

# Converting Colors

YIQ(139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(139.1780, 29.1580,  
11.2220)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | AE7C7E                     |
| RGB           | 174, 124, 126              |
| RGB Percent   | 68%, 49%, 49%              |
| CMY           | 0.3175, 0.5138, 0.5058     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.29, 0.28, 0.32     |
| HSL           | 358°, 24%, 58%             |
| HSV           | 358°, 29%, 68%             |
| XYZ           | 28.4352, 24.9193, 23.0597  |
| YIQ           | 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

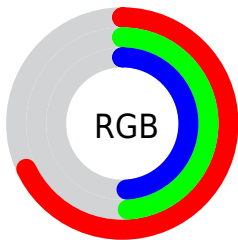
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 174, 124, 126                 |
| Decimal                             | 11435134                      |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 57.00, 19.77, 6.64            |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 57, 20.852, 18.574            |
| Yxy                                 | 24.9193, 0.3721,<br>0.3261    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4289625214<br>(0xFFAE7C7E)    |
| YUV                                 | 139.1780, -6.4968,<br>30.5389 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 49.9193, 14.3190,<br>7.5550   |

# Details

The YIQ color **139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **158.8220, -29.1580, -11.2220**, and the grayscale version is **139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193.0750, 30.9460, 11.8580**, and **88.6830, 26.1780, 10.1620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.2610, 39.2900, 14.8260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.0950, 19.0260, 7.6180**.

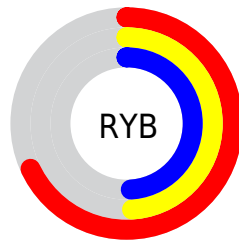
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (49%)

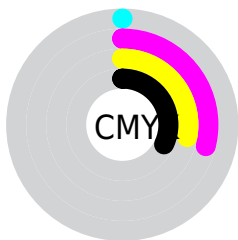
Blue (49%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (49%)

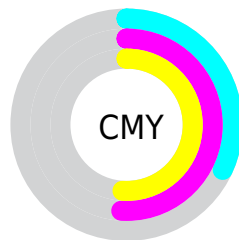


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (51%)


Yellow (51%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 139.1780, 29.1580,  
11.2220


 139.1780, 29.1580,  
11.2220


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 113.5800, 27.9660,  
10.7980


 193.0750, 30.9460,  
11.8580


 88.6830, 26.1780,  
10.1620


 219.4770, 29.7540,  
11.4340

 64.4980, 25.2610,  
10.2610

 239.6920, 12.7910,  
4.9750

 41.7150, 23.1520,  
9.9360

 19.5900, 22.0060,  
8.6780

 5.0830, 10.1320,  
3.6040

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 139.1780, 29.1580,  
11.2220

■ 139.1780, 29.1580,  
11.2220

■ 127.2610, 39.2900,  
14.8260

■ 151.0950, 19.0260,  
7.6180

■ 114.8710, 49.3760,  
19.2640

■ 163.4850, 8.9400,  
3.1800

■ 102.9540, 59.5080,  
22.8680

■ 175.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 90.4500, 69.9150,  
26.9950

■ 187.9060,  
-11.5990, -4.5510

■ 78.6470, 79.7260,  
30.9100

■ 199.7090,  
-21.4100, -8.4660

■ 66.7300, 89.8580,  
34.5140

■ 211.6260,  
-31.5420, -12.0700

■ 54.2260, 100.2650,  
38.6410

■ 224.1300,  
-41.9490, -16.1970

■ 52.8240, 101.4570,  
39.0650

■ 230.7810,  
-48.2760, -17.1720

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.8490, 20.0790, 16.0710



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



137.6200, 30.4890, 3.6170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



132.5780, -5.2240, -15.4640



133.7700, -31.4070, 2.0090

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



158.8220, -29.1580, -11.2220

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



129.7100, -40.3460, -6.6980



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



130.2970, -23.4260, -15.9860

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



134.4830, 11.2810, -11.7190



128.5760, -37.2730, -12.8330



137.6090, -14.5360, 10.1360



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



137.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



128.5760, -37.2730, -12.8330



132.0360, -35.2120, -0.6200

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



212.9800, 11.9200, 4.2400



144.0520, 12.5580, 25.7260



106.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



171.9630, 46.1210, 17.6810



152.4510, 23.4750, -1.4290



80.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



45.5340, 87.4740, 33.6660



6.9910, 13.3870, 5.1870



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220



171.9630, 46.1210, 17.6810



146.1360, -23.7500, 0.9060



80.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080



45.5340, 87.4740, 33.6660

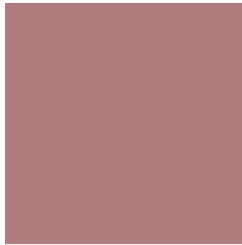


6.9910, 13.3870, 5.1870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

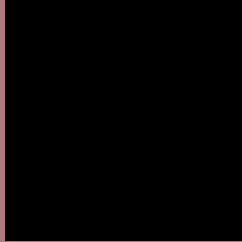
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 139.1780, 29.1580,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220

### Protanopia

137.7400, 3.6680, -0.3960

### Deuteranopia

138.0790, 15.9550, 2.6990



## Tritanopia

139.5740, 28.1030, 13.8230

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220

## Protanomaly

138.0510, 13.1580, 3.8300

## Deuteranomaly

138.4110, 20.9520, 5.7520

## Tritanomaly

139.3460, 28.7450, 13.2010

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220

## Achromatopsia

139.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

139.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 124, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 124, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 124, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 124, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 124, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 124, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 124, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 124, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 124, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 124,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 139.1780, 29.1580, 11.2220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 124, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
124, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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