

Converting Colors

YIQ(146.8040, -27.6060,
26.7460)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460)
contains.

YIQ(146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(146.8040, -27.6060,
26.7460)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8989DF
RGB	137, 137, 223
RGB Percent	54%, 54%, 87%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4627, 0.1257
CMYK	0.39, 0.39, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	240°, 57%, 71%
HSV	240°, 39%, 87%
XYZ	32.5777, 28.5362, 73.5713
YIQ	146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

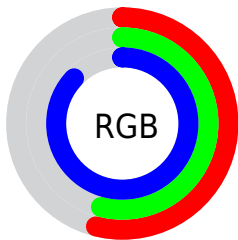
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 137, 223
Decimal	9013727
CIE _{Lab}	60.37, 20.73, -43.83
CIE _{LCh}	60, 48.486, 295.318
Yxy	28.5362, 0.2419, 0.2119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287203807 (0xFF8989DF)
YUV	146.8040, 37.5646, -8.5981
Hunter-Lab	53.4193, 15.3743, -44.2632

Details

The YIQ color $146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999FF$. A complement of this color would be $213.1960, 27.6060, -26.7460$, and the grayscale version is $146.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $198.3070, -19.0770, 20.8510$, and $94.6250, -28.6600, 23.8200$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $127.3120, -34.6680, 33.5880$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $166.2960, -20.5440, 19.9040$.

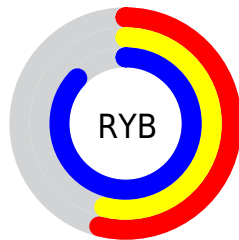
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (54%)

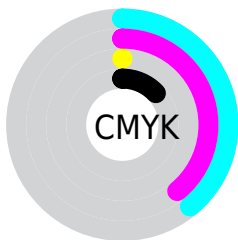
Blue (87%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (87%)

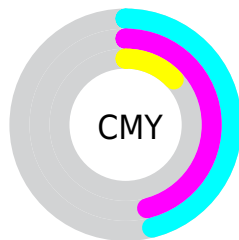


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 146.8040,
-27.6060, 26.7460

■ 146.8040,
-27.6060, 26.7460

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 120.8640,
-27.8350, 25.3890

■ 198.3070,
-19.0770, 20.8510

■ 94.6250, -28.6600,
23.8200

■ 223.4140, -9.4930,
12.3550

■ 70.0870, -30.0810,
22.0390

■ 249.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 44.6410, -34.7570,
18.6750

■ 23.0600, -34.6190,
16.1730

■ 7.5240, -21.1860,
20.5260

■ 6.6630, -14.6280,

11.8040

■ 2.9810, -7.0160,
6.0080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 146.8040,
-27.6060, 26.7460

■ 146.8040,
-27.6060, 26.7460

■ 127.3120,
-34.6680, 33.5880

■ 166.2960,
-20.5440, 19.9040

■ 106.9340,
-42.0510, 40.7410

■ 186.6740,
-13.1610, 12.7510

■ 87.4420, -49.1130,
47.5830

■ 206.1660, -6.0990,
5.9090

■ 67.9500, -56.1750,
54.4250

■ 225.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 48.4580, -63.2370,
61.2670

■ 245.1500, 8.0250,
-7.7750

■ 28.0800, -70.6200,
68.4200

■ 251.3520, 10.2720,
-9.9520

■ 25.4220, -71.5830,
69.3530

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124.5280, -98.0710, -1.2950



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



150.0780, 18.8370, 38.5890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



144.2310, 65.1970, 2.3570



113.0600, -89.6270, -44.2110

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



213.1960, 27.6060, -26.7460

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.1430, -26.7690, -38.0090



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



141.8890, 47.8240, -18.7040

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



145.3740, 67.0730, 23.4330



137.7600, 16.9700, -32.2300



118.6630, -104.0260, -31.0500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



148.2950, 43.0910, 39.5630



137.7600, 16.9700, -32.2300



111.3500, -84.8120, -48.8760

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



227.5340, -9.9510, 9.6410



197.2860, -51.2560, -18.2320



112.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460



151.3380, -37.5570, 36.3870



159.6610, -1.9780, 35.8620



102.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210



20.0640, -56.4960, 54.7360



5.4720, -15.4080, 14.9280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172.5180, 23.6500, 44.9780



186.3210, 32.1750, 61.1910



200.3390, 1.9780, -35.8620



105.5430, 3.0250, 5.7530



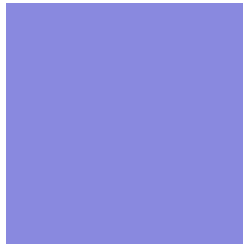
72.6880, 48.4000, 92.0480



19.8240, 13.2000, 25.1040

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

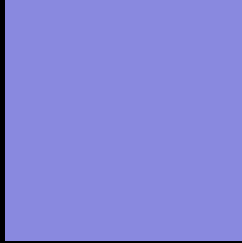
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

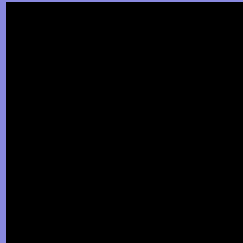
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 146.8040, -27.6060,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460

Protanopia

144.0190, -44.5690, 20.2870

Deuteranopia

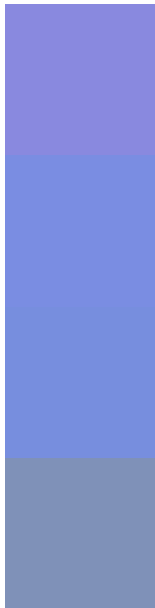
142.9000, -45.8520, 16.0040



Tritanopia

142.9960, -20.5400, -2.2040

Trichromacy



Original Color

146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460

Protanomaly

145.0090, -38.6090, 22.4070

Deuteranomaly

144.2430, -39.3880, 20.0040

Tritanomaly

144.0640, -23.2470, 8.3130

Monochromacy



Original Color

146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460

Achromatopsia

147.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

146.6480, -10.2720, 9.9520

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 137, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 137, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 137, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 137, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 137, 223) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 137, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 137, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 137, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 137, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 137,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 146.8040, -27.6060, 26.7460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 137, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
137, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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