

# Converting Colors

YIQ(142.4540, -16.1380,  
-4.8900)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(142.4540, -16.1380,  
-4.8900)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C9698
RGB	124, 150, 152
RGB Percent	49%, 59%, 60%
CMY	0.5138, 0.4117, 0.4040
CMYK	0.18, 0.01, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	184°, 12%, 54%
HSV	184°, 18%, 60%
XYZ	24.8842, 28.3666, 33.8623
YIQ	142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

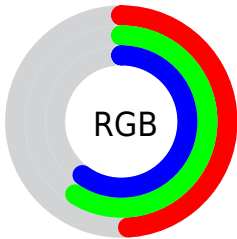
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	124, 137, 152
Decimal	8165016
CIELab	60.22, -8.66, -4.09
CIELCh	60, 9.582, 205.280
Yxy	28.3666, 0.2857, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286355096 (0xFF7C9698)
YUV	142.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842
Hunter-Lab	53.2603, -9.8071, -0.4138

# Details

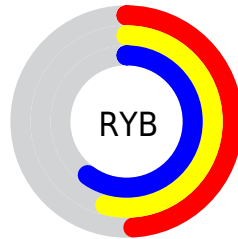
The YIQ color  $142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669999$ . A complement of this color would be  $133.5460, 16.1380, 4.8900$ , and the grayscale version is  $142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $196.1550, -16.7340, -5.1020$ , and  $92.0520, -14.9460, -4.4660$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $137.3820, -24.8030, -7.5470$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $147.5260, -7.4730, -2.2330$ .

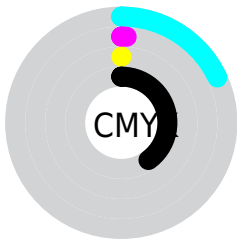
# Distribution



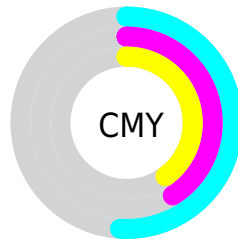
- Red (49%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 142.4540,  
-16.1380, -4.8900

■ 142.4540,  
-16.1380, -4.8900

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 116.7530,  
-15.5420, -4.6780

■ 196.1550,  
-16.7340, -5.1020

■ 91.7530, -15.5420,  
-4.6780

■ 224.1550,  
-16.7340, -5.1020

■ 68.0520, -14.9460,  
-4.4660

■ 248.4220,  
-13.1120, -4.6640

■ 45.9380, -14.6250,  
-4.7770

■ 24.0520, -14.9460,  
-4.4660

■ 2.4280, -4.0810,  
2.3750

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 142.4540,  
-16.1380, -4.8900

■ 142.4540,  
-16.1380, -4.8900

■ 137.3820,  
-24.8030, -7.5470

■ 147.5260, -7.4730,  
-2.2330

■ 132.3100,  
-33.4680, -10.2040

■ 152.5980, 1.1920,  
0.4240

■ 126.9390,  
-42.7290, -13.0730

■ 157.9690, 10.4530,  
3.2930

■ 121.8670,  
-51.3940, -15.7300

■ 163.0410, 19.1180,  
5.9500

■ 116.7950,  
-60.0590, -18.3870

■ 168.1130, 27.7830,  
8.6070

■ 111.7230,  
-68.7240, -21.0440

■ 173.1850, 36.4480,  
11.2640

■ 106.6510,  
-77.3890, -23.7010

■ 178.8440, 44.8380,  
13.3980

■ 100.6930,  
-86.3750, -26.0470

■ 184.2150, 54.0990,  
16.2670

■ 100.0950,  
-87.5670, -26.4710

■ 187.4930, 59.1880,  
17.6520

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142.3250, -11.4610, -7.0530



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



143.5620, -16.3220, -1.5540

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



146.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220



145.1660, 11.0960, -2.8560

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



133.5460, 16.1380, 4.8900

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.9540, 14.8090, 1.4410



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



147.3760, 10.8650, 6.8410

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



145.5360, -4.2650, 5.7110



146.6490, 14.3500, 4.2540



144.1650, 3.6690, -5.9230



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



144.1110, -13.4340, 1.1740



146.6490, 14.3500, 4.2540



145.2910, 12.2420, -1.5980

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



192.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320



140.6640, -8.3420, -14.0220



96.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



99.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



181.3820, -24.8030, -7.5470



134.2360, -12.2880, 2.4320



74.0210, -4.4930, -1.1730



92.2700, -80.6900, -24.4500



8.5260, -7.4730, -2.2330



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135.3360, 8.3420, 14.0220



170.4170, 12.7880, 21.5560



141.7640, 12.2880, -2.4320



72.1900, 2.5210, 3.8730



56.6800, 41.7100, 70.1100



5.2550, 3.8960, 6.4880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

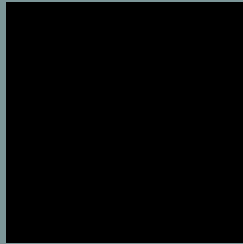
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900.



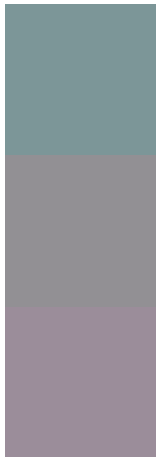
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900.

-4.8900.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

### Protanopia

145.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

### Deuteranopia

146.6680, 4.1710, 7.0110



## Tritanopia

143.4910, -17.5600, -1.1440

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

## Protanomaly

143.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

## Deuteranomaly

145.0260, -2.8890, 2.7990

## Tritanomaly

142.8500, -17.1930, -2.2890

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

## Achromatopsia

142.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

142.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 150, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 150, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 150, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 150, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 150, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 150, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 150, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 150, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 150, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 150,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 142.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 150, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
150, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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