

# Converting Colors

YIQ(138.9040, -16.1440,  
28.2720)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(138.9040, -16.1440,  
28.2720)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D7DCD
RGB	141, 125, 205
RGB Percent	55%, 49%, 80%
CMY	0.4470, 0.5098, 0.1962
CMYK	0.31, 0.39, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	252°, 44%, 65%
HSV	252°, 39%, 80%
XYZ	29.3367, 24.7365, 60.9657
YIQ	138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

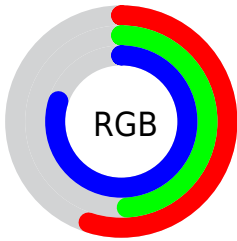
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	141, 125, 205
Decimal	9272781
CIELab	56.82, 24.03, -39.30
CIELCh	57, 46.063, 301.452
Yxy	24.7365, 0.2550, 0.2150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287462861 (0xFF8D7DCD)
YUV	138.9040, 32.5853, 1.8382
Hunter-Lab	49.7358, 18.2506, -37.8621

# Details

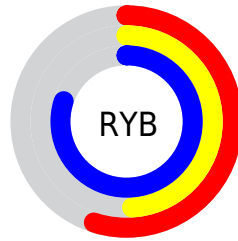
The YIQ color  $138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $191.0960, 16.1440, -28.2720$ , and the grayscale version is  $139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $192.1600, -13.9890, 27.7630$ , and  $88.0240, -16.6020, 25.5580$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $121.7930, -19.9050, 35.8630$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $155.4280, -12.1080, 21.2040$ .

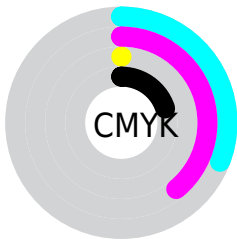
# Distribution



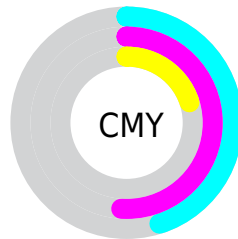
- Red (55%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 138.9040,  
-16.1440, 28.2720

■ 138.9040,  
-16.1440, 28.2720

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 112.9640,  
-16.3730, 26.9150

■ 192.1600,  
-13.9890, 27.7630

■ 88.0240, -16.6020,  
25.5580

■ 216.6800, -4.1300,  
19.7900

■ 63.7850, -17.4270,  
23.9890

■ 241.7870, 5.4540,  
11.2940

■ 39.9480, -19.4440,  
21.9960

■ 15.4910, -25.5870,  
17.6850

■ 5.8140, -16.3710,  
15.8610

■ 4.4800, -9.8590,

7.9730

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 138.9040,  
-16.1440, 28.2720

■ 138.9040,  
-16.1440, 28.2720

■ 121.7930,  
-19.9050, 35.8630

■ 155.4280,  
-12.1080, 21.2040

■ 104.9700,  
-24.5370, 42.7190

■ 172.8380, -7.7510,  
13.8250

■ 88.4460, -28.5730,  
49.7870

■ 189.3620, -3.7150,  
6.7570

■ 71.0360, -32.9300,  
57.1660

■ 206.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

■ 54.5120, -36.9660,  
64.2340

■ 223.2960, 4.6780,  
-7.6900

■ 37.4010, -40.7270,  
71.8250

■ 240.4070, 8.4390,  
-15.2810

■ 35.6290, -41.3690,  
72.4470

■ 249.3000, 16.0500,  
-15.5500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



125.0430, -71.4800, 6.8880



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



139.8460, 25.3020, 37.0620

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



134.4750, 58.4580, -2.1660



107.1900, -86.8770, -38.9810

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



191.0960, 16.1440, -28.2720

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119.2930, -35.9390, -37.0190



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



132.1160, 39.7550, -21.1490

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



135.4720, 63.6810, 18.8250



127.7960, 8.1210, -31.5510



111.7500, -99.7170, -26.5410



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



138.5570, 45.1090, 36.0290



127.7960, 8.1210, -31.5510



105.5940, -82.3830, -43.3350

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



229.6270, -5.7790, 11.1250



171.6880, -43.2800, -8.5920



112.9490, -3.9900, 6.2340



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720



155.8560, -24.2160, 42.4080



150.8640, 7.6960, 36.7520



93.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340



28.7910, -33.6180, 58.6220



6.7240, -7.4300, 13.5140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.2160, 27.1360, 36.8640



181.8240, 40.7040, 55.2960



179.1360, -7.6960, -36.7520



95.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080



64.7960, 56.2430, 76.5550



14.8960, 12.6970, 17.6970



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

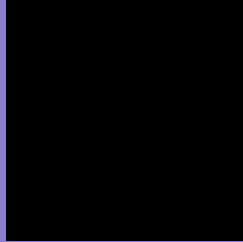
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 138.9040, -16.1440,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720

### Protanopia

134.8190, -41.1300, 18.5340

### Deuteranopia

134.9670, -38.7910, 14.6890



## Tritanopia

135.8620, -8.2990, 1.7250

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720

## Protanomaly

136.3040, -32.1900, 21.7140

## Deuteranomaly

136.3210, -30.8600, 19.6360

## Tritanomaly

137.1040, -11.5560, 11.1960

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720

## Achromatopsia

139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

139.1000, -5.7330, 10.2910

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 125, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 125, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 125, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 125, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 125, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 125, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 125, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 125, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 125, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 125,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 138.9040, -16.1440, 28.2720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 125, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
125, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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