.4080, -36.8600,
-14.8120

■ 220.8810,
-36.8140, -15.6460

■ 59.7170, -42.2240,
-16.7200

■ 239.7510,
-30.3960, -10.8120

■ 40.9030, -33.8800,
-13.7520

■ 248.4220,
-13.1120, -4.6640

■ 25.5950, -21.0890,
-8.7770

■ 5.4770, -5.7770,
0.0710

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 138.5930,
-35.9430, -14.9110

■ 138.5930,
-35.9430, -14.9110

■ 133.6950,
-45.1580, -18.6140

■ 143.4910,
-26.7280, -11.2080

■ 128.6830,
-54.0520, -22.6280

■ 148.5030,
-17.8340, -7.1940

■ 124.0840,
-62.6710, -26.1190

■ 153.1020, -9.2150,
-3.7030

■ 119.1860,
-71.8860, -29.8220

■ 158.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

■ 114.2880,
-81.1010, -33.5250

■ 162.8980, 9.2150,
3.7030

■ 109.2760,
-89.9950, -37.5390

■ 167.9100, 18.1090,
7.7170

■ 172.8080, 27.3240,
11.4200

■ 177.4070, 35.9430,
14.9110

■ 182.3050, 45.1580,
18.6140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.8090, -19.1160, -17.0040



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



139.1610, -43.2340, -9.4260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



149.6000, -1.1490, 15.3230



147.1480, 28.7020, -2.5460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



114.4070, 35.9430, 14.9110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



148.8700, 32.7810, 6.1330



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



150.5220, 16.6860, 16.9900

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



146.8470, -21.1380, 8.6380



149.7590, 29.0200, 13.7240



145.6470, 16.6910, -10.6450

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



140.8180, -40.5300, -3.3620



149.7590, 29.0200, 13.7240



147.5120, 30.6730, 0.2810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



199.2970, -14.2580, -5.9220



133.4760, -14.3450, -31.8890



100.2870, -8.2980, -3.8020



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110



176.1880, -57.0320, -23.6880



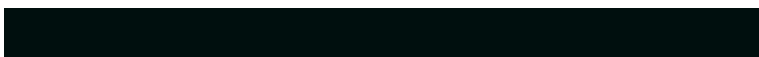
123.9010, -30.3980, 0.2420



76.4940, -4.4470, -2.0070



98.8750, -81.3760, -34.0480



10.4010, -8.6190, -3.4910

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.4070, 35.9430, 14.9110



137.8120, 57.0320, 23.6880



129.0990, 30.3980, -0.2420



73.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070



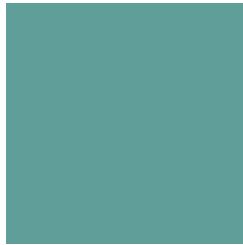
44.0110, 81.6970, 33.7370



4.5990, 8.6190, 3.4910

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110.



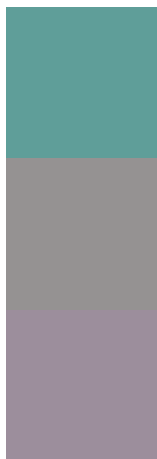
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110.

-14.9110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110

Protanopia

146.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Deuteranopia

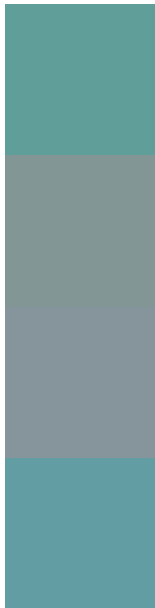
147.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220



Tritanopia

140.3250, -37.8240, -8.3520

Trichromacy



Original Color

138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110

Protanomaly

143.6070, -12.1950, -4.7630

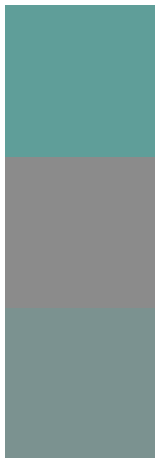
Deuteranomaly

144.6120, -10.5910, -0.7910

Tritanomaly

140.0430, -37.0900, -10.6420

Monochromacy



Original Color

138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110

Achromatopsia

139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

138.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 158, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 158, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 158, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 158, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

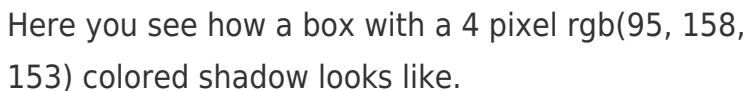
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 158, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 158, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 158, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 158, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 158, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 158, 153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.5930, -35.9430, -14.9110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 158, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 158,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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