

Converting Colors

YIQ(145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(145.0840, 0.3640,
15.4360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B87AB
RGB	155, 135, 171
RGB Percent	61%, 53%, 67%
CMY	0.3921, 0.4706, 0.3294
CMYK	0.09, 0.21, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	273°, 18%, 60%
HSV	273°, 21%, 67%
XYZ	29.5339, 27.2360, 42.2252
YIQ	145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

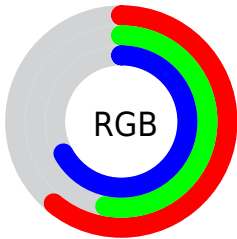
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 135, 171
Decimal	10192811
CIE _{Lab}	59.19, 14.56, -16.21
CIE _{LCh}	59, 21.784, 311.929
Yxy	27.2360, 0.2983, 0.2751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288382891 (0xFF9B87AB)
YUV	145.0840, 12.7766, 8.6963
Hunter-Lab	52.1881, 9.6861, -11.4396

Details

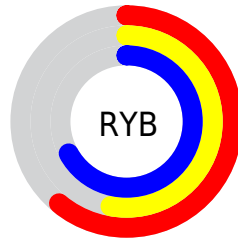
The YIQ color $145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $160.9160, -0.3640, -15.4360$, and the grayscale version is $145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $198.9100, 0.9140, 16.4820$, and $94.5570, 0.4100, 14.6020$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $132.7130, 0.2710, 22.6310$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $157.4550, 0.4570, 8.2410$.

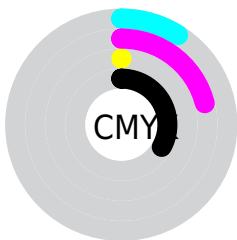
Distribution



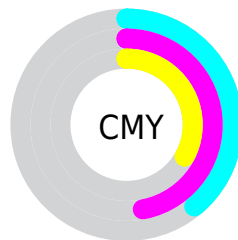
- Red (61%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 145.0840, 0.3640,
15.4360

■ 145.0840, 0.3640,
15.4360

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 119.5570, 0.4100,
14.6020

■ 198.9100, 0.9140,
16.4820

■ 94.5570, 0.4100,
14.6020

■ 227.0240, 0.5930,
16.7930

■ 70.7310, -0.1400,
13.5560

■ 249.1300, 2.7500,
5.2300

■ 48.2040, -0.0940,
12.7220

■ 26.7910, -0.3690,
12.1990

■ 6.6660, -1.5150,
10.9410

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 145.0840, 0.3640,
15.4360

■ 145.0840, 0.3640,
15.4360

■ 132.7130, 0.2710,
22.6310

■ 157.4550, 0.4570,
8.2410

■ 120.6410, 0.7740,
30.0380

■ 169.5270, -0.0460,
0.8340

■ 108.2700, 0.6810,
37.2330

■ 181.8980, 0.0470,
-6.3610

■ 96.1980, 1.1840,
44.6400

■ 193.9700, -0.4560,
-13.7680

■ 83.2400, 1.3660,
52.3580

■ 206.3410, -0.3630,
-20.9630

■ 70.8690, 1.2730,
59.5530

■ 219.2990, -0.5450,
-28.6810

■ 58.7970, 1.7760,
66.9600

■ 231.3710, -1.0480,
-36.0880

■ 47.8990, 1.7290,
73.3210

■ 233.7630, 3.7200,
-34.3920

■ 235.8560, 7.8920,
-32.9080

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142.7440, -19.3500, 9.2740



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



145.7070, 17.6030, 16.8910

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



142.5500, 27.5100, -2.9700



133.8210, -36.5850, -14.2890

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



160.9160, -0.3640, -15.4360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135.7380, -20.3540, -16.5940



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



141.0490, 15.4990, -11.0690

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



144.4570, 32.5060, 5.6100



138.4320, -1.8770, -15.5490



134.5740, -42.9590, -8.9030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



145.7310, 26.2230, 14.8550



138.4320, -1.8770, -15.5490



134.2190, -31.9540, -15.6180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



212.5750, -0.0010, 5.5270



148.4960, -15.9560, 2.8280



106.4070, 0.4120, 3.5480



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360



181.6530, 0.5000, 23.9880



149.6400, 10.5420, 18.2060



80.5210, 0.0910, 3.8590



42.2160, 1.9140, 64.4580



6.5090, 0.3650, 9.9090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.5880, 16.3200, 12.6080



185.5940, 25.3510, 19.6470



156.3600, -10.5420, -18.2060



81.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



52.4880, 67.8930, 52.6370



8.0170, 10.4980, 7.9860

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

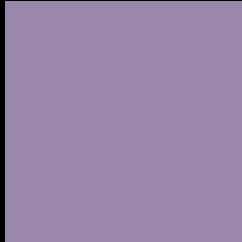
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.0840, 0.3640,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360

Protanopia

143.0820, -14.4900, 9.3020

Deuteranopia

143.7300, -7.5670, 10.4890



Tritanopia

144.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770

Trichromacy



Original Color

145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360

Protanomaly

143.8870, -9.4470, 11.5210

Deuteranomaly

144.3390, -4.9080, 11.8600

Tritanomaly

144.7650, 2.5200, 9.4000

Monochromacy



Original Color

145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360

Achromatopsia

145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

144.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 135, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 135, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 135, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 135, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 135, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 135, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 135, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 135, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 135, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 135,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 145.0840, 0.3640, 15.4360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 135, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
135, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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