

# Converting Colors

YIQ(147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(147.5700, 78.6250,  
34.3450)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F46877
RGB	244, 104, 119
RGB Percent	96%, 41%, 47%
CMY	0.0428, 0.5924, 0.5330
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.51, 0.04
HSL	354°, 87%, 68%
HSV	354°, 57%, 96%
XYZ	45.6173, 30.4713, 20.9541
YIQ	147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

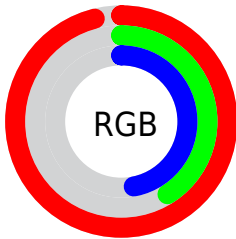
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	244, 104, 119
Decimal	16017527
CIE Lab	62.06, 55.01, 19.11
CIE LCh	62, 58.238, 19.161
Yxy	30.4713, 0.4701, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294207607 (0xFFFF46877)
YUV	147.5700, -14.0850, 84.5691
Hunter-Lab	55.2008, 50.9090, 16.1341

# Details

The YIQ color **147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **200.4300, -78.6250, -34.3450**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189.6590, 53.0890, 23.5610**, and **90.4000, 73.3520, 36.2960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130.9740, 92.2870, 40.0550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.1660, 64.9630, 28.6350**.

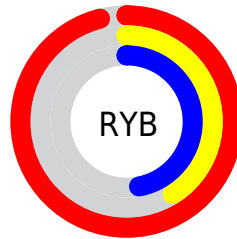
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (41%)

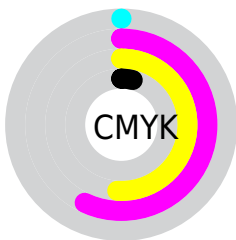
Blue (47%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (47%)

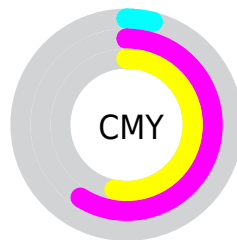


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (51%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 147.5700, 78.6250,  
34.3450

■ 147.5700, 78.6250,  
34.3450

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 119.0150, 75.8740,  
34.6420

■ 189.6590, 53.0890,  
23.5610

■ 90.4000, 73.3520,  
36.2960

■ 209.1730, 36.7220,  
17.3140

■ 55.4420, 73.5340,  
44.0140

■ 229.3880, 19.7590,  
10.8550

■ 39.9690, 64.3200,  
34.7840

■ 249.7170, 2.4750,  
4.7070

■ 28.3340, 55.3820,  
20.5500

■ 19.9620, 38.6940,  
14.6140

■ 10.5790, 20.5390,

7.7310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.5700, 78.6250,  
34.3450

■ 147.5700, 78.6250,  
34.3450

■ 130.9740, 92.2870,  
40.0550

■ 164.1660, 64.9630,  
28.6350

■ 113.9050,  
105.9030, 46.5990

■ 181.3490, 51.0260,  
22.4020

■ 97.3090, 119.5650,  
52.3090

■ 197.8310, 37.6850,  
16.3810

■ 80.1260, 133.5020,  
58.5420

■ 215.0140, 23.7480,  
10.1480

■ 75.9200, 137.0780,  
59.8140

■ 231.6100, 10.0860,  
4.4380

■ 248.2060, -3.5760,  
-1.2720

■ 251.7110, -6.5560,  
-2.3320

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150.5080, 55.9730, 48.3970



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



146.9340, 79.4550, 8.2790

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



132.4390, -22.0910, -45.6990



123.1210, -124.8460, -6.1420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



200.4300, -78.6250, -34.3450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



126.2550, -119.8920, -18.8360



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



116.8440, -89.2590, -50.8830

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



140.4160, 29.4420, -37.9980



123.4730, -106.5470, -34.9230



147.7830, -49.4760, 26.6200



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



145.8380, 70.1970, -11.1710



123.4730, -106.5470, -34.9230



124.8990, -124.3410, -9.7890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



225.3130, 24.3440, 10.3600



157.0360, 28.9640, 69.8280



110.1160, 14.5330, 6.4450



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



133.7900, 98.7970, 43.2210



177.5580, 68.5900, 1.4380



113.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550



57.8940, 104.4360, 45.6520



18.3250, 33.2380, 14.3740



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450



133.7900, 98.7970, 43.2210



170.4420, -68.5900, -1.4380



113.7020, 6.8310, 2.8550



57.8940, 104.4360, 45.6520



18.3250, 33.2380, 14.3740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

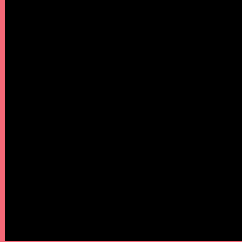
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.5700, 78.6250,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450

### Protanopia

150.5830, 5.5480, -1.4280

### Deuteranopia

150.3330, 29.6190, -2.6450



## Tritanopia

147.3590, 80.5970, 31.6450

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450

## Protanomaly

149.2600, 31.8630, 11.7590

## Deuteranomaly

148.9320, 47.4060, 10.9100

## Tritanomaly

147.7010, 79.6340, 32.5780

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450

## Achromatopsia

148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

147.8190, 28.7910, 12.3670

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 104, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 104, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 104, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 104, 119) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 104, 119) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 104, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 104, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 104, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 104, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 104,  
119) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 147.5700, 78.6250, 34.3450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 104, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
104, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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