

Converting Colors

YIQ(142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(142.9170, 59.7890,
-9.7710)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C2853C
RGB	194, 133, 60
RGB Percent	76%, 52%, 24%
CMY	0.2391, 0.4785, 0.7644
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.69, 0.24
HSL	33°, 53%, 50%
HSV	33°, 69%, 76%
XYZ	31.4562, 28.5677, 8.1416
YIQ	142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

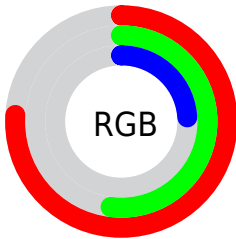
Format	Color
R_{YB}	172, 194, 60
Decimal	12748092
CIE _{Lab}	60.40, 16.55, 47.46
CIE _{LCh}	60, 50.266, 70.775
Yxy	28.5677, 0.4615, 0.4191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290938172 (0xFFC2853C)
YUV	142.9170, -40.8781, 44.7998
Hunter-Lab	53.4488, 11.5174, 28.3828

Details

The YIQ color **142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **111.0830, -59.7890, 9.7710**, and the grayscale version is **143.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197.7820, 64.6030, -8.9090**, and **90.0690, 56.3050, -12.7110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.4680, 68.3630, -10.9730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.3660, 51.2150, -8.5690**.

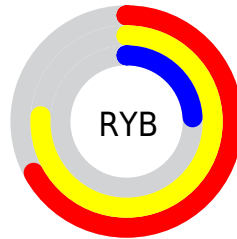
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (52%)

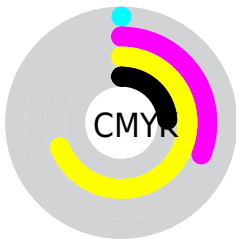
Blue (24%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (24%)

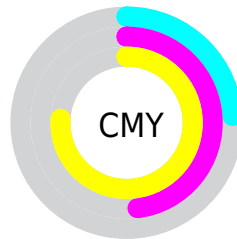


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 142.9170, 59.7890,
-9.7710

■ 142.9170, 59.7890,
-9.7710

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 116.7210, 57.4050,
-10.6190

■ 197.7820, 64.6030,
-8.9090

■ 90.0690, 56.3050,
-12.7110

■ 217.4810, 49.1530,
-15.2550

■ 67.5120, 47.8680,
-8.4840

■ 236.9950, 32.7860,
-21.5020

■ 46.2260, 37.2300,
-2.9140

■ 247.7040, 20.5440,
-19.9040

■ 26.1250, 27.5090,
2.5570

■ 251.0100, 11.2350,
-10.8850

■ 9.3830, 18.1550,
6.8830

■ 254.3160, 1.9260,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-1.8660

0.0000

■ 142.9170, 59.7890,
-9.7710

■ 142.9170, 59.7890,
-9.7710

■ 135.4680, 68.3630,
-10.9730

■ 150.3660, 51.2150,
-8.5690

■ 127.9050, 77.2580,
-12.4860

■ 157.9290, 42.3200,
-7.0560

■ 120.4560, 85.8320,
-13.6880

■ 165.3780, 33.7460,
-5.8540

■ 120.2280, 86.4740,
-14.3100

■ 172.3540, 25.1260,
-3.8180

■ 179.8030, 16.5520,
-2.6160

■ 187.2520, 7.9780,
-1.4140

■ 194.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 202.2640, -9.4910,
1.3010

■ 209.8270,
-18.3860, 2.8140

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144.1320, 70.3300, 13.9620



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



139.2630, 34.6670, -28.0610

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



116.9700, -97.8810, -37.7930



149.3620, -2.5740, 35.6500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



111.0830, -59.7890, 9.7710

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



140.0820, -58.0480, 16.7680



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



120.4700, -110.4920, -23.9960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



117.4290, -68.8570, -46.1770



118.8520, -116.9590, -11.4150



148.6090, 39.3310, 41.6270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



136.0580, 10.1390, -35.0850



118.8520, -116.9590, -11.4150



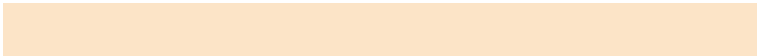
147.9300, -19.0330, 31.0710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



231.8700, 23.6130, -3.9310



107.2480, 59.6410, 48.0010



115.5470, 14.3970, -2.1070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710



172.4090, 93.2140, -15.3140



177.5280, 40.6300, -42.5220



92.9250, 4.5850, -0.4950



99.2080, 72.0310, -11.3690



20.4330, 14.7180, -2.4180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111.0830, -59.7890, 9.7710



122.5910, -93.2140, 15.3140



76.7710, -40.0340, 42.7340



91.0750, -4.5850, 0.4950



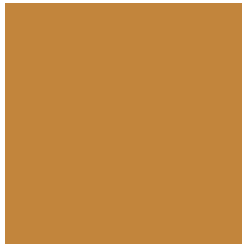
61.2050, -71.7560, 11.8920



12.5670, -14.7180, 2.4180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

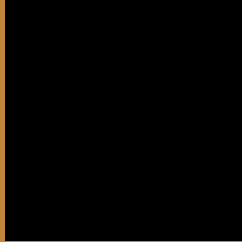
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710.

-9.7710.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710

Protanopia

141.4360, 35.8580, -22.1100

Deuteranopia

142.6230, 51.6290, -16.0750



Tritanopia

148.1520, 41.2150, 18.4870

Trichromacy



Original Color

142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710

Protanomaly

141.9750, 44.7060, -17.2620

Deuteranomaly

142.7590, 54.2420, -13.8700

Tritanomaly

146.2370, 47.8650, 8.0970

Monochromacy



Original Color

142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710

Achromatopsia

143.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

142.9130, 22.0540, -3.2100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(194, 133, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(194, 133, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(194, 133, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(194, 133, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(194, 133, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(194, 133, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(194, 133, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(194, 133, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 133, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(194, 133,  
60) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 142.9170, 59.7890, -9.7710 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(194, 133, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(194,  
133, 60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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