

# Converting Colors

YIQ(148.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**YIQ(148.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5975E
RGB	165, 151, 94
RGB Percent	65%, 59%, 37%
CMY	0.3529, 0.4078, 0.6312
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.43, 0.35
HSL	48°, 28%, 51%
HSV	48°, 43%, 65%
XYZ	28.6047, 30.9394, 15.0629
YIQ	148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

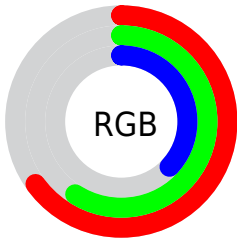
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">111, 165, 94</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10852190</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.46, -3.10, 31.83</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">62, 31.983, 95.569</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.9394, 0.3834, 0.4147</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289042270 (0xFFA5975E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">148.6880, -26.9612, 14.3056</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.6232, -5.5455, 22.8803</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **110.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590**, and the grayscale version is **149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202.9440, 28.7960, -15.2680**, and **97.4320, 24.4860, -14.2500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145.1030, 32.6020, -18.1660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152.3870, 20.3590, -11.0410**.

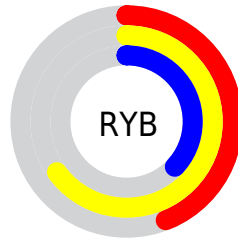
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (59%)

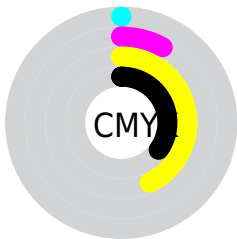
Blue (37%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (37%)

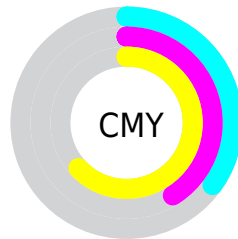


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (41%)


Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 148.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590


 148.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 122.6170, 25.4030,  
-14.3490


 202.9440, 28.7960,  
-15.2680

 97.4320, 24.4860,  
-14.2500


 231.1290, 29.7130,  
-15.3670


 73.5350, 22.6980,  
-14.8860

 248.7300, 17.6550,  
-17.1050

 50.2360, 22.1020,  
-15.0980

 251.9220, 8.6670,  
-8.3970

 30.7330, 13.5730,  
-9.2030

 8.2510, 0.5510,  
-4.4810

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 148.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590

■ 148.6880, 26.6410,  
-14.7590

■ 145.1030, 32.6020,  
-18.1660

■ 152.3870, 20.3590,  
-11.0410

■ 140.8170, 39.1590,  
-21.3610

■ 156.5590, 14.1230,  
-8.1570

■ 137.2320, 45.1200,  
-24.7680

■ 160.2580, 7.8410,  
-4.4390

■ 133.5330, 51.4020,  
-28.4860

■ 163.8430, 1.8800,  
-1.0320

■ 129.9480, 57.3630,  
-31.8930

■ 167.5420, -4.4020,  
2.6860

■ 126.8190, 62.0400,  
-34.0560

■ 171.7140,  
-10.6380, 5.5700

■ 175.4130,  
-16.9200, 9.2880

■ 178.9980,  
-22.8810, 12.6950

■ 182.6970,  
-29.1630, 16.4130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150.9770, 42.3650, -2.3630



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



145.2550, 2.7550, -22.4050

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



131.1720, -77.2980, -19.8420



155.1300, 21.0860, 25.3580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



110.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.9510, -6.3310, 21.1330



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



139.0740, -64.7380, -5.1700

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



134.6610, -56.9860, -24.5220



148.7020, -36.7270, 10.3210



154.0750, 40.1140, 21.9220



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



142.6210, -15.9510, -24.8070



148.7020, -36.7270, 10.3210



154.8240, 13.2000, 25.1040

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



207.8730, 10.3630, -6.0930



116.8250, 37.8220, 19.4060



103.3010, 6.2820, -3.7180



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590



188.4320, 41.6810, -23.0150



150.6270, 10.2750, -26.5330



79.8000, 3.4390, -1.7530



112.0340, 54.2450, -30.4510



13.6000, 6.8780, -3.5060



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.3120, -26.6410, 14.7590



128.5680, -41.6810, 23.0150



108.3730, -10.2750, 26.5330



75.2000, -3.4390, 1.7530



33.5530, -54.5200, 29.9280



4.4000, -6.8780, 3.5060



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

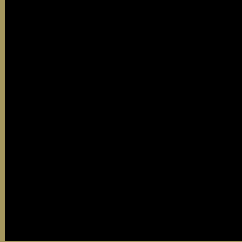
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590.

-14.7590.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

### Protanopia

148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

### Deuteranopia

149.8900, 38.0560, -6.8720



## Tritanopia

153.3270, 12.5610, 9.1450

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

## Protanomaly

148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

## Deuteranomaly

149.7430, 33.9760, -10.0240

## Tritanomaly

151.9820, 17.6060, 0.3100

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590

## Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

149.1010, 9.7210, -5.4710

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 151, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 151, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 151, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 151, 94) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 151, 94) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 151, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 151, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 151, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 151, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 151,  
94) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 148.6880, 26.6410, -14.7590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 151, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
151, 94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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