

# Converting Colors

YIQ(149.0640, -24.3880,  
-20.5800)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(149.0640, -24.3880,  
-20.5800)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71A98D
RGB	113, 169, 141
RGB Percent	44%, 66%, 55%
CMY	0.5570, 0.3371, 0.4471
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.17, 0.34
HSL	150°, 25%, 55%
HSV	150°, 33%, 66%
XYZ	25.8037, 33.8153, 30.3588
YIQ	149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

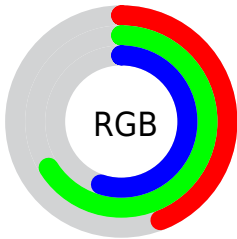
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	113, 150, 169
Decimal	7448973
CIELab	64.82, -24.59, 8.68
CIELCh	65, 26.074, 160.558
Yxy	33.8153, 0.2868, 0.3758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285639053 (0xFF71A98D)
YUV	149.0640, -3.9756, -31.6281
Hunter-Lab	58.1510, -22.5571, 9.7522

# Details

The YIQ color **149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **132.9360, 24.3880, 20.5800**, and the grayscale version is **149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.3520, -25.2590, -21.3150**, and **97.5910, -24.4340, -19.7460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143.0690, -31.9520, -26.6720**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.0590, -16.8240, -14.4880**.

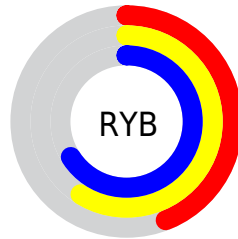
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (66%)

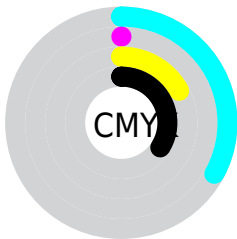
Blue (55%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (66%)

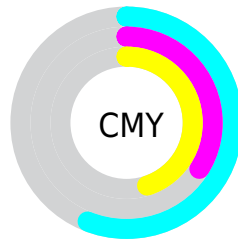


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 149.0640,  
-24.3880, -20.5800

■ 149.0640,  
-24.3880, -20.5800

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 122.4770,  
-24.1130, -20.0570

■ 203.9390,  
-25.5340, -21.8380

■ 97.5910, -24.4340,  
-19.7460

■ 231.9390,  
-25.5340, -21.8380

■ 72.7050, -24.7550,  
-19.4350

■ 244.6770,  
-18.3840, -8.2400

■ 47.4380, -28.3770,  
-19.8730

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,  
-0.8480

■ 29.1510, -20.0790,  
-16.0710

■ 14.6750, -6.8750,  
-13.0750

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.0640,  
-24.3880, -20.5800

■ 149.0640,  
-24.3880, -20.5800

■ 143.0690,  
-31.9520, -26.6720

■ 155.0590,  
-16.8240, -14.4880

■ 136.9600,  
-39.1950, -33.0750

■ 161.1680, -9.5810,  
-8.0850

■ 130.9650,  
-46.7590, -39.1670

■ 167.1630, -2.0170,  
-1.9930

■ 124.8560,  
-54.0020, -45.5700

■ 173.2720, 5.2260,  
4.4100

■ 118.8610,  
-61.5660, -51.6620

■ 178.9680, 12.1940,  
10.2900

■ 113.0510,  
-68.2130, -57.8530

■ 185.0770, 19.4370,  
16.6930

■ 108.7790,  
-73.4390, -62.2630

■ 191.0720, 27.0010,  
22.7850

■ 197.1810, 34.2440,  
29.1880

■ 200.1860, 35.8480,  
33.1600

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.5090, -0.7760, -18.9840



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



145.8090, -45.4790, -18.3030

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



157.1610, -24.8980, 10.7020



159.2190, 39.1080, 7.1080

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



132.9360, 24.3880, 20.5800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160.2760, 34.9340, 16.6780



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



160.0070, -0.7370, 18.8710

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



151.1750, -45.8490, -0.5770



161.0820, 21.0410, 20.6650



157.5460, 33.3330, -3.8750



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



145.7250, -53.8700, -14.9100



161.0820, 21.0410, 20.6650



159.4410, 38.6030, 10.7550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



211.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



154.5430, 1.8840, -23.1400



105.0160, -6.0970, -5.1450



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



187.9710, -37.7280, -32.1280



152.1420, -33.0550, -12.1830



81.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



95.3120, -64.4540, -54.3900



12.8800, -8.7100, -7.3500



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.9360, 24.3880, 20.5800



162.9150, 38.0490, 31.8170



129.8580, 33.0550, 12.1830



78.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



52.6880, 64.4540, 54.3900



7.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

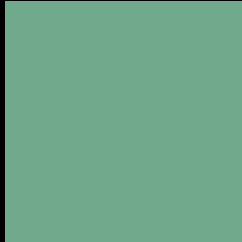
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800.



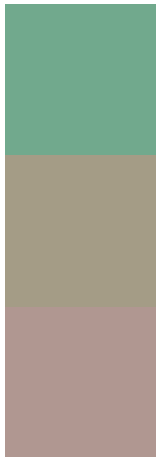
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800.

-20.5800.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800

### Protanopia

155.8840, 11.8300, -5.1460

### Deuteranopia

157.7910, 16.8260, 3.4340



## Tritanopia

152.6250, -29.8010, -5.0730

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800

## Protanomaly

153.4800, -1.8320, -10.8560

## Deuteranomaly

154.9090, 1.5140, -5.4140

## Tritanomaly

151.4200, -27.9660, -10.7980

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800

## Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

148.8800, -8.7100, -7.3500

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 169, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 169, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 169, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 169, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 169, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 169, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 169, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 169, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 169, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 169,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 149.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 169, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
169, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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