

Converting Colors

YIQ(147.2090, -69.5520,
-6.0320)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(147.2090, -69.5520,
-6.0320)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 4DAAD6 |
| RGB | 77, 170, 214 |
| RGB Percent | 30%, 67%, 84% |
| CMY | 0.6982, 0.3332, 0.1611 |
| CMYK | 0.64, 0.21, 0.00, 0.16 |
| HSL | 199°, 63%, 57% |
| HSV | 199°, 64%, 84% |
| XYZ | 29.5662, 35.1909, 68.7996 |
| YIQ | 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

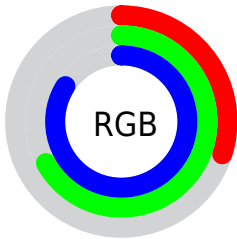
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 77, 132, 214 |
| Decimal | 5090006 |
| CIELab | 65.90, -14.22, -30.42 |
| CIELCh | 66, 33.580, 244.944 |
| Yxy | 35.1909, 0.2214, 0.2635 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283280086 (0xFF4DAAD6) |
| YUV | 147.2090, 32.9280, -61.5733 |
| Hunter-Lab | 59.3219, -14.8486, -27.2373 |

Details

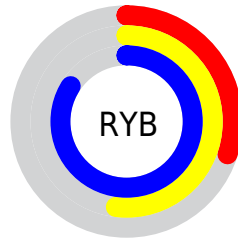
The YIQ color **147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **143.7910, 69.5520, 6.0320**, and the grayscale version is **147.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.4070, -61.4820, -9.1140**, and **87.3920, -83.4890, -12.2650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136.8210, -80.1430, -6.8230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157.5970, -58.9610, -5.2410**.

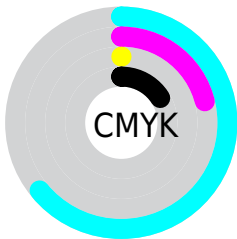
Distribution



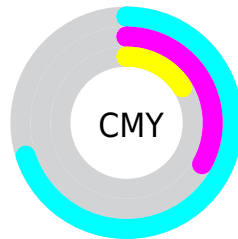
- Red (30%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 147.2090,
-69.5520, -6.0320

■ 147.2090,
-69.5520, -6.0320

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 117.6920,
-75.4660, -8.9860

■ 202.4070,
-61.4820, -9.1140

■ 87.3920, -83.4890,
-12.2650

■ 228.4000,
-51.5770, -17.9210

■ 69.7530, -68.2680,
-7.2760

■ 237.9570,
-33.9720, -12.0840

■ 53.2880, -53.5970,
-3.3330

■ 246.9270,
-16.0920, -5.7240

■ 37.0510, -39.5680,
1.2320

■ 23.1620, -26.6390,
3.7050

■ 5.5060, -12.7480,

10.7720

■ 2.1830, -4.7690,
3.8310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.2090,
-69.5520, -6.0320

■ 147.2090,
-69.5520, -6.0320

■ 136.8210,
-80.1430, -6.8230

■ 157.5970,
-58.9610, -5.2410

■ 126.1340,
-91.3300, -7.8260

■ 168.2840,
-47.7740, -4.2380

■ 115.7460,
-101.9210, -8.6170

■ 178.6720,
-37.1830, -3.4470

■ 109.5110,
-108.5690, -9.2810

■ 188.7720,
-25.7210, -1.9210

■ 199.1600,
-15.1300, -1.1300

■ 209.5480, -4.5390,
-0.3390

■ 220.2350, 6.6480,
0.6640

■ 230.6230, 17.2390,
1.4550

■ 236.8250, 19.4860,
-0.7220

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138.8940, -82.3870, -21.2270



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



157.2610, -39.7990, 10.9290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



163.3850, 42.1770, 23.0810



154.5000, 3.4430, -23.8610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



143.7910, 69.5520, 6.0320

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157.9440, 28.7960, -15.2680



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



162.1280, 49.7900, 11.7580

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



164.3690, 21.9110, 26.9270



160.2330, 44.5200, -2.8720



149.4070, -27.0920, -26.6440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



161.8510, -17.7930, 19.6070



160.2330, 44.5200, -2.8720



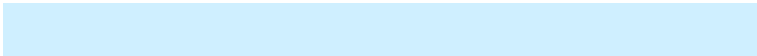
155.7570, 13.0250, -21.3030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



231.2560, -24.2080, -1.8080



162.3210, -51.4780, -58.2780



113.1600, -15.1300, -1.1300



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320



159.4150, -99.4910, -8.6030



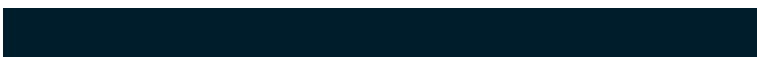
107.2930, -50.8520, 29.5320



101.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630



87.5860, -86.7910, -7.4870



21.9250, -21.7780, -1.7940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.5650, 51.7990, 57.9670



132.7660, 74.1230, 82.9150



183.7070, 50.8520, -29.5320



100.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200



64.3530, 64.6800, 72.3280



16.1630, 16.3190, 18.1350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320.

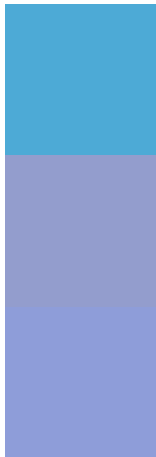


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320

Protanopia

159.4820, -21.3680, 12.8080

Deuteranopia

159.3550, -28.2000, 15.4800



Tritanopia

143.4070, -70.6500, -19.1780

Trichromacy



Original Color

147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320

Protanomaly

155.2840, -38.6060, 5.8260

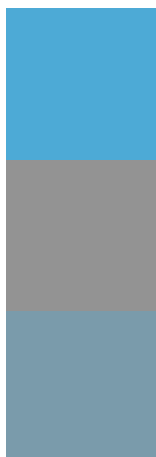
Deuteranomaly

155.0000, -43.5580, 7.4660

Tritanomaly

144.7540, -70.0090, -14.2730

Monochromacy



Original Color

147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320

Achromatopsia

147.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

146.9570, -24.8040, -2.0200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 170, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 170, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 170, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 170, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 170, 214) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 170, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 170, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 170, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 170, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 170,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 147.2090, -69.5520, -6.0320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 170, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 170,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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