

Converting Colors

YIQ(142.1940, -21.6380,
-15.3500)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500)
contains.

YIQ(142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(142.1940, -21.6380,
-15.3500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	709E8C
RGB	112, 158, 140
RGB Percent	44%, 62%, 55%
CMY	0.5609, 0.3803, 0.4510
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.11, 0.38
HSL	156°, 19%, 53%
HSV	156°, 29%, 62%
XYZ	23.6406, 29.7959, 29.3091
YIQ	142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

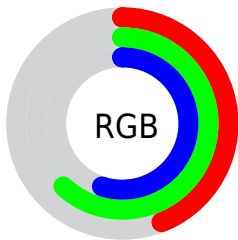
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 141, 158
Decimal	7380620
CIE _{Lab}	61.48, -19.51, 4.45
CIE _{LCh}	61, 20.012, 167.160
Yxy	29.7959, 0.2857, 0.3601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285570700 (0xFF709E8C)
YUV	142.1940, -1.0816, -26.4801
Hunter-Lab	54.5857, -18.2180, 6.3750

Details

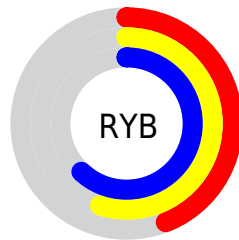
The YIQ color **142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **127.8060, 21.6380, 15.3500**, and the grayscale version is **142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196.4820, -22.5090, -16.0850**, and **91.0200, -21.0880, -14.3040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136.7260, -29.2480, -20.6080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147.6620, -14.0280, -10.0920**.

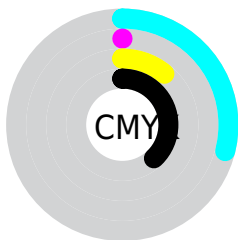
Distribution



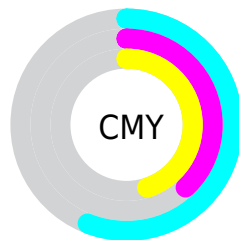
- Red (44%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 142.1940,
-21.6380, -15.3500

■ 142.1940,
-21.6380, -15.3500

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 116.4930,
-21.0420, -15.1380

■ 196.3680,
-22.1880, -16.3960

■ 91.0200, -21.0880,
-14.3040

■ 224.0690,
-22.7840, -16.6080

■ 67.1340, -21.4090,
-13.9930

■ 243.9650,
-19.2550, -8.9750

■ 43.5360, -22.6010,
-14.4170

■ 253.2060, -3.5760,
-1.2720

■ 24.4550, -17.8790,
-11.8870

■ 5.8700, -2.7500,
-5.2300

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 142.1940,
-21.6380, -15.3500

■ 142.1940,
-21.6380, -15.3500

■ 136.7260,
-29.2480, -20.6080

■ 147.6620,
-14.0280, -10.0920

■ 131.2580,
-36.8580, -25.8660

■ 153.1300, -6.4180,
-4.8340

■ 125.9750,
-43.5510, -31.2230

■ 158.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 120.5070,
-51.1610, -36.4810

■ 163.8810, 7.8850,
5.7810

■ 115.0390,
-58.7710, -41.7390

■ 169.3490, 15.4950,
11.0390

■ 109.5710,
-66.3810, -46.9970

■ 174.8170, 23.1050,
16.2970

■ 104.1030,
-73.9910, -52.2550

■ 180.2850, 30.7150,
21.5550

■ 103.6900,
-74.2660, -52.7780

■ 185.5680, 37.4080,
26.9120

■ 191.0360, 45.0180,
32.1700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144.2900, -4.3530, -14.7290



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



141.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



149.1960, -14.8110, 9.6130



149.7340, 30.1680, 3.9280

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



127.8060, 21.6380, 15.3500

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



150.9930, 28.2410, 11.3210



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



151.5250, 3.4360, 14.8280

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



145.2540, -29.8940, 2.1220



151.8380, 18.6120, 15.1240



148.6420, 24.2550, -4.5530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



141.0260, -38.4200, -8.5640



151.8380, 18.6120, 15.1240



150.3150, 30.0300, 6.4300

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



200.4070, -8.7560, -6.5160



144.3840, -1.9220, -20.2420



100.8420, -5.5470, -4.0990



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500



181.8670, -34.1990, -24.4950



141.3110, -26.0410, -7.1370



76.2660, -3.8050, -2.6290



93.8590, -67.2520, -47.7320



9.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.8060, 21.6380, 15.3500



159.1330, 34.1990, 24.4950



128.6890, 26.0410, 7.1370



73.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290



49.1410, 67.2520, 47.7320



5.1690, 7.0140, 5.0460

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

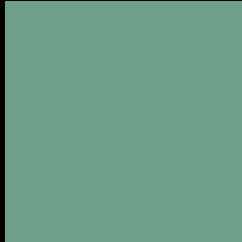
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

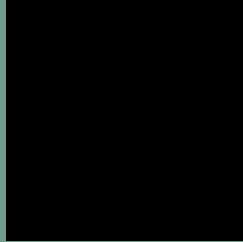
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500.



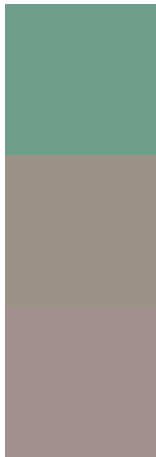
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500.

-15.3500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500

Protanopia

147.6110, 8.3450, -2.5590

Deuteranopia

149.2790, 12.5160, 4.4520



Tritanopia

144.7180, -25.6290, -3.5890

Trichromacy



Original Color

142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500

Protanomaly

145.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090

Deuteranomaly

146.4190, 0.1380, -2.5020

Tritanomaly

143.5670, -23.8860, -7.6460

Monochromacy



Original Color

142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500

Achromatopsia

142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

142.1190, -7.8850, -5.7810

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 158, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 158, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 158, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 158, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 158, 140) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 158, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 158, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 158, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 158, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 158,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 142.1940, -21.6380, -15.3500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 158, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
158, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor