

Converting Colors

YIQ(143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(143.2590, -1.9270,
7.3930)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	928B9E
RGB	146, 139, 158
RGB Percent	57%, 55%, 62%
CMY	0.4274, 0.4549, 0.3804
CMYK	0.08, 0.12, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	262°, 9%, 58%
HSV	262°, 12%, 62%
XYZ	27.2586, 27.0445, 36.1286
YIQ	143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

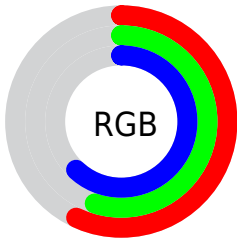
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 139, 158
Decimal	9603998
CIE Lab	59.02, 6.39, -9.12
CIE LCh	59, 11.137, 304.995
Yxy	27.0445, 0.3014, 0.2991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287794078 (0xFF928B9E)
YUV	143.2590, 7.2673, 2.4039
Hunter-Lab	52.0043, 2.5551, -4.7871

Details

The YIQ color $143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $153.7410, 1.9270, -7.3930$, and the grayscale version is $143.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $196.7860, -1.9730, 8.2270$, and $92.8460, -2.2020, 6.8700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $130.8770, -3.4870, 13.6410$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $155.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450$.

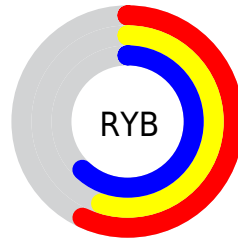
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (55%)

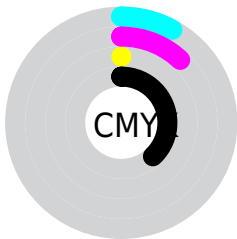
Blue (62%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (62%)

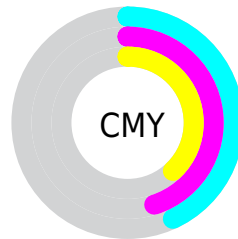


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 143.2590, -1.9270,
7.3930

■ 143.2590, -1.9270,
7.3930

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 117.8460, -2.2020,
6.8700

■ 196.7860, -1.9730,
8.2270

■ 92.8460, -2.2020,
6.8700

■ 224.7860, -1.9730,
8.2270

■ 69.6180, -1.5600,
6.2480

■ 251.4780, 1.6500,
3.1380

■ 47.2050, -1.8350,
5.7250

■ 26.2050, -1.8350,
5.7250

■ 1.9380, -5.4570,
5.2870

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 143.2590, -1.9270,
7.3930

■ 143.2590, -1.9270,
7.3930

■ 130.8770, -3.4870,
13.6410

■ 155.6410, -0.3670,
1.1450

■ 118.4950, -5.0470,
19.8890

■ 168.0230, 1.1930,
-5.1030

■ 106.7000, -6.8820,
25.6140

■ 179.8180, 3.0280,
-10.8280

■ 94.3180, -8.4420,
31.8620

■ 192.2000, 4.5880,
-17.0760

■ 81.9360, -10.0020,
38.1100

■ 204.5820, 6.1480,
-23.3240

■ 69.5540, -11.5620,
44.3580

■ 216.9640, 7.7080,
-29.5720

■ 57.1720, -13.1220,
50.6060

■ 229.3460, 9.2680,
-35.8200

■ 45.3770, -14.9570,
56.3310

■ 235.2710, 13.8530,
-36.3150

■ 35.3540, -16.1500,
61.4340

■ 238.2610, 19.8130,
-34.1950

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141.7740, -10.8670, 4.2130



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



143.5760, 7.4260, 8.5940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



142.7860, 15.2220, -0.5380



138.7590, -15.6790, -7.7030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



153.7410, 1.9270, -7.3930

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139.1250, -8.0220, -8.8060



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



141.6280, 9.6750, -4.6370

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



143.2040, 17.1010, 3.9570



140.4420, 1.3310, -7.6050



138.7140, -19.8060, -4.4940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



143.8000, 12.6070, 8.3110



140.4420, 1.3310, -7.6050



139.0150, -13.5240, -8.2120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



199.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350



148.2100, -9.3990, -0.3670



100.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930



184.2960, -3.3490, 11.1390



145.9500, 3.4370, 9.3010



72.8090, -0.7800, 3.1240



32.1490, -14.3150, 55.7090



3.5040, -1.2390, 5.9370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146.0490, 7.4720, 7.7600



188.7230, 11.5060, 11.7460



151.0500, -3.4370, -9.3010



73.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



53.0170, 56.3380, 58.3060



5.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

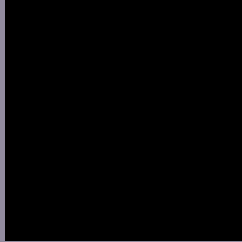
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 143.2590, -1.9270,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

Protanopia

142.4540, -6.9700, 5.1740

Deuteranopia

143.2700, -0.4600, 8.3400



Tritanopia

142.7490, -0.5510, 4.4810

Trichromacy



Original Color

143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

Protanomaly

142.7640, -4.9070, 6.3330

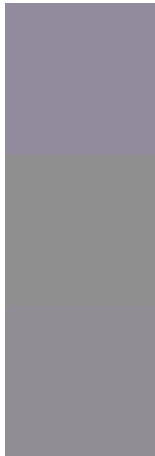
Deuteranomaly

142.9710, -1.0560, 8.1280

Tritanomaly

143.0910, -1.5140, 5.4140

Monochromacy



Original Color

143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

Achromatopsia

143.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

143.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 139, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 139, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 139, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 139, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 139, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 139, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 139, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 139, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 139, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 139,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 143.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 139, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
139, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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