

# Converting Colors

YIQ(147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(147.5860, 1.4660,  
6.4740)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	998F9D
RGB	153, 143, 157
RGB Percent	60%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4392, 0.3843
CMYK	0.03, 0.09, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	283°, 7%, 59%
HSV	283°, 9%, 62%
XYZ	29.0460, 28.8511, 35.9356
YIQ	147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

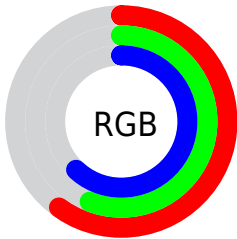
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 143, 157
Decimal	10063773
CIE Lab	60.65, 6.40, -6.06
CIE LCh	61, 8.811, 316.555
Yxy	28.8511, 0.3096, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288253853 (0xFF998F9D)
YUV	147.5860, 4.6411, 4.7481
Hunter-Lab	53.7132, 2.5277, -2.0675

# Details

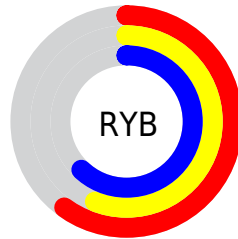
The YIQ color  $147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $152.4140, -1.4660, -6.4740$ , and the grayscale version is  $148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $201.7000, 1.1450, 6.7850$ , and  $97.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $136.9980, 3.4820, 13.9940$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $158.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460$ .

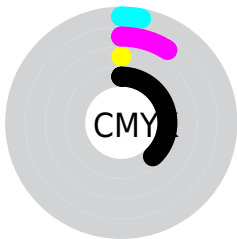
# Distribution



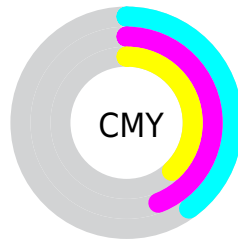
- Red (60%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 147.5860, 1.4660,  
6.4740

■ 147.5860, 1.4660,  
6.4740

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 121.5860, 1.4660,  
6.4740

■ 201.7000, 1.1450,  
6.7850

■ 97.1730, 1.1910,  
5.9510

■ 229.9990, 1.7410,  
6.9970

■ 73.1730, 1.1910,  
5.9510

■ 253.8260, 0.5500,  
1.0460

■ 50.7600, 0.9160,  
5.4280

■ 29.6460, 1.2370,  
5.1170

■ 5.4120, 2.0160,  
7.5200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 147.5860, 1.4660,  
6.4740

■ 147.5860, 1.4660,  
6.4740

■ 136.9980, 3.4820,  
13.9940

■ 158.1740, -0.5500,  
-1.0460

■ 126.6980, 4.6270,  
20.7790

■ 168.4740, -1.6950,  
-7.8310

■ 116.1100, 6.6430,  
28.2990

■ 179.0620, -3.7110,  
-15.3510

■ 105.2230, 8.0630,  
35.6070

■ 189.9490, -5.1310,  
-22.6590

■ 94.6350, 10.0790,  
43.1270

■ 199.9500, -6.8720,  
-29.6560

■ 84.3350, 11.2240,  
49.9120

■ 210.8370, -8.2920,  
-36.9640

73.7470, 13.2400,  
57.4320

221.4250,  
-10.3080, -44.4840

62.8600, 14.6600,  
64.7400

224.0940, -7.8780,  
-44.4700

52.8590, 16.4010,  
71.7370

225.2900, -5.4940,  
-43.6220

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.5250, -5.7320, 4.7640



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



147.7070, 8.4350, 6.8270

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



146.6930, 11.0500, -2.0220



143.7100, -13.9830, -5.3990

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



152.4140, -1.4660, -6.4740

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.9940, -9.0310, -7.0390



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



145.4750, 5.7320, -4.7640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



147.1820, 14.1670, 2.0630



144.4140, -1.4660, -6.4740



144.2200, -15.3590, -2.4870



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



148.0340, 11.8280, 5.9080



144.4140, -1.4660, -6.4740



143.7810, -12.7450, -5.8090

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



199.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140



146.9440, -5.5940, 2.2620



99.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740



189.2920, 2.4740, 10.2340



148.4400, 4.8130, 6.3890



73.7060, 1.0080, 3.7600



46.8000, 14.8890, 66.0970



4.9990, 1.7410, 6.9970



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.6420, 7.0600, 4.2120



189.2620, 11.1860, 6.5300



151.5600, -4.8130, -6.3890



73.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



47.4310, 72.0670, 43.0670



4.9410, 7.6560, 4.4240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740.



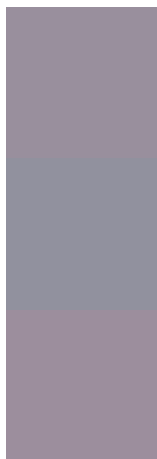
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.5860, 1.4660,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

### Protanopia

146.4820, -4.1730, 4.0430

### Deuteranopia

147.8960, 3.5290, 7.6330



## Tritanopia

147.3580, 2.1080, 5.8520

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

## Protanomaly

146.7920, -2.1100, 5.2020

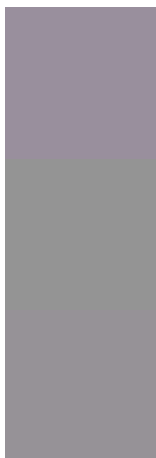
## Deuteranomaly

147.5970, 2.9330, 7.4210

## Tritanomaly

147.4720, 1.7870, 6.1630

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740

## Achromatopsia

148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

147.7660, 0.7790, 2.4030

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 143, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 143, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 143, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 143, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 143, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 143, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 143, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 143, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 143, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 143,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 147.5860, 1.4660, 6.4740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 143, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
143, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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