

Converting Colors

YIQ(144.4880, -65.0630,
17.2490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(144.4880, -65.0630,
17.2490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 5D97F6 |
| RGB | 93, 151, 246 |
| RGB Percent | 36%, 59%, 96% |
| CMY | 0.6353, 0.4077, 0.0356 |
| CMYK | 0.62, 0.39, 0.00, 0.04 |
| HSL | 217°, 89%, 66% |
| HSV | 217°, 62%, 96% |
| XYZ | 32.2043, 31.1159, 91.4293 |
| YIQ | 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

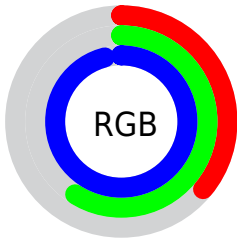
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _{YB} | 93, 135, 246 |
| Decimal | 6133750 |
| CIE Lab | 62.61, 9.76, -53.16 |
| CIE LCh | 63, 54.047, 280.402 |
| Yxy | 31.1159, 0.2081, 0.2011 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284323830 (0xFF5D97F6) |
| YUV | 144.4880, 50.0454, -45.1550 |
| Hunter-Lab | 55.7816, 5.4353, -58.1326 |

Details

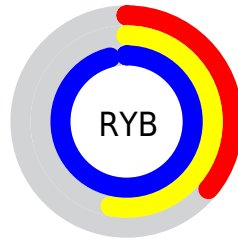
The YIQ color **144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **194.5120, 65.0630, -17.2490**, and the grayscale version is **144.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.7500, -45.8500, 4.9500**, and **80.8330, -88.4440, 5.9560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128.2080, -75.8380, 19.7940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160.7680, -54.2880, 14.7040**.

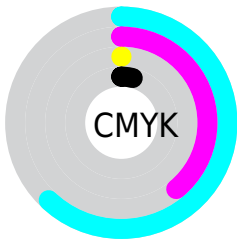
Distribution



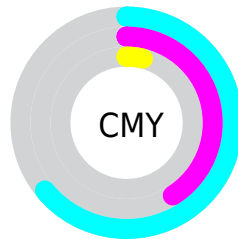
- Red (36%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 144.4880,
-65.0630, 17.2490

■ 144.4880,
-65.0630, 17.2490

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 115.4550,
-69.4640, 14.4080

■ 195.7500,
-45.8500, 4.9500

■ 80.8330, -88.4440,
5.9560

■ 221.1560,
-35.6700, -3.3340

■ 63.6670, -73.1770,
10.1110

■ 243.0400,
-23.8400, -8.4800

■ 47.6750, -58.4600,
13.2200

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 32.9710, -44.6140,
15.5940

■ 17.2070, -30.5390,
19.3250

■ 10.3620, -20.9100,

15.5220

■ 5.3920, -12.4270,
10.4610

■ 2.1830, -4.7690,
3.8310

■ 144.4880,
-65.0630, 17.2490

■ 144.4880,
-65.0630, 17.2490

■ 128.2080,
-75.8380, 19.7940

■ 160.7680,
-54.2880, 14.7040

■ 112.2270,
-86.0170, 22.5510

■ 177.3360,
-44.3840, 11.4240

■ 95.3600, -96.5170,
25.6190

■ 193.6160,
-33.6090, 8.8790

■ 82.6350,
-104.5410, 27.8670

■ 209.5970,
-23.4300, 6.1220

■ 225.8770,
-12.6550, 3.5770

■ 242.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 253.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

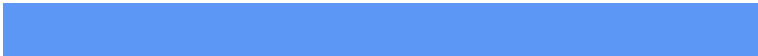
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.3290, -122.7360, -11.3440



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



155.7580, -3.6290, 38.2510

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



149.5950, 76.3360, 15.2480



114.8890, -85.1320, -54.0920

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



194.5120, 65.0630, -17.2490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.7680, -3.8440, -40.4840



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



148.0270, 65.2910, -10.3650

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



150.7740, 69.3630, 37.0030



144.5360, 38.1520, -30.6480



121.7630, -101.7320, -39.5880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



155.4430, 28.2350, 44.4830



144.5360, 38.1520, -30.6480



130.2440, -43.4110, -44.7790

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



223.0380, -20.3580, 5.5140



193.5270, -72.2490, -50.7850



107.8770, -12.6550, 3.5770



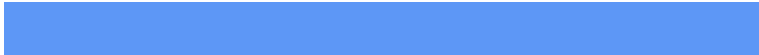
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490



128.0380, -81.1110, 21.7450



115.8240, -38.3850, 51.3990



114.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



62.8810, -79.2310, 20.7130



19.6400, -24.9890, 6.8430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145.3590, 72.5700, 50.4740



129.3170, 90.7240, 62.8840



223.1760, 38.3850, -51.3990



114.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



63.7080, 88.0650, 61.5130



20.1490, 28.1020, 19.3500

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

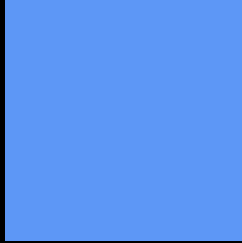
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

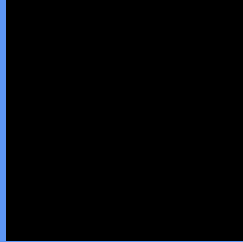
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

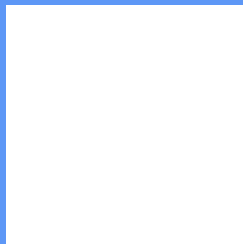
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 144.4880, -65.0630,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490

Protanopia

148.0770, -50.4840, 22.8600

Deuteranopia

144.1890, -65.6590, 17.0370



Tritanopia

134.9020, -67.6700, -18.1180

Trichromacy



Original Color

144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490

Protanomaly

146.3860, -55.8480, 20.9520

Deuteranomaly

144.1890, -65.6590, 17.0370

Tritanomaly

138.2910, -66.8470, -5.4950

Monochromacy



Original Color

144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490

Achromatopsia

144.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

144.2980, -24.0260, 5.9100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 151, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 151, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 151, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 151, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 151, 246) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 151, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 151, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 151, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 151, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 151,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 144.4880, -65.0630, 17.2490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 151, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 151,  
246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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