

# Converting Colors

YIQ(145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(145.6270, 57.2560,  
52.6800)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E960AC
RGB	233, 96, 172
RGB Percent	91%, 38%, 67%
CMY	0.0859, 0.6237, 0.3253
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.26, 0.09
HSL	327°, 76%, 65%
HSV	327°, 59%, 91%
XYZ	45.2635, 28.6751, 42.2006
YIQ	145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

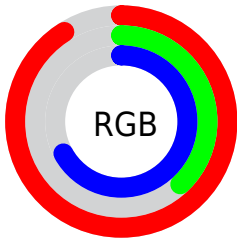
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 96, 172
Decimal	15294636
CIE Lab	60.49, 60.74, -13.93
CIE LCh	60, 62.320, 347.080
Yxy	28.6751, 0.3897, 0.2469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293484716 (0xFFE960AC)
YUV	145.6270, 13.0019, 76.6261
Hunter-Lab	53.5492, 57.1696, -9.2403

# Details

The YIQ color **145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. A complement of this color would be **183.3730, -57.2560, -52.6800**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191.3470, 37.3130, 45.1610**, and **86.2510, 55.5590, 55.9030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130.9860, 66.7910, 61.5990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **160.2680, 47.7210, 43.7610**.

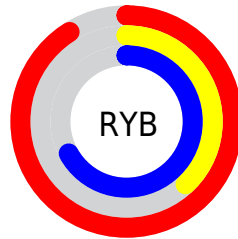
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (38%)

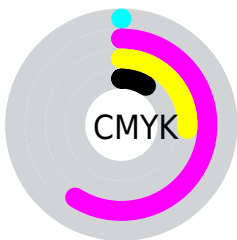
Blue (67%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (67%)

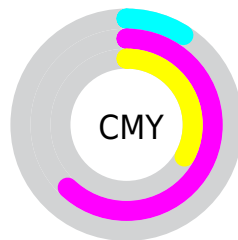


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 145.6270, 57.2560,  
52.6800

■ 145.6270, 57.2560,  
52.6800

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 116.5560, 56.0180,  
53.0900

■ 191.3470, 37.3130,  
45.1610

■ 86.2510, 55.5590,  
55.9030

■ 211.5620, 20.3500,  
38.7020

■ 54.1850, 55.9250,  
60.2850

■ 228.5850, 12.3750,  
23.5350

■ 43.0770, 46.9410,  
46.8850

■ 245.6080, 4.4000,  
8.3680

■ 32.1970, 37.3150,  
34.1070

■ 22.0290, 28.5600,  
22.0640

■ 10.2800, 19.9430,

7.5190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 145.6270, 57.2560,  
52.6800

■ 145.6270, 57.2560,  
52.6800

■ 130.9860, 66.7910,  
61.5990

■ 160.2680, 47.7210,  
43.7610

■ 115.6440, 76.9220,  
70.7300

■ 175.6100, 37.5900,  
34.6300

■ 101.0030, 86.4570,  
79.6490

■ 190.2510, 28.0550,  
25.7110

■ 86.3620, 95.9920,  
88.5680

■ 205.0060, 18.1990,  
17.1030

■ 84.3730, 97.4590,  
89.5150

■ 219.6470, 8.6640,  
8.1840

■ 234.8750, -1.1460,  
-1.2580

■ 247.2820, -9.9020,  
-7.7740

■ 248.4220,  
-13.1120, -4.6640

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150.0850, 8.9320, 47.3960



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



141.7710, 82.6130, 39.1650

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



135.4890, 36.3660, -42.3380



124.8530, -118.7000, -18.4120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



183.3730, -57.2560, -52.6800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.1420, -104.1170, -34.9090



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



127.1140, -19.7980, -48.7100

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



139.9160, 69.5570, -21.6030



113.3560, -84.9490, -51.9010



122.1750, -124.9380, -4.4740



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



141.8460, 86.0550, 20.8310



113.3560, -84.9490, -51.9010



123.8440, -114.4810, -23.2890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



225.7180, 19.0700, 17.8380



129.2590, -8.8130, 55.1150



109.4950, 12.1480, 11.1240



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



139.5190, 75.7760, 69.4720



137.9890, 78.7630, 31.8430



109.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



65.5190, 75.7760, 69.4720



19.5660, 22.5540, 20.7780



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800



139.5190, 75.7760, 69.4720



191.0110, -78.7630, -31.8430



109.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



65.5190, 75.7760, 69.4720



19.5660, 22.5540, 20.7780



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

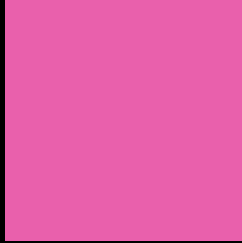
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.6270, 57.2560,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800

### Protanopia

145.9850, -30.0340, 15.6780

### Deuteranopia

147.6120, -1.4230, 9.2730



## Tritanopia

145.3790, 68.6770, 27.4050

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800

## Protanomaly

146.2990, 1.7370, 29.1050

## Deuteranomaly

146.6460, 19.5730, 25.2450

## Tritanomaly

145.3220, 64.8240, 36.6640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

146.0280, 21.1330, 18.9970

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 96, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 96, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 96, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 96, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 96, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 96, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 96, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 96, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 96, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 96,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 145.6270, 57.2560, 52.6800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 96, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233, 96,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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