

Converting Colors

YIQ(138.7520, 46.9520,
-13.9120)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120)
contains.

YIQ(138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(138.7520, 46.9520,
-13.9120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF873F
RGB	175, 135, 63
RGB Percent	69%, 53%, 25%
CMY	0.3137, 0.4706, 0.7527
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.64, 0.31
HSL	39°, 47%, 47%
HSV	39°, 64%, 69%
XYZ	27.2426, 26.7982, 8.4484
YIQ	138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

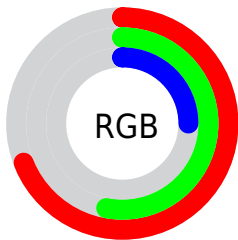
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 175, 63
Decimal	11503423
CIE _{Lab}	58.79, 7.31, 43.64
CIE _{LCh}	59, 44.247, 80.494
Yxy	26.7982, 0.4360, 0.4288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289693503 (0xFFAF873F)
YUV	138.7520, -37.3457, 31.7895
Hunter-Lab	51.7670, 3.3442, 26.5607

Details

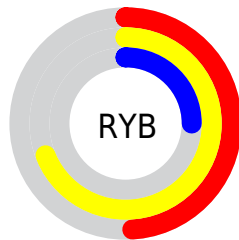
The YIQ color **138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **99.2480, -46.9520, 13.9120**, and the grayscale version is **139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.9050, 50.8950, -13.7850**, and **87.3170, 43.7430, -16.3290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.2920, 54.0590, -16.0610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.3260, 39.5240, -11.4520**.

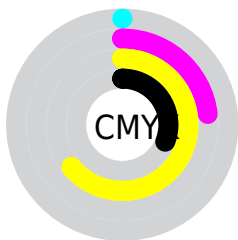
Distribution



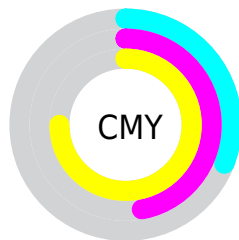
- Red (69%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

138.7520, 46.9520,
-13.9120

138.7520, 46.9520,
-13.9120

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

112.8550, 45.1640,
-14.5480

192.9050, 50.8950,
-13.7850

87.3170, 43.7430,
-16.3290

218.9970, 47.6400,
-15.3680

63.9020, 37.7820,
-12.9220

238.5110, 31.2730,
-21.6150

43.8010, 28.0610,
-7.4510

248.0460, 19.5810,
-18.9710

24.2870, 18.0650,
-2.5030

251.2380, 10.5930,
-10.2630

1.4950, 2.9800,
1.0600

254.5440, 1.2840,

0.0000, 0.0000,

-1.2440

0.0000

■ 138.7520, 46.9520,
-13.9120

■ 138.7520, 46.9520,
-13.9120

■ 133.2920, 54.0590,
-16.0610

■ 144.3260, 39.5240,
-11.4520

■ 127.1310, 61.7620,
-17.9980

■ 150.3730, 32.1420,
-9.8260

■ 121.6710, 68.8690,
-20.1470

■ 155.9470, 24.7140,
-7.3660

■ 118.0690, 73.5000,
-21.4760

■ 161.4070, 17.6070,
-5.2170

■ 166.9810, 10.1790,
-2.7570

■ 173.0280, 2.7970,
-1.1310

■ 178.6020, -4.6310,
1.3290

■ 184.0620,
-11.7380, 3.4780

■ 189.6360,
-19.1660, 5.9380

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.8870, 60.4740, 5.3540



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



135.0750, 20.6370, -27.0990

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



113.5450, -97.8820, -32.2660



145.7240, 10.9060, 33.6420

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



99.2480, -46.9520, 13.9120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.3040, -32.1900, 21.7140



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



115.5460, -107.6500, -20.4340

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



108.3980, -84.7670, -44.1830



119.7900, -96.0530, -4.8290



144.1330, 43.3670, 34.5590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



132.1090, -3.0660, -32.5540



119.7900, -96.0530, -4.8290



145.3140, -2.6190, 30.9570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



213.2930, 17.9280, -5.5280



101.1620, 53.5910, 36.4950



106.0520, 11.4170, -3.1670



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



170.0690, 73.5000, -21.4760



157.7470, 27.0120, -38.0120



84.2130, 3.7140, -1.2300



101.7890, 62.7250, -18.9310



15.6820, 9.5830, -2.9690

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.2480, -46.9520, 13.9120



108.9310, -73.5000, 21.4760



80.2530, -27.0120, 38.0120



80.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



48.7980, -63.0000, 18.4080



7.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120.

-13.9120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120

Protanopia

137.7070, 33.6570, -20.7670

Deuteranopia

138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120



Tritanopia

144.2860, 28.9740, 14.5580

Trichromacy



Original Color

138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120

Protanomaly

137.9250, 38.9750, -18.0250

Deuteranomaly

138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120

Tritanomaly

142.3710, 35.6240, 4.1680

Monochromacy



Original Color

138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120

Achromatopsia

139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

139.1080, 17.0110, -5.4290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 135, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 135, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 135, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 135, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 135, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 135, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 135, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 135, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 135, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 135,  
63) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.7520, 46.9520, -13.9120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 135, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
135, 63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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