

Converting Colors

YIQ(145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510)
contains.

YIQ(145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(145.0530, 3.9310,
66.4510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE65FE
RGB	190, 101, 254
RGB Percent	75%, 40%, 100%
CMY	0.2546, 0.6041, 0.0040
CMYK	0.25, 0.60, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	275°, 99%, 70%
HSV	275°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	43.7900, 27.4115, 96.7269
YIQ	145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

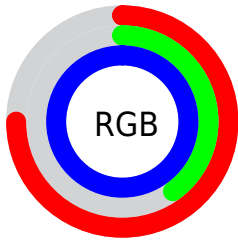
Format	Color
R _Y B	190, 101, 254
Decimal	12477950
CIE Lab	59.35, 61.37, -62.34
CIE LCh	59, 87.484, 314.552
Yxy	27.4115, 0.2608, 0.1632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290668030 (0xFFBE65FE)
YUV	145.0530, 53.7109, 39.4185
Hunter-Lab	52.3560, 57.6727, -72.8882

Details

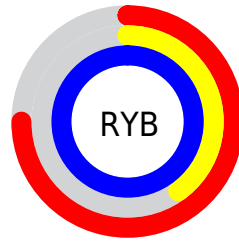
The YIQ color **145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. A complement of this color would be **209.9470, -3.9310, -66.4510**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.3920, 24.2450, 50.7170**, and **88.8140, 3.1060, 64.8820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.0890, 4.2500, 77.1940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.0170, 3.6120, 55.7080**.

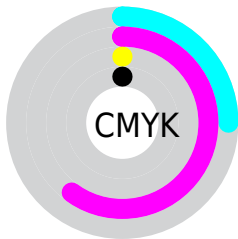
Distribution



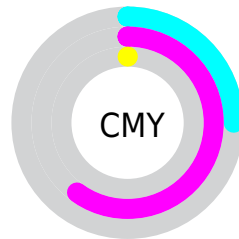
- Red (75%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

145.0530, 3.9310,
66.4510

145.0530, 3.9310,
66.4510

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

117.2270, 3.3810,
65.4050

195.3920, 24.2450,
50.7170

88.8140, 3.1060,
64.8820

213.3230, 19.5250,
37.1330

56.2320, 4.9850,
69.3770

229.7590, 11.8250,
22.4890

38.4990, -0.5610,
59.7510

247.3690, 3.5750,
6.7990

26.2660, -10.6910,
45.0930

13.8480, -21.7380,
30.5340

7.4100, -20.8650,

20.2150

■ 6.5490, -14.3070,
11.4930

■ 2.8670, -6.6950,
5.6970

■ 145.0530, 3.9310,
66.4510

■ 145.0530, 3.9310,
66.4510

■ 127.0890, 4.2500,
77.1940

■ 163.0170, 3.6120,
55.7080

■ 108.8370, 5.4400,
88.6720

■ 181.2690, 2.4220,
44.2300

■ 90.8730, 5.7590,
99.4150

■ 199.2330, 2.1030,
33.4870

■ 73.2080, 6.6740,
110.3700

■ 217.7840, 1.5090,
22.2210

 235.4490, 0.5940,
11.2660

 253.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

254.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



111.2500, -120.3550, 6.0850



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



125.6250, 79.0740, 86.8020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



134.6700, 87.8050, -21.9150



123.8320, -106.1800, -36.0680

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



209.9470, -3.9310, -66.4510

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



112.8370, -79.3540, -59.6900



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



130.1980, 41.3190, -49.5050

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



128.7170, 117.0950, 19.9670



104.0200, -32.5380, -82.1540



130.0510, -127.8250, -12.7290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



106.3100, 101.7700, 82.9700



104.0200, -32.5380, -82.1540



120.1670, -97.2380, -43.9420

Sweetspot

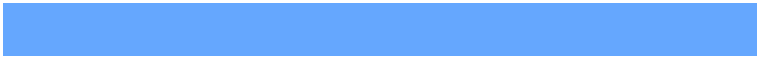
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



222.3170, 1.3260, 20.0300



157.1840, -67.2630, 13.0650



107.3890, 0.8230, 12.6230



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



123.9690, 4.7080, 79.9080



163.0490, 45.2850, 76.9090



118.5750, -0.0010, 5.5270



54.9630, 4.8450, 82.9330



18.3590, 1.5080, 27.7480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.0430, 70.6440, 52.3400



134.7940, 84.9470, 62.9550



191.9510, -45.2850, -76.9090



119.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110



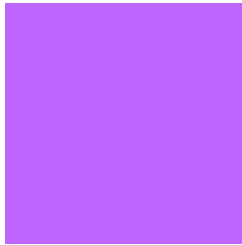
66.2290, 88.1560, 65.3720



22.2140, 29.4770, 21.9650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

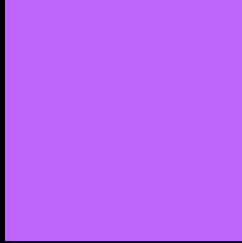
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

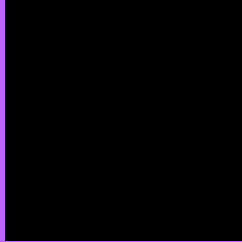
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.0530, 3.9310,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510

Protanopia

136.6760, -68.2280, 25.0520

Deuteranopia

131.8930, -79.5050, 14.6630



Tritanopia

144.9150, 19.7130, 11.6890

Trichromacy



Original Color

145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



Protanomaly

139.5210, -42.3260, 40.2180



Deuteranomaly

136.2980, -49.2480, 33.5040



Tritanomaly

145.1110, 14.0700, 31.3660

Monochromacy



Original Color

145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510



Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

144.9520, 1.0960, 24.2000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 101, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 101, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 101, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 101, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 101, 254) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 101, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 101, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 101, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 101, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 101,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 145.0530, 3.9310, 66.4510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 101, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
101, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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