

Converting Colors

YIQ(149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(149.2000, 22.9240,
3.0520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD8D81
RGB	173, 141, 129
RGB Percent	68%, 55%, 51%
CMY	0.3215, 0.4471, 0.4940
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.25, 0.32
HSL	16°, 21%, 59%
HSV	16°, 25%, 68%
XYZ	30.7245, 29.5177, 24.8559
YIQ	149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

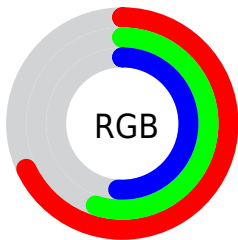
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 146, 129
Decimal	11373953
CIE Lab	61.24, 10.24, 10.93
CIE LCh	61, 14.978, 46.879
Yxy	29.5177, 0.3610, 0.3469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289564033 (0xFFAD8D81)
YUV	149.2000, -9.9586, 20.8726
Hunter-Lab	54.3302, 5.8665, 10.9061

Details

The YIQ color $149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $152.8000, -22.9240, -3.0520$, and the grayscale version is $149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $203.6840, 24.4370, 3.1650$, and $98.4170, 20.8150, 2.7270$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $139.6310, 31.9560, 4.5640$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $158.7690, 13.8920, 1.5400$.

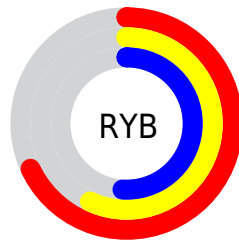
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (55%)

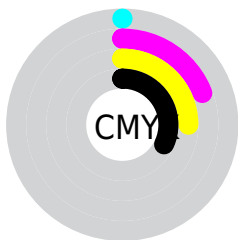
Blue (51%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (51%)

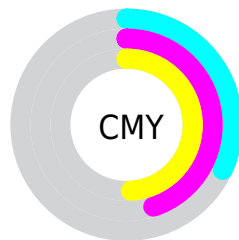


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 149.2000, 22.9240,
3.0520


 149.2000, 22.9240,
3.0520


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 123.0150, 22.0070,
3.1510


 203.6840, 24.4370,
3.1650


 98.4170, 20.8150,
2.7270


 230.9720, 23.5660,
2.4300

 74.2320, 19.8980,
2.8260

 250.7140, 6.5570,
-3.1950

 51.3350, 18.1100,
2.1900

 29.7370, 16.9180,
1.7660

 7.7740, 15.4960,
5.5120

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.2000, 22.9240,
3.0520

■ 149.2000, 22.9240,
3.0520

■ 139.6310, 31.9560,
4.5640

■ 158.7690, 13.8920,
1.5400

■ 130.5350, 41.0340,
5.2420

■ 167.8650, 4.8140,
0.8620

■ 120.9660, 50.0660,
6.7540

■ 177.4340, -4.2180,
-0.6500

■ 111.9840, 58.8230,
7.7430

■ 186.4160,
-12.9750, -1.6390

■ 102.4150, 67.8550,
9.2550

■ 196.0990,
-22.3280, -2.8400

■ 92.7320, 77.2080,
10.4560

■ 205.6680,
-31.3600, -4.3520

■ 83.7500, 85.9650,
11.4450

■ 214.6500,
-40.1170, -5.3410

■ 79.3160, 90.1830,
12.0950

■ 222.8510,
-45.2970, -10.5850

■ 229.8950,
-48.5970, -16.8610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150.2910, 21.4100, 8.4660



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



148.0590, 18.7070, -3.1250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



143.2380, -15.7700, -11.5620



148.1810, -10.4550, 7.7610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



152.8000, -22.9240, -3.0520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.0330, -21.9620, 1.5420



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



143.0290, -25.3070, -9.4270

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



144.8820, -3.0240, -11.2800



143.8210, -27.4170, -4.2250



149.8190, 2.4280, 11.0680

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



147.1290, 12.5180, -6.6020



143.8210, -27.4170, -4.2250



147.6750, -14.9020, 5.7540

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



214.3170, 9.3530, 1.2010



145.8040, 15.9520, 19.2800



106.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630



240.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



112.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520



186.7840, 35.8990, 4.6910



162.1140, 16.8740, -8.4540



81.8650, 4.8140, 0.8620



68.9170, 78.1250, 10.3570



10.3990, 12.0580, 1.7380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152.8000, -22.9240, -3.0520



192.2160, -35.8990, -4.6910



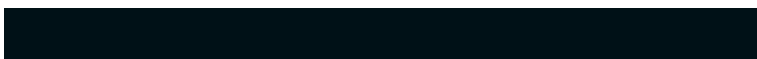
139.8860, -16.8740, 8.4540



82.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



81.6700, -78.4000, -10.8800



12.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

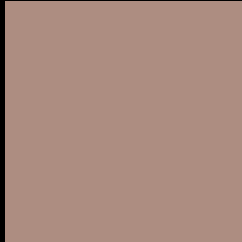
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

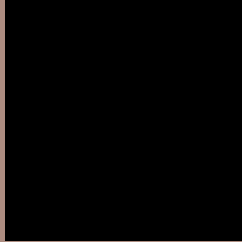
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.2000, 22.9240,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520

Protanopia

147.9700, 8.7120, -3.7040

Deuteranopia

149.1780, 19.9900, 1.1580



Tritanopia

150.3170, 18.5210, 11.2650

Trichromacy



Original Color

149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520

Protanomaly

148.1880, 14.0300, -0.9620

Deuteranomaly

148.8900, 20.8610, 1.8930

Tritanomaly

149.8070, 19.8970, 8.3530

Monochromacy



Original Color

149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520

Achromatopsia

149.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

149.1320, 8.4360, 1.3000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 141, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 141, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 141, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 141, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 141, 129) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 141, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 141, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 141, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 141, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 141, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 149.2000, 22.9240, 3.0520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 141, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
141, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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