

# Converting Colors

YIQ(148.9360, -45.5330,  
26.7470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(148.9360, -45.5330,  
26.7470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A90F5
RGB	122, 144, 245
RGB Percent	48%, 56%, 96%
CMY	0.5215, 0.4352, 0.0395
CMYK	0.50, 0.41, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	229°, 86%, 72%
HSV	229°, 50%, 96%
XYZ	34.4725, 30.6757, 90.4375
YIQ	148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

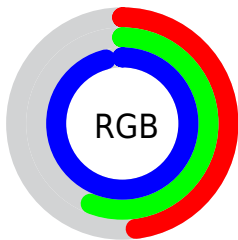
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	122, 141, 245
Decimal	8032501
CIE Lab	62.23, 19.36, -53.12
CIE LCh	62, 56.535, 290.028
Yxy	30.6757, 0.2216, 0.1972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286222581 (0xFF7A90F5)
YUV	148.9360, 47.3596, -23.6229
Hunter-Lab	55.3857, 14.1749, -58.0428

# Details

The YIQ color  $148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $6699FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $218.0640, 45.5330, -26.7470$ , and the grayscale version is  $149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $199.1160, -29.0250, 13.9110$ , and  $94.8490, -49.8420, 22.2380$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $130.0200, -54.3370, 32.1190$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $168.1510, -36.1330, 21.5870$ .

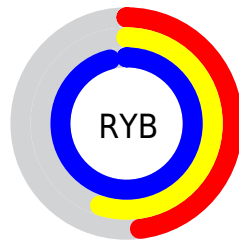
# Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (56%)

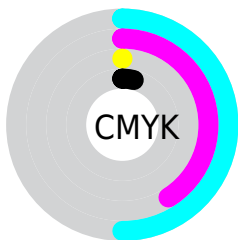
Blue (96%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (96%)

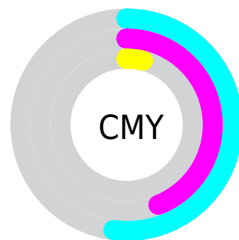


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 148.9360,  
-45.5330, 26.7470

■ 148.9360,  
-45.5330, 26.7470

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 122.2840,  
-46.6330, 24.6550

■ 199.1160,  
-29.0250, 13.9110

■ 94.8490, -49.8420,  
22.2380

■ 223.9350,  
-18.5700, 6.1500

■ 66.0110, -59.2860,  
17.1780

■ 249.9280, -8.6650,  
-2.6570

■ 44.0390, -56.4890,  
16.0470

■ 29.3350, -42.6430,  
18.4210

■ 11.8100, -27.7430,  
23.7210

■ 10.2480, -20.5890,

15.2110

■ 5.2780, -12.1060,  
10.1500

■ 2.0690, -4.4480,  
3.5200

■ 148.9360,  
-45.5330, 26.7470

■ 148.9360,  
-45.5330, 26.7470

■ 130.0200,  
-54.3370, 32.1190

■ 168.1510,  
-36.1330, 21.5870

■ 110.8050,  
-63.7370, 37.2790

■ 187.0670,  
-27.3290, 16.2150

■ 91.8890, -72.5410,  
42.6510

■ 205.9830,  
-18.5250, 10.8430

■ 72.6740, -81.9410,  
47.8110

■ 225.1980, -9.1250,  
5.6830

■ 53.7580, -90.7450,  
53.1830

■ 244.7010, -0.5960,  
-0.2120

■ 253.8600, 3.2100,  
-3.1100

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122.8930, -124.2040, -6.7640



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



155.0160, 13.3800, 43.8760

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



147.7380, 77.0710, 7.4310



117.0720, -89.9010, -50.2610

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



218.0640, 45.5330, -26.7470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.1940, -22.7790, -44.2430



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



145.8920, 60.9370, -19.5670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



148.7330, 76.6080, 32.3520



141.5730, 27.5620, -36.9660



123.5870, -106.8680, -34.6120



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



153.3370, 43.2730, 47.2810



141.5730, 27.5620, -36.9660



114.5470, -84.1690, -55.0250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



225.4410, -14.1230, 8.1570



205.6010, -65.9250, -33.2290



109.9700, -8.4830, 5.0610



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470



135.2910, -56.5380, 33.4620



147.6830, -16.2390, 46.5210



112.5420, -4.4020, 2.6860



40.5750, -68.7810, 40.5870



12.5960, -21.6890, 13.1190



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161.2850, 66.2460, 32.9180



150.8250, 82.5210, 40.8330



219.3170, 16.2390, -46.5210



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



59.3760, 100.2630, 49.6950

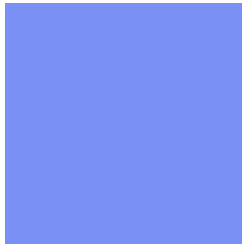


18.7810, 31.9540, 15.6180



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

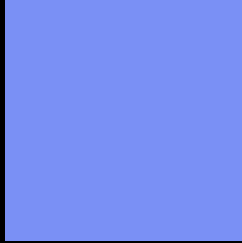
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470

### Protanopia

147.0380, -54.7480, 23.0440

### Deuteranopia

144.1460, -64.1000, 16.3160



## Tritanopia

143.2430, -40.5290, -8.8890

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470

## Protanomaly

147.8320, -51.1720, 24.3160

## Deuteranomaly

145.7880, -57.0400, 20.5280

## Tritanomaly

145.0770, -42.4570, 4.0310

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470

## Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

148.8260, -16.6450, 9.8110

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 144, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 144, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 144, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 144, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 144, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 144, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 144, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 144, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 144, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 144,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 148.9360, -45.5330, 26.7470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 144, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
144, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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