

# Converting Colors

YIQ(146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(146.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	998D9C
RGB	153, 141, 156
RGB Percent	60%, 55%, 61%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4471, 0.3882
CMYK	0.02, 0.10, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	288°, 7%, 58%
HSV	288°, 10%, 61%
XYZ	28.6635, 28.2218, 35.3888
YIQ	146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

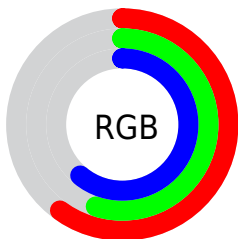
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 141, 156
Decimal	10063260
CIE Lab	60.09, 7.33, -6.32
CIE LCh	60, 9.681, 319.230
Yxy	28.2218, 0.3106, 0.3058
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288253340 (0xFF998D9C)
YUV	146.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777
Hunter-Lab	53.1242, 3.3436, -2.3093

# Details

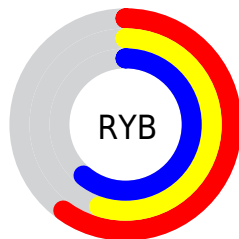
The YIQ color  $146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $150.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090$ , and the grayscale version is  $146.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $200.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090$ , and  $95.8850, 2.0620, 6.6860$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $136.0090, 4.9490, 14.9410$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $156.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230$ .

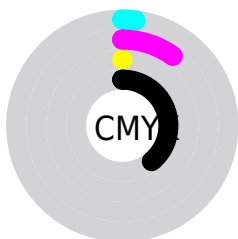
# Distribution



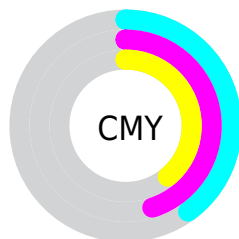
- Red (60%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 146.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 146.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 120.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 200.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 95.8850, 2.0620,  
6.6860

■ 228.7110, 2.6120,  
7.7320

■ 71.8850, 2.0620,  
6.6860

■ 252.6520, 1.1000,  
2.0920

■ 49.4720, 1.7870,  
6.1630

■ 28.9450, 1.8330,  
5.3290

■ 5.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 146.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 146.2980, 2.3370,  
7.2090

■ 136.0090, 4.9490,  
14.9410

■ 156.5870, -0.2750,  
-0.5230

■ 126.3070, 7.2860,  
22.1500

■ 166.2890, -2.6120,  
-7.7320

■ 116.0180, 9.8980,  
29.8820

■ 176.5780, -5.2240,  
-15.4640

■ 106.3160, 12.2350,  
37.0910

■ 186.2800, -7.5610,  
-22.6730

■ 95.7280, 14.2510,  
44.6110

■ 196.8680, -9.5770,  
-30.1930

■ 85.4390, 16.8630,  
52.3430

■ 207.1570,  
-12.1890, -37.9250

■ 75.7370, 19.2000,  
59.5520

■ 216.8590,  
-14.5260, -45.1340

■ 65.4480, 21.8120,  
67.2840

■ 220.6910,  
-14.1130, -47.1130

■ 55.7460, 24.1490,  
74.4930

■ 221.5880,  
-12.3250, -46.4770

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.6390, -6.0530, 5.0750



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



146.3050, 9.6270, 7.2510

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



144.8780, 11.9670, -2.1210



142.2260, -15.4960, -5.5120

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



150.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142.3960, -10.2230, -7.4630



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



144.0620, 5.4570, -5.2870

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



145.9540, 14.8090, 1.4410



142.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090



142.7360, -16.8720, -2.6000



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



146.5180, 13.3410, 6.0210



142.7020, -2.3370, -7.2090



141.8840, -14.5330, -6.4450

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



200.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260



144.4710, -5.6400, 3.0960



99.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



188.4170, 3.6200, 11.4920



146.6250, 5.7300, 6.2900



73.7060, 1.0080, 3.7600



50.3880, 22.0410, 68.6410



5.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130



187.6320, 13.0200, 6.3320



150.2610, -5.4090, -6.6010



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



45.9490, 76.2400, 39.0240



4.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

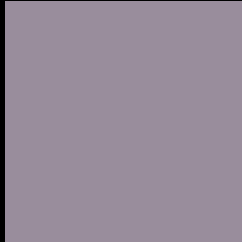
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

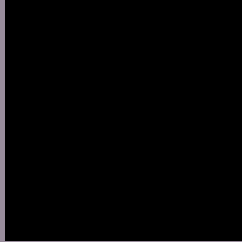
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 146.2980, 2.3370,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090

### Protanopia

145.5960, -4.4940, 4.3540

### Deuteranopia

146.5970, 2.9330, 7.4210



## Tritanopia

146.5430, 3.0250, 5.7530

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090

## Protanomaly

145.7920, -2.1100, 5.2020

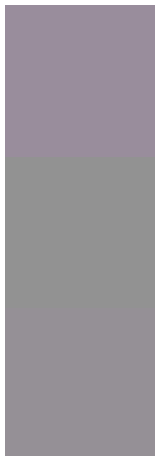
## Deuteranomaly

146.5970, 2.9330, 7.4210

## Tritanomaly

146.6570, 2.7040, 6.0640

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090

## Achromatopsia

146.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

146.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 141, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 141, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 141, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 141, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

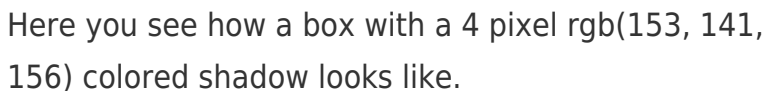
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 141, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 141, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 141, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 141, 156); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 141, 156); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 141, 156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 146.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 141, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
141, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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