

# Converting Colors

YIQ(139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(139.9360, 77.1140,  
23.1780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E4685E
RGB	228, 104, 94
RGB Percent	89%, 41%, 37%
CMY	0.1056, 0.5923, 0.6311
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.59, 0.11
HSL	4°, 71%, 63%
HSV	4°, 59%, 89%
XYZ	38.9873, 27.2058, 13.8049
YIQ	139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

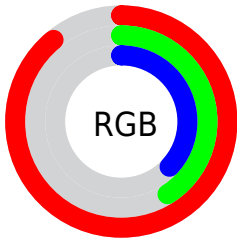
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	228, 105, 94
Decimal	14968926
CIELab	59.16, 47.52, 29.12
CIELCh	59, 55.733, 31.499
Yxy	27.2058, 0.4874, 0.3401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293159006 (0xFFE4685E)
YUV	139.9360, -22.6464, 77.2321
Hunter-Lab	52.1591, 42.1447, 20.8192

# Details

The YIQ color **139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **182.0640, -77.1140, -23.1780**, and the grayscale version is **140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185.5210, 61.9850, 16.5210**, and **84.7550, 70.3740, 24.1820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124.9870, 90.2720, 27.0080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **154.8850, 63.9560, 19.3480**.

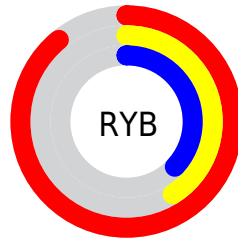
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (41%)

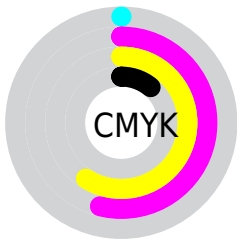
Blue (37%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (37%)

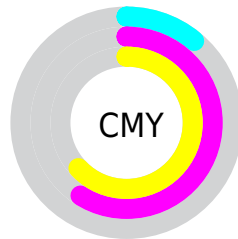


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (59%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (63%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 139.9360, 77.1140,  
23.1780

■ 139.9360, 77.1140,  
23.1780

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 112.0820, 73.7670,  
23.2630

■ 185.5210, 61.9850,  
16.5210

■ 84.7550, 70.3740,  
24.1820

■ 204.9210, 45.9390,  
9.9630

■ 55.1940, 67.7600,  
27.5040

■ 225.1360, 28.9760,  
3.5040

■ 32.5200, 63.7260,  
23.5180

■ 245.3510, 12.0130,  
-2.9550

■ 23.6210, 47.0840,  
16.7480

■ 16.0750, 30.9460,  
11.8580

■ 0.5980, 1.1920,

0.4240

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 139.9360, 77.1140,  
23.1780

■ 139.9360, 77.1140,  
23.1780

■ 124.9870, 90.2720,  
27.0080

■ 154.8850, 63.9560,  
19.3480

■ 110.0380,  
103.4300, 30.8380

■ 169.8340, 50.7980,  
15.5180

■ 95.2030, 116.2670,  
34.9790

■ 184.7830, 37.6400,  
11.6880

■ 79.6670, 129.7000,  
39.3320

■ 199.6180, 24.8030,  
7.5470

■ 78.1510, 131.2130,  
39.4450

■ 215.1540, 11.3700,  
3.1940

■ 230.1030, -1.7880,  
-0.6360

■ 245.0520,  
-14.9460, -4.4660

■ 246.9270,  
-16.0920, -5.7240

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141.8970, 64.8230, 42.1910



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



139.1790, 70.9750, -3.2410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



117.3570, -51.1590, -47.5350



113.6490, -117.4650, -2.2410

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



182.0640, -77.1140, -23.1780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119.3250, -116.9130, -12.2490



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



113.7440, -91.5530, -42.3450

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



131.0100, 10.0940, -39.7780



118.7430, -107.0070, -26.5830



144.5540, -20.7300, 34.2940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



137.3970, 57.9570, -20.6270



118.7430, -107.0070, -26.5830



116.4700, -118.5190, -5.1670

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



224.5150, 26.5910, 8.1830



148.3160, 39.7390, 67.2830



109.4320, 16.4590, 4.5790



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780



137.8530, 102.5130, 30.9370



178.6780, 58.9640, -11.3400



107.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210



61.1520, 103.1090, 31.1490



17.5970, 29.2960, 8.7200



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182.0640, -77.1140, -23.1780



194.1470, -102.5130, -30.9370



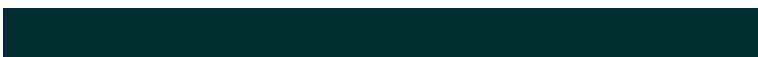
143.3220, -58.9640, 11.3400



110.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



117.2610, -102.8340, -30.6260



33.4030, -29.2960, -8.7200



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 139.9360, 77.1140,

23.1780.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780

### Protanopia

141.9290, 15.9570, -8.3550

### Deuteranopia

141.5910, 37.4600, -7.0840



## Tritanopia

140.7710, 73.4450, 29.1010

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780

## Protanomaly

141.3990, 38.4210, 3.0370

## Deuteranomaly

140.7550, 52.0380, 4.0540

## Tritanomaly

140.7880, 74.7750, 27.0230

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780

## Achromatopsia

140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

139.9990, 28.1040, 8.2960

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 104, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 104, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 104, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 104, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 104, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 104, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 104, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 104, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 104, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 104,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 139.9360, 77.1140, 23.1780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 104, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
104, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor