

# Converting Colors

YIQ(145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(145.6460, 65.4130,  
75.5650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF4FCA
RGB	255, 79, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 31%, 79%
CMY	0.0000, 0.6904, 0.2077
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	318°, 100%, 65%
HSV	318°, 69%, 100%
XYZ	54.6963, 31.1076, 59.0247
YIQ	145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

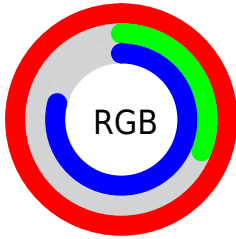
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 79, 202</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16732106</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.60, 77.10, -27.56</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">63, 81.880, 340.330</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.1076, 0.3777, 0.2148</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294922186 (0xFFFF4FCA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">145.6460, 27.7825, 95.9035</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.7742, 77.4455, -23.7035</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **188.3540, -65.4130, -75.5650**, and the grayscale version is **145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187.4950, 31.6250, 60.1450**, and **74.8780, 68.1160, 87.1560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129.4720, 75.1310, 86.6750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.2330, 55.9700, 64.9780**.

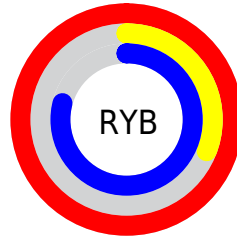
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (31%)

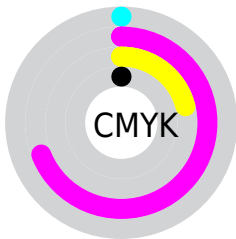
Blue (79%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (79%)

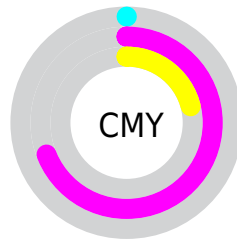


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (69%)


Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 145.6460, 65.4130,  
75.5650


 145.6460, 65.4130,  
75.5650


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 112.0530, 65.8250,  
79.1130


 187.4950, 31.6250,  
60.1450

 74.8780, 68.1160,  
87.1560


 205.1050, 23.3750,  
44.4550


 62.9440, 58.5820,  
72.7100

 222.7150, 15.1250,  
28.7650

 51.4230, 49.3230,  
58.7870

 240.3250, 6.8750,  
13.0750

 39.9020, 40.0640,  
44.8640

 29.0220, 30.4380,  
32.0860

 18.1420, 20.8120,

19.3080

■ 1.4950, 2.9800,  
1.0600

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 145.6460, 65.4130,  
75.5650

■ 145.6460, 65.4130,  
75.5650

■ 129.4720, 75.1310,  
86.6750

■ 161.2330, 55.9700,  
64.9780

■ 113.9990, 84.2530,  
97.5730

■ 177.2930, 46.5730,  
53.5570

■ 97.8250, 93.9710,  
108.6830

■ 192.8800, 37.1300,  
42.9700

■ 96.5370, 94.8420,  
109.4180

■ 209.0540, 27.4120,  
31.8600

■ 224.5270, 18.2900,  
20.9620

■ 240.7010, 8.5720,  
9.8520

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.9390, -4.9160, 56.0760



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



128.0460, 92.9250, 61.5410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



139.4120, 52.4600, -47.6680



134.7640, -128.6950, -18.9910

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



188.3540, -65.4130, -75.5650

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.3710, -106.5000, -41.2840



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



124.4150, -5.4890, -71.2570

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



142.3890, 95.9660, -21.1380



116.9460, -81.2790, -63.3510



130.6210, -129.4300, -11.1740



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



133.2540, 103.0620, 37.5100



116.9460, -81.2790, -63.3510



132.8430, -121.9080, -26.3560

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



221.4780, 19.9860, 23.2660



114.9110, -24.9080, 65.9720



108.0760, 12.0100, 13.6260



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



123.2600, 78.8440, 90.9720



135.6140, 93.6610, 48.1970



119.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550



72.3850, 70.8220, 82.1660



24.2660, 23.6990, 27.5630



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



123.2600, 78.8440, 90.9720



198.3860, -93.6610, -48.1970



119.9130, 4.8590, 5.5550



72.3850, 70.8220, 82.1660



24.2660, 23.6990, 27.5630



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

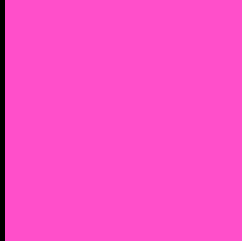
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

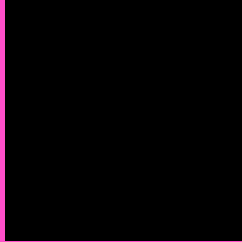
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 145.6460, 65.4130,

75.5650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650

### Protanopia

147.9390, -58.7830, 24.5850

### Deuteranopia

152.7060, -16.1870, 12.5250



## Tritanopia

148.2560, 82.3850, 32.2810

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



## Protanomaly

147.2440, -13.6250, 43.1990



## Deuteranomaly

150.4470, 13.2440, 35.3240



## Tritanomaly

147.6320, 76.0550, 47.8870

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650



## Achromatopsia

146.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

146.1520, 24.0200, 27.2520

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 79, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 79, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 79, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 79, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 79, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 79, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 79, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 79, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 79, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 79,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 145.6460, 65.4130, 75.5650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 79, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 79,  
202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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