

Converting Colors

YIQ(143.5640, -19.8040,
-15.5480)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(143.5640, -19.8040,
-15.5480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	739F8B
RGB	115, 159, 139
RGB Percent	45%, 62%, 55%
CMY	0.5491, 0.3764, 0.4550
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.13, 0.38
HSL	153°, 19%, 54%
HSV	153°, 28%, 62%
XYZ	24.1266, 30.3090, 28.9986
YIQ	143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

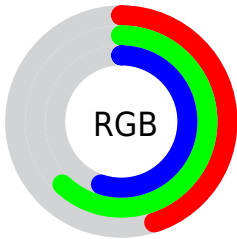
Format	Color
RYB	115, 143, 159
Decimal	7577483
CIELab	61.92, -19.28, 5.67
CIELCh	62, 20.093, 163.617
Yxy	30.3090, 0.2892, 0.3633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285767563 (0xFF739F8B)
YUV	143.5640, -2.2501, -25.0506
Hunter-Lab	55.0536, -18.1183, 7.3076

Details

The YIQ color **143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **130.4360, 19.8040, 15.5480**, and the grayscale version is **144.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197.7380, -20.3540, -16.5940**, and **92.3900, -19.2540, -14.5020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137.9820, -27.0930, -21.1170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149.1460, -12.5150, -9.9790**.

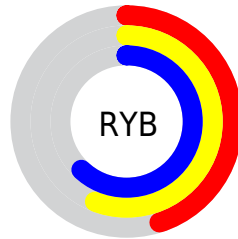
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (62%)

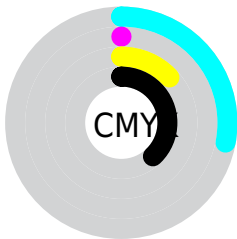
Blue (55%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

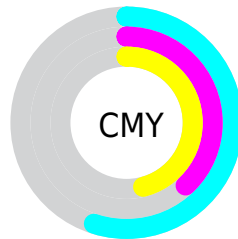


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 143.5640,
-19.8040, -15.5480

■ 143.5640,
-19.8040, -15.5480

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 117.9770,
-19.5290, -15.0250

■ 197.7380,
-20.3540, -16.5940

■ 92.3900, -19.2540,
-14.5020

■ 225.4390,
-20.9500, -16.8060

■ 68.5040, -19.5750,
-14.1910

■ 245.0470,
-16.5500, -8.4380

■ 45.3190, -20.4920,
-14.0920

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 24.9280, -17.8330,
-12.7210

■ 7.6310, -3.5750,
-6.7990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 143.5640,
-19.8040, -15.5480

■ 143.5640,
-19.8040, -15.5480

■ 137.9820,
-27.0930, -21.1170

■ 149.1460,
-12.5150, -9.9790

■ 132.4000,
-34.3820, -26.6860

■ 154.7280, -5.2260,
-4.4100

■ 126.7040,
-41.3500, -32.5660

■ 160.4240, 1.7420,
1.4700

■ 121.1220,
-48.6390, -38.1350

■ 166.0060, 9.0310,
7.0390

■ 115.5400,
-55.9280, -43.7040

■ 171.2890, 15.7240,
12.3960

■ 110.2570,
-62.6210, -49.0610

■ 176.8710, 23.0130,
17.9650

■ 104.5610,
-69.5890, -54.9410

■ 182.5670, 29.9810,
23.8450

■ 103.2510,
-71.6520, -56.1000

■ 188.1490, 37.2700,
29.4140

■ 192.8340, 42.7710,
34.3470

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.6600, -2.5190, -14.9270



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



142.3160, -33.6050, -13.2290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



149.7120, -16.3240, 9.5000



151.2610, 30.1220, 4.7620

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



130.4360, 19.8040, 15.5480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.2210, 27.5990, 11.9430



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



152.0410, 1.9230, 14.7150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



145.9440, -31.9570, 0.9630



152.7670, 17.3740, 15.5340



149.7670, 25.4010, -3.2950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



142.2000, -38.9700, -9.6100



152.7670, 17.3740, 15.5340



151.2550, 30.2590, 7.7870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



201.0050, -7.5640, -6.0920



147.1070, 0.4160, -18.5600



101.1410, -4.9510, -3.8870



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480



182.8350, -31.1730, -24.2690



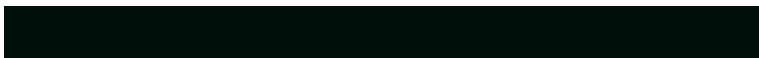
145.2570, -25.9490, -8.8050



76.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



92.8330, -64.3630, -50.5310



9.7170, -6.6930, -5.3570

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130.4360, 19.8040, 15.5480



162.1650, 31.1730, 24.2690



128.7430, 25.9490, 8.8050



73.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



50.1670, 64.3630, 50.5310



5.2830, 6.6930, 5.3570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480.



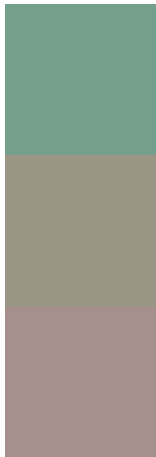
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 143.5640, -19.8040,

-15.5480.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480

Protanopia

148.9700, 8.7120, -3.7040

Deuteranopia

150.3500, 13.7540, 4.0420



Tritanopia

146.2020, -24.1160, -3.4760

Trichromacy



Original Color

143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480

Protanomaly

147.0610, -1.9700, -8.3540

Deuteranomaly

147.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120

Tritanomaly

145.0510, -22.3730, -7.5330

Monochromacy



Original Color

143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480

Achromatopsia

144.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

143.4180, -7.2890, -5.5690

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 159, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 159, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 159, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 159, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

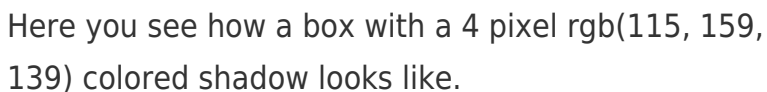
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 159, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 159, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 159, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 159, 139); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 159, 139); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 159, 139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 143.5640, -19.8040, -15.5480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 159, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
159, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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