

Converting Colors

YIQ(141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(141.6720, 7.5160,
17.9800)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A080A4
RGB	160, 128, 164
RGB Percent	63%, 50%, 64%
CMY	0.3724, 0.4981, 0.3569
CMYK	0.02, 0.22, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	293°, 17%, 57%
HSV	293°, 22%, 64%
XYZ	28.9205, 25.5914, 38.5375
YIQ	141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

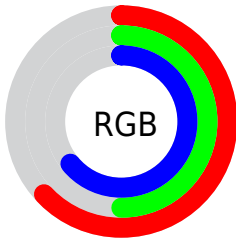
Format	Color
RYB	160, 128, 164
Decimal	10518692
CIELab	57.65, 18.85, -14.49
CIELCh	58, 23.782, 322.449
Yxy	25.5914, 0.3108, 0.2750
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288708772 (0xFFA080A4)
YUV	141.6720, 11.0077, 16.0737
Hunter-Lab	50.5879, 13.5175, -9.7552

Details

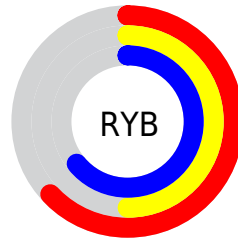
The YIQ color **141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **150.3280, -7.5160, -17.9800**, and the grayscale version is **142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.4980, 8.0660, 19.0260**, and **91.4330, 6.6910, 16.4110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131.6820, 10.7240, 25.9240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.6620, 4.3080, 10.0360**.

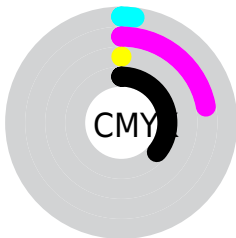
Distribution



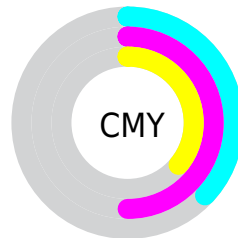
- Red (63%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 141.6720, 7.5160,
17.9800

■ 141.6720, 7.5160,
17.9800

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 116.2590, 7.2410,
17.4570

■ 195.4980, 8.0660,
19.0260

■ 91.4330, 6.6910,
16.4110

■ 223.9110, 8.3410,
19.5490

■ 67.4330, 6.6910,
16.4110

■ 244.4340, 4.9500,
9.4140

■ 44.6070, 6.1410,
15.3650

■ 23.7810, 5.5910,
14.3190

■ 5.7970, -0.5060,
9.1740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 141.6720, 7.5160,
17.9800

■ 141.6720, 7.5160,
17.9800

■ 131.6820, 10.7240,
25.9240

■ 151.6620, 4.3080,
10.0360

■ 121.1050, 14.2070,
34.3910

■ 162.2390, 0.8250,
1.5690

■ 111.4140, 18.0110,
42.5470

■ 171.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 100.8370, 21.4940,
51.0140

■ 182.5070, -6.4620,
-15.0540

■ 90.8470, 24.7020,
58.9580

■ 192.4970, -9.6700,
-22.9980

■ 80.8570, 27.9100,
66.9020

■ 202.4870,
-12.8780, -30.9420

70.2800, 31.3930,
75.3690

213.0640,
-16.3610, -39.4090

62.3500, 34.3720,
81.9560

220.7060,
-18.4690, -45.2610

221.0050,
-17.8730, -45.0490

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.4890, -14.0780, 12.8500



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



141.9420, 24.2510, 17.5550

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



137.5450, 25.9060, -6.9420



128.0310, -45.9840, -14.6560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



150.3280, -7.5160, -17.9800

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.0080, -29.9820, -18.3180



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



135.7170, 10.5020, -14.1220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



139.8330, 34.2030, 2.3870



132.9580, -9.3500, -17.7820



130.0020, -47.0400, -6.5280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



140.8410, 31.7250, 14.2610



132.9580, -9.3500, -17.7820



128.4290, -41.3530, -15.9850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



204.8960, 3.5290, 7.6330



134.4520, -12.6560, 9.1040



102.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800



179.9210, 11.5490, 27.4930



141.2720, 14.3940, 14.4740



76.4180, 1.8790, 4.4950



55.1010, 30.3390, 72.4430



6.8360, 3.7580, 8.9900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.2200, 20.1720, 8.8760



176.1290, 30.8540, 13.5260



150.7280, -14.3940, -14.4740



75.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



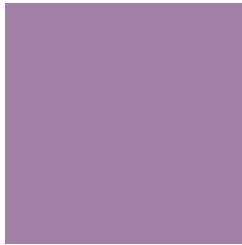
45.1790, 81.2840, 35.7160



5.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

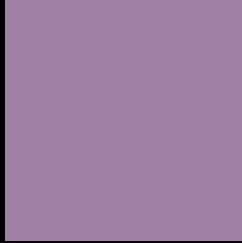
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 141.6720, 7.5160,

17.9800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800

Protanopia

138.9680, -14.1690, 8.9910

Deuteranopia

139.9860, -5.4120, 9.9800



Tritanopia

140.6150, 11.6900, 8.4100

Trichromacy



Original Color

141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800

Protanomaly

140.2680, -6.1460, 12.2700

Deuteranomaly

140.3180, -0.4150, 13.0330

Tritanomaly

141.2390, 9.9930, 11.6330

Monochromacy



Original Color

141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800

Achromatopsia

142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

142.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 128, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 128, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 128, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 128, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 128, 164) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 128, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 128, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 128, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 128, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 128,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 141.6720, 7.5160, 17.9800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 128, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
128, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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