

# Converting Colors

YIQ(147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(147.8210, 61.9810,  
38.6290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E76A91
RGB	231, 106, 145
RGB Percent	91%, 42%, 57%
CMY	0.0938, 0.5845, 0.4312
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.37, 0.09
HSL	341°, 72%, 66%
HSV	341°, 54%, 91%
XYZ	43.2452, 29.3459, 30.1954
YIQ	147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

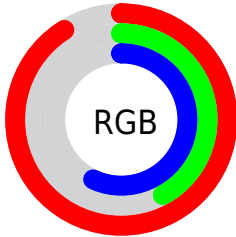
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">231, 106, 145</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15166097</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">61.09, 52.30, 2.48</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">61, 52.358, 2.718</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">29.3459, 0.4207, 0.2855</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4293356177 (0xFFE76A91)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">147.8210, -1.3908, 72.9480</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">54.1718, 47.6953, 4.8721</a>

# Details

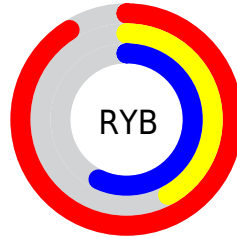
The YIQ color **147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. A complement of this color would be **189.1790, -61.9810, -38.6290**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193.4380, 43.8260, 31.7460**, and **92.1950, 57.9920, 39.3360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132.4960, 73.4420, 45.6820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760**.

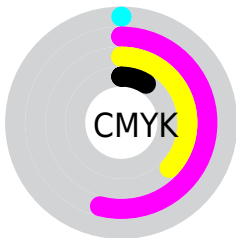
# Distribution



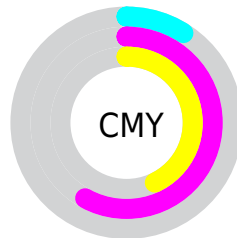
- Red (91%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 147.8210, 61.9810,  
38.6290


 147.8210, 61.9810,  
38.6290


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 120.0380, 59.8720,  
38.3040


 193.4380, 43.8260,  
31.7460

 92.1950, 57.9920,  
39.3360


 213.0660, 27.1380,  
25.8100


 60.8300, 57.7620,  
43.5060

 233.2810, 10.1750,  
19.3510

 39.6720, 52.2150,  
39.4070

 250.3040, 2.2000,  
4.1840

 28.9060, 42.2680,  
26.9400

 18.4670, 35.7140,  
13.5540

 8.1870, 15.7710,

6.0350

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.8210, 61.9810,  
38.6290

■ 147.8210, 61.9810,  
38.6290

■ 132.4960, 73.4420,  
45.6820

■ 163.1460, 50.5200,  
31.5760

■ 117.1710, 84.9030,  
52.7350

■ 178.4710, 39.0590,  
24.5230

■ 101.8460, 96.3640,  
59.7880

■ 193.7960, 27.5980,  
17.4700

■ 86.6350, 107.5040,  
67.1520

■ 209.1210, 16.1370,  
10.4170

■ 77.2770, 114.5640,  
71.3640

■ 224.3320, 4.9970,  
3.0530

■ 240.2440, -6.7390,  
-4.5230

■ 247.8240,  
-14.3040, -5.0880

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151.1720, 30.4360, 43.1400



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



146.2020, 73.3090, 20.5490

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



137.2210, 8.1220, -37.0780



121.7870, -118.3340, -14.0300

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



189.1790, -61.9810, -38.6290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.5470, -109.3910, -27.4310



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



125.6180, -47.4000, -44.0720

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



141.8190, 44.8450, -25.2910



116.8900, -94.9000, -42.2600



133.3390, -83.9970, 7.9630



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



145.3350, 70.8360, 4.7880



116.8900, -94.9000, -42.2600



122.5220, -116.2700, -18.3980

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



227.7410, 20.2630, 12.7350



145.6650, 10.5350, 56.8950



111.3870, 12.3320, 7.7880



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



144.5620, 82.2440, 51.3640



156.8760, 68.1750, 14.4710



107.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



59.9050, 88.7080, 55.3640



17.0730, 25.2600, 15.7880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290



144.5620, 82.2440, 51.3640



180.1240, -68.1750, -14.4710



107.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



59.9050, 88.7080, 55.3640



17.0730, 25.2600, 15.7880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

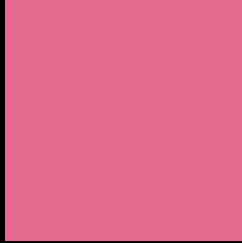
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

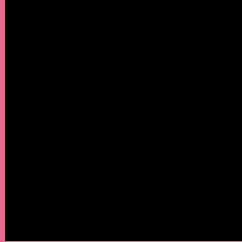
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290.



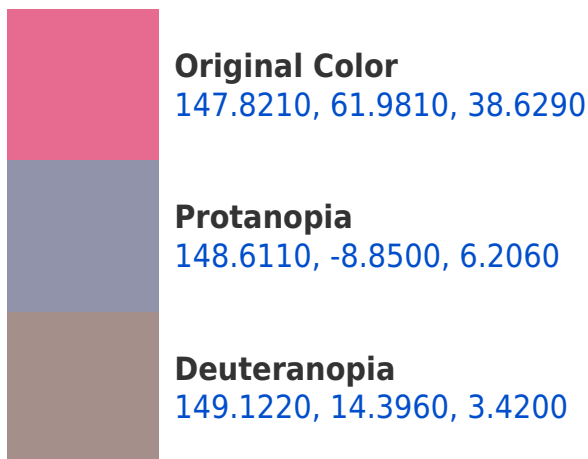
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 147.8210, 61.9810,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

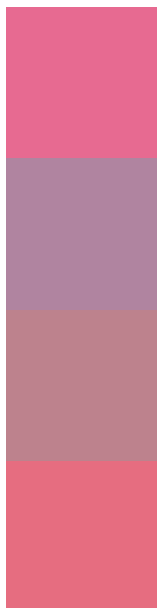




## Tritanopia

147.1940, 67.7600, 27.5040

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290

## Protanomaly

148.3480, 17.2360, 18.0360

## Deuteranomaly

148.8950, 31.6330, 15.9290

## Tritanomaly

147.3450, 66.0170, 31.5610

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290

## Achromatopsia

148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

148.0510, 22.3260, 13.8940

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 106, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 106, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 106, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 106, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 106, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 106, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 106, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 106, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 106, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 106,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 147.8210, 61.9810, 38.6290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 106, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
106, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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