

Converting Colors

YIQ(148.2450, -34.8430,
-12.8190)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(148.2450, -34.8430,
-12.8190)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BA6A5
RGB	107, 166, 165
RGB Percent	42%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.5805, 0.3489, 0.3531
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.01, 0.35
HSL	179°, 25%, 54%
HSV	179°, 36%, 65%
XYZ	26.4881, 33.1204, 40.5774
YIQ	148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

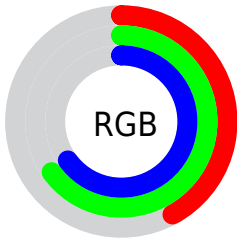
Format	Color
RYB	107, 137, 166
Decimal	7055013
CIELab	64.26, -19.35, -5.55
CIELCh	64, 20.127, 196.004
Yxy	33.1204, 0.2644, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285245093 (0xFF6BA6A5)
YUV	148.2450, 8.2602, -36.1719
Hunter-Lab	57.5503, -18.5564, -1.5188

Details

The YIQ color **148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **124.7550, 34.8430, 12.8190**, and the grayscale version is **148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.9460, -35.4390, -13.0310**, and **96.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143.1620, -44.9750, -16.4230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153.3280, -24.7110, -9.2150**.

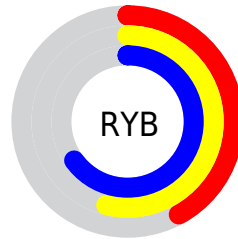
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (65%)

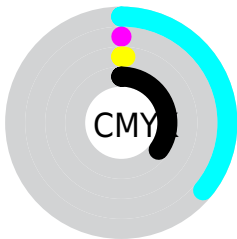
Blue (65%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (65%)

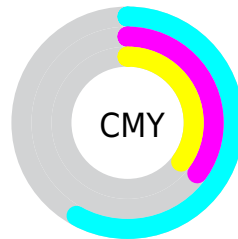


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 148.2450,
-34.8430, -12.8190

■ 148.2450,
-34.8430, -12.8190

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 122.2450,
-34.8430, -12.8190

■ 202.9460,
-35.4390, -13.0310

■ 96.2450, -34.8430,
-12.8190

■ 231.5330,
-35.7140, -13.5540

■ 70.4620, -36.9520,
-13.1440

■ 243.6380,
-22.6480, -8.0560

■ 46.1520, -39.0150,
-14.3030

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 30.1430, -25.6280,
-9.1160

■ 16.7100, -13.9830,
-5.3990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 148.2450,
-34.8430, -12.8190

■ 148.2450,
-34.8430, -12.8190

■ 143.1620,
-44.9750, -16.4230

■ 153.3280,
-24.7110, -9.2150

■ 138.2640,
-54.1900, -20.1260

■ 158.2260,
-15.4960, -5.5120

■ 133.1810,
-64.3220, -23.7300

■ 163.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 128.3970,
-73.8580, -27.1220

■ 168.0930, 4.1720,
1.4840

■ 123.2000,
-83.6690, -31.0370

■ 173.1760, 14.3040,
5.0880

■ 118.1170,
-93.8010, -34.6410

■ 178.3730, 24.1150,
9.0030

■ 116.0240,
-97.9730, -36.1250

■ 183.1570, 33.6510,
12.3950

■ 188.2400, 43.7830,
15.9990

■ 192.8390, 52.4020,
19.4900

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149.3790, -20.7210, -15.4490



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



149.1940, -38.8330, -6.5850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



158.3400, 2.5190, 14.9270



155.9410, 24.8510, -4.3410

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



124.7550, 34.8430, 12.8190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157.1470, 30.4430, 4.4510



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



159.2510, 18.8870, 15.6470

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



156.3100, -15.1320, 9.9240



158.4060, 28.5160, 11.8440



154.0810, 12.4730, -11.2950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



151.5090, -35.1660, -1.4540



158.4060, 28.5160, 11.8440



156.4900, 27.7390, -1.6130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



209.7100, -13.9830, -5.3990



142.2310, -15.0330, -30.4330



105.4010, -8.6190, -3.4910



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190



188.9650, -54.7860, -20.3380



131.9230, -27.4640, 2.1360



81.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960



103.4060, -87.2450, -32.3090



14.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



124.7550, 34.8430, 12.8190



151.9210, 55.1070, 20.0270



141.0770, 27.4640, -2.1360



78.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



44.5940, 87.2450, 32.3090



5.9800, 11.9200, 4.2400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

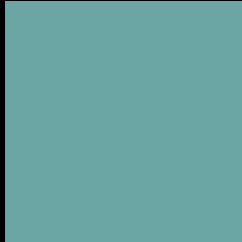
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

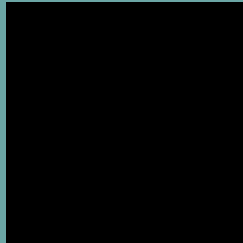
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190.

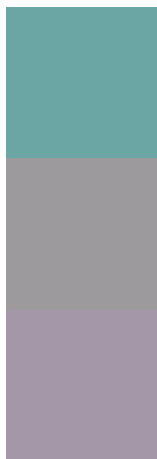


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190

Protanopia

155.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800

Deuteranopia

156.8250, 2.2910, 8.0430



Tritanopia

149.3360, -36.3570, -7.4050

Trichromacy



Original Color

148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190

Protanomaly

152.6610, -12.2870, -3.0950

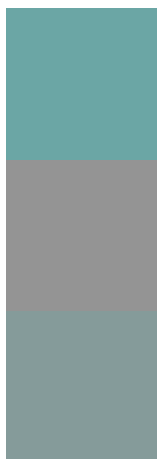
Deuteranomaly

153.3670, -11.2790, 0.6650

Tritanomaly

149.1680, -35.9440, -9.3840

Monochromacy



Original Color

148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190

Achromatopsia

148.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

148.3080, -12.7910, -4.9750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 166, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 166, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 166, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 166, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 166, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 166, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 166, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 166, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 166, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 166,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 148.2450, -34.8430, -12.8190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 166, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
166, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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