

Converting Colors

YIQ(140.3470, -79.5890,
-27.8850)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850)
contains.

YIQ(140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(140.3470, -79.5890,
-27.8850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2FB4B5
RGB	47, 180, 181
RGB Percent	18%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.8160, 0.2939, 0.2905
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	180°, 59%, 45%
HSV	180°, 74%, 71%
XYZ	25.8333, 36.6004, 49.3757
YIQ	140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

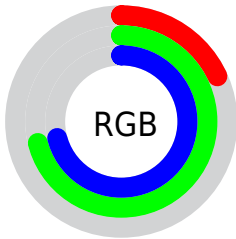
Format	Color
RYB	47, 114, 181
Decimal	3126453
CIELab	66.98, -33.78, -10.59
CIELCh	67, 35.398, 197.413
Yxy	36.6004, 0.2310, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281316533 (0xFF2FB4B5)
YUV	140.3470, 20.0419, -81.8653
Hunter-Lab	60.4983, -29.6508, -6.0407

Details

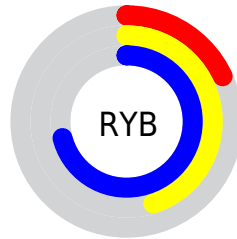
The YIQ color **140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87.6530, 79.5890, 27.8850**, and the grayscale version is **140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199.9350, -72.4370, -25.3410**, and **89.1410, -76.0130, -26.6130** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134.9650, -90.3170, -31.7010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145.7290, -68.8610, -24.0690**.

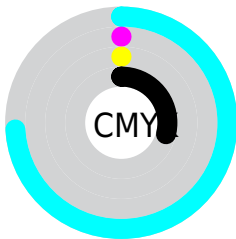
Distribution



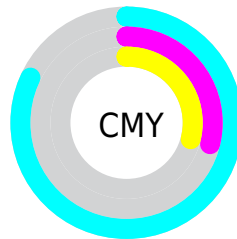
- Red (18%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 140.3470,
-79.5890, -27.8850

■ 140.3470,
-79.5890, -27.8850

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 107.3670,
-91.5090, -32.1250

■ 199.9350,
-72.4370, -25.3410

■ 89.1410, -76.0130,
-26.6130

■ 222.4090,
-64.9640, -23.1080

■ 71.0290, -60.8380,
-20.7900

■ 231.3790,
-47.0840, -16.7480

■ 53.6180, -46.2590,
-15.1790

■ 240.3490,
-29.2040, -10.3880

■ 37.4950, -32.5510,
-10.3030

■ 249.3190,
-11.3240, -4.0280

■ 23.3610, -20.3100,
-6.3740

■ 2.0690, -4.4480,

3.5200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 140.3470,
-79.5890, -27.8850

■ 140.3470,
-79.5890, -27.8850

■ 134.9650,
-90.3170, -31.7010

■ 145.7290,
-68.8610, -24.0690

■ 129.5830,
-101.0450, -35.5170

■ 151.1110,
-58.1330, -20.2530

■ 126.2940,
-107.6010, -37.8490

■ 156.4930,
-47.4050, -16.4370

■ 162.4620,
-36.9520, -13.1440

■ 167.8440,
-26.2240, -9.3280

■ 173.2260,
-15.4960, -5.5120

■ 178.9070, -4.1720,
-1.4840

■ 184.2890, 6.5560,
2.3320

■ 189.6710, 17.2840,
6.1480

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148.5560, -43.6890, -28.7210



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



140.8810, -89.5400, -18.2440

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



167.1700, 6.4140, 26.9420



161.6900, 41.4950, -8.6250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



87.6530, 79.5890, 27.8850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.2220, 52.2210, 6.2450



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



167.3550, 33.6940, 28.1420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



163.4090, -28.2920, 17.1480



165.6970, 49.9260, 20.3100



159.1770, 20.5900, -20.7380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



149.4690, -73.2200, -5.6360



165.6970, 49.9260, 20.3100



162.7770, 45.8040, -4.1160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



218.8650, -30.7170, -10.5010



125.6580, -36.8500, -70.0820



108.0300, -17.8800, -6.3600



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850



171.3350, -124.0140, -43.2620



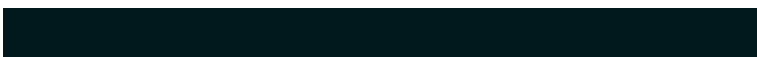
101.6050, -61.4390, 6.6330



86.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080



106.6660, -90.9130, -31.9130



17.6390, -15.2210, -4.9890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



102.2280, 37.1710, 69.7710



112.0890, 58.1170, 108.6850



126.3950, 61.4390, -6.6330



83.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



63.0750, 42.3960, 79.7080



10.6240, 7.4710, 13.2870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

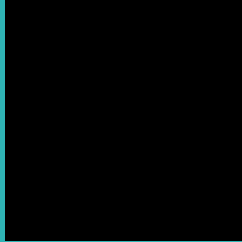
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

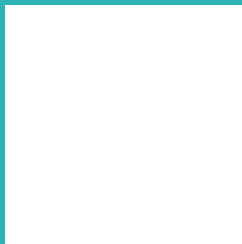
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850.

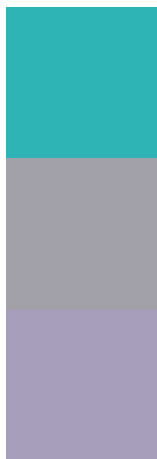


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850

Protanopia

162.2110, -1.9720, 2.7000

Deuteranopia

163.5840, -4.2200, 10.4040



Tritanopia

142.9330, -78.1230, -21.4110

Trichromacy



Original Color

140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850

Protanomaly

154.2180, -30.2130, -8.6210

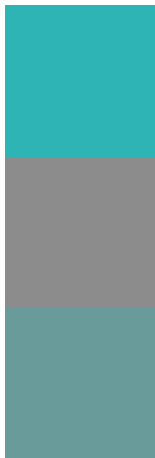
Deuteranomaly

155.1950, -31.4060, -3.5180

Tritanomaly

142.1670, -78.9020, -23.8140

Monochromacy



Original Color

140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850

Achromatopsia

140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

140.3490, -29.2040, -10.3880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 180, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 180, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 180, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 180, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 180, 181) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 180, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 180, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 180, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 180, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 180,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 140.3470, -79.5890, -27.8850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 180, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 180,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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