

Converting Colors

YIQ(143.5950, 21.3280,
-45.1360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(143.5950, 21.3280,
-45.1360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88A72B
RGB	136, 167, 43
RGB Percent	53%, 65%, 17%
CMY	0.4668, 0.3450, 0.8312
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.74, 0.35
HSL	75°, 59%, 41%
HSV	75°, 74%, 65%
XYZ	24.4050, 33.0479, 7.3825
YIQ	143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

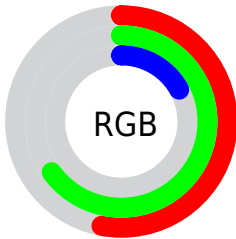
Format	Color
RYB	43, 167, 74
Decimal	8955691
CIELab	64.20, -27.89, 56.72
CIELCh	64, 63.208, 116.184
Yxy	33.0479, 0.3764, 0.5097
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287145771 (0xFF88A72B)
YUV	143.5950, -49.5933, -6.6608
Hunter-Lab	57.4873, -24.8243, 32.6271

Details

The YIQ color **143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **66.4050, -21.3280, 45.1360**, and the grayscale version is **144.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198.8940, 21.9240, -44.9240**, and **92.0230, 17.2470, -42.7610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140.4610, 24.4010, -51.2710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146.7290, 18.2550, -39.0010**.

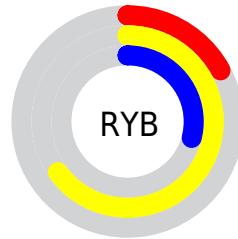
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (65%)

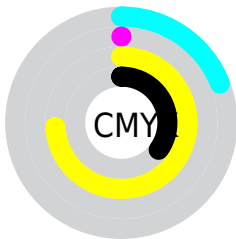
Blue (17%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (29%)

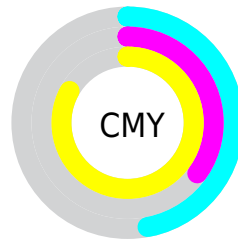


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (74%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 143.5950, 21.3280,
-45.1360

■ 143.5950, 21.3280,
-45.1360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 116.0420, 24.2630,
-48.7690

■ 198.8940, 21.9240,
-44.9240

■ 92.0230, 17.2470,
-42.7610

■ 227.6660, 22.5660,
-45.5460

■ 69.5740, 8.6260,
-35.1980

■ 242.0620, 30.6790,
-32.8810

■ 47.7010, -1.7370,
-29.1050

■ 246.4500, 24.0750,
-23.3250

■ 25.8280, -12.1000,
-23.0120

■ 249.6420, 15.0870,
-14.6170

■ 13.5010, -6.3250,
-12.0290

■ 252.9480, 5.7780,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-5.5980

0.0000

■ 143.5950, 21.3280,
-45.1360

■ 143.5950, 21.3280,
-45.1360

■ 140.4610, 24.4010,
-51.2710

■ 146.7290, 18.2550,
-39.0010

■ 137.4410, 27.1530,
-57.0950

■ 149.7490, 15.5030,
-33.1770

■ 135.4040, 28.5750,
-60.8410

■ 153.1820, 13.0260,
-26.8300

■ 156.3160, 9.9530,
-20.6950

■ 159.4500, 6.8800,
-14.5600

■ 162.4700, 4.1280,
-8.7360

■ 165.6040, 1.0550,
-2.6010

■ 168.7380, -2.0180,
3.5340

■ 172.0570, -4.1740,
9.5700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



148.3510, 63.5980, -29.2500



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



130.4900, -44.4640, -53.2320

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



132.2850, -128.6040, -15.1320



154.3310, 69.7730, 51.6050

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



66.4050, -21.3280, 45.1360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159.7020, 26.3080, 51.8760



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



125.3380, -126.9550, -6.4670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



130.0900, -115.5340, -31.7420



156.3550, -36.2270, 34.3090



151.4800, 87.5660, 31.9980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



120.7250, -90.5420, -55.1660



156.3550, -36.2270, 34.3090



156.4530, 57.8060, 53.7260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



207.9400, 8.2560, -17.4720



98.2730, 65.3790, 10.0750



104.6010, 5.1370, -10.5030



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360



180.3470, 32.7490, -70.4110



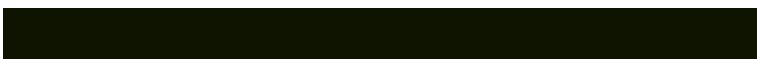
125.0570, -15.6240, -58.2800



82.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120



120.0650, 25.4560, -53.8720



16.2250, 3.4400, -7.2800

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.4050, -21.3280, 45.1360



60.3540, -33.3450, 70.1990



84.9430, 15.6240, 58.2800



77.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120



27.9350, -25.4560, 53.8720



3.7750, -3.4400, 7.2800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 143.5950, 21.3280,

-45.1360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360

Protanopia

148.1580, 47.9640, -32.2600

Deuteranopia

150.1090, 58.8280, -19.8920



Tritanopia

155.2750, -8.0240, 2.2480

Trichromacy



Original Color

143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360

Protanomaly

146.4340, 38.1990, -37.0090

Deuteranomaly

147.5970, 45.3500, -28.9380

Tritanomaly

150.9980, 2.3410, -14.8990

Monochromacy



Original Color

143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360

Achromatopsia

144.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

143.5810, 7.8890, -16.3270

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 167, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 167, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 167, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 167, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 167, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 167, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 167, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 167, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 167, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 167,  
43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 143.5950, 21.3280, -45.1360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 167, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
167, 43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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