

# Converting Colors

YIQ(141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(141.9020, 20.5870,  
-4.1570)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9F8B70
RGB	159, 139, 112
RGB Percent	62%, 55%, 44%
CMY	0.3764, 0.4549, 0.5607
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.30, 0.38
HSL	34°, 20%, 53%
HSV	34°, 30%, 62%
XYZ	26.4571, 27.0049, 19.1549
YIQ	141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

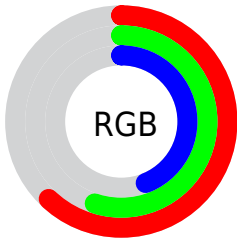
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 159, 112
Decimal	10455920
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.98, 3.28, 17.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 17.519, 79.205
Yxy	27.0049, 0.3643, 0.3719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288646000 (0xFF9F8B70)
YUV	141.9020, -14.7417, 14.9949
Hunter-Lab	51.9663, -0.0630, 14.5219

# Details

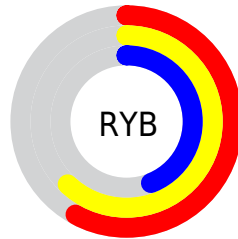
The YIQ color  $141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999966$ . A complement of this color would be  $129.0980, -20.5870, 4.1570$ , and the grayscale version is  $142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $195.3860, 22.1000, -4.0440$ , and  $91.5320, 18.7530, -3.9590$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $135.9690, 27.6480, -5.4720$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $147.8350, 13.5260, -2.8420$ .

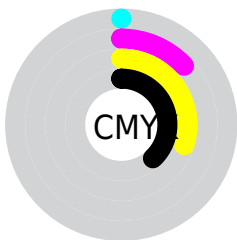
# Distribution



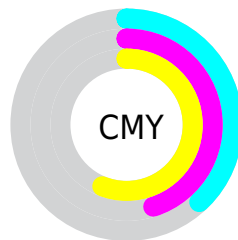
- Red (62%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 141.9020, 20.5870,  
-4.1570

■ 141.9020, 20.5870,  
-4.1570

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 116.3040, 19.3950,  
-4.5810

■ 195.3860, 22.1000,  
-4.0440

■ 91.5320, 18.7530,  
-3.9590

■ 223.5710, 23.0170,  
-4.1430

■ 68.0480, 17.2400,  
-4.0720

■ 247.3740, 13.2060,  
-8.0580

■ 45.5640, 15.7270,  
-4.1850

■ 254.0880, 2.5680,  
-2.4880

■ 24.5640, 15.7270,  
-4.1850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 141.9020, 20.5870,  
-4.1570

■ 141.9020, 20.5870,  
-4.1570

■ 135.9690, 27.6480,  
-5.4720

■ 147.8350, 13.5260,  
-2.8420

■ 130.0360, 34.7090,  
-6.7870

■ 153.7680, 6.4650,  
-1.5270

■ 124.6900, 41.4950,  
-8.6250

■ 159.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 118.7570, 48.5560,  
-9.9400

■ 165.0470, -7.3820,  
1.6260

■ 112.9380, 55.2960,  
-10.9440

■ 170.9800,  
-14.4430, 2.9410

■ 107.0050, 62.3570,  
-12.2590

■ 176.7990,  
-21.1830, 3.9450

■ 101.6590, 69.1430,  
-14.0970

■ 182.1450,  
-27.9690, 5.7830

■ 100.9580, 69.7390,

■ 188.0780,

-13.8850

-35.0300, 7.0980

■ 194.0110,  
-42.0910, 8.4130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.0540, 26.2710, 2.9670



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



140.1670, 9.3550, -9.8530

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



135.7510, -30.3960, -10.8120



144.3570, 3.8490, 12.8490

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



129.0980, -20.5870, 4.1570

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142.6370, -11.7390, 9.0050



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



137.0700, -32.5520, -4.7760

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



136.4440, -19.3460, -12.8340



139.7060, -25.3550, 2.4610



144.8870, 16.9160, 12.8200



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



139.2090, 0.3690, -12.1990



139.7060, -25.3550, 2.4610



143.9050, -0.6900, 12.5100

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



200.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250



128.3330, 21.5920, 16.1840



100.6970, 5.2270, -1.1170



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570



180.4810, 31.9580, -6.4900



152.7450, 13.2990, -15.2530



76.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190



90.8910, 62.6780, -12.5700



9.7680, 6.4650, -1.5270



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129.0980, -20.5870, 4.1570



160.5190, -31.9580, 6.4900



118.2550, -13.2990, 15.2530



74.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960



52.1090, -62.6780, 12.5700



5.8190, -6.7400, 1.0040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

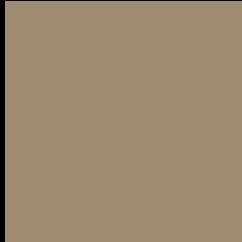
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

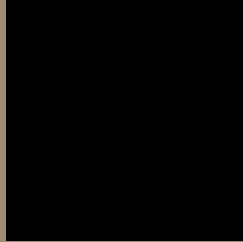
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 141.9020, 20.5870,

-4.1570.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

### Protanopia

141.3850, 14.6730, -7.1110

### Deuteranopia

142.3480, 25.2630, -0.7930



## Tritanopia

143.9250, 13.7530, 9.5690

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

## Protanomaly

141.6950, 16.7360, -5.9520

## Deuteranomaly

142.0380, 23.2000, -1.9520

## Tritanomaly

143.4320, 16.4590, 4.5790

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570

## Achromatopsia

142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

141.9530, 7.3820, -1.6260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 139, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 139, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 139, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 139, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 139, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 139, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 139, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 139, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 139, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 139,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 141.9020, 20.5870, -4.1570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 139, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
139, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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