

Converting Colors

YIQ(149.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110)
contains.

YIQ(149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(149.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A19F4A
RGB	161, 159, 74
RGB Percent	63%, 62%, 29%
CMY	0.3687, 0.3765, 0.7096
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.54, 0.37
HSL	59°, 37%, 46%
HSV	59°, 54%, 63%
XYZ	28.3310, 32.8667, 11.3373
YIQ	149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

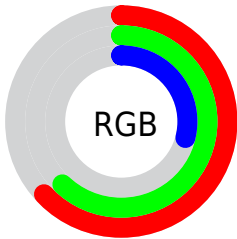
Format	Color
RYB	76, 161, 74
Decimal	10592074
CIELab	64.05, -11.06, 43.93
CIELCh	64, 45.301, 104.127
Yxy	32.8667, 0.3906, 0.4531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288782154 (0xFFA19F4A)
YUV	149.9080, -37.4226, 9.7277
Hunter-Lab	57.3295, -12.1158, 28.4056

Details

The YIQ color **149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **85.0920, -28.4770, 26.0110**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205.0500, 30.9530, -26.8310**, and **98.0110, 26.6890, -26.6470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148.0840, 33.6130, -30.9870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151.7320, 23.3410, -21.0350**.

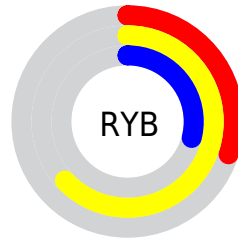
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (62%)

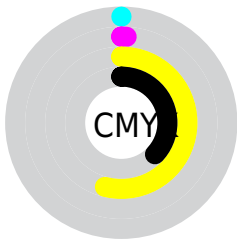
Blue (29%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (29%)

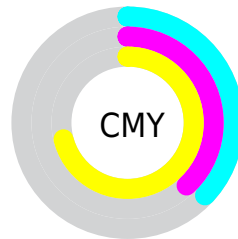


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 149.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110

■ 149.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 123.7230, 27.5600,
-25.9120

■ 205.0500, 30.9530,
-26.8310

■ 98.0110, 26.6890,
-26.6470

■ 233.2350, 31.8700,
-26.9300

■ 73.5270, 25.1760,
-26.7600

■ 246.3360, 24.3960,
-23.6360

■ 52.8500, 17.1970,
-19.8190

■ 249.5280, 15.4080,
-14.9280

■ 32.4610, 8.3470,
-13.6130

■ 252.8340, 6.0990,
-5.9090

■ 11.7400, -5.5000,
-10.4600

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 149.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110

■ 149.9080, 28.4770,
-26.0110

■ 148.0840, 33.6130,
-30.9870

■ 151.7320, 23.3410,
-21.0350

■ 145.6730, 39.0240,
-35.4400

■ 154.1430, 17.9300,
-16.5820

■ 143.8490, 44.1600,
-40.4160

■ 155.9670, 12.7940,
-11.6060

■ 142.0250, 49.2960,
-45.3920

■ 157.7910, 7.6580,
-6.6300

■ 140.2980, 52.7810,
-47.9790

■ 160.3160, 1.9260,
-1.8660

■ 162.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 164.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 166.3750,
-13.7570, 12.5390

■ 168.1990,
-18.8930, 17.5150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.0950, 53.4160, -9.9120



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



144.7170, -7.8340, -34.2500

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



125.4910, -114.9850, -25.1690



158.5610, 39.2860, 36.9340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



85.0920, -28.4770, 26.0110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159.5320, 2.6990, 33.6990



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



123.8900, -120.1220, -14.6660

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



123.1480, -104.2540, -37.9340



153.1500, -43.5600, 18.5200



156.7140, 60.4240, 28.2960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



138.3250, -38.9650, -37.2450



153.1500, -43.5600, 18.5200



159.7000, 28.6490, 36.9770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



204.6510, 10.8680, -9.7400



100.3550, 50.8890, 19.3770



102.1330, 6.6950, -5.6970



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110



191.7350, 44.4810, -40.7270



138.8230, 3.4910, -35.7490



80.3870, 3.1640, -2.2760



126.7090, 47.3700, -43.5260



15.3610, 6.0530, -5.0750

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.0920, -28.4770, 26.0110



90.2650, -44.4810, 40.7270



96.1770, -3.4910, 35.7490



74.6130, -3.1640, 2.2760



18.2910, -47.3700, 43.5260



2.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

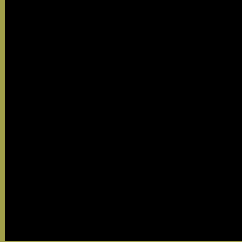
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.9080, 28.4770,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110

Protanopia

150.7350, 36.4540, -21.8980

Deuteranopia

152.7630, 48.4190, -12.9650



Tritanopia

157.2340, 8.3890, 7.6610

Trichromacy



Original Color

149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110

Protanomaly

150.1260, 33.7950, -23.2690

Deuteranomaly

151.7080, 41.0840, -17.7000

Tritanomaly

154.4500, 16.0480, -4.4960

Monochromacy



Original Color

149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110

Achromatopsia

150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

149.7650, 10.5470, -9.4290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 159, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 159, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 159, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 159, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 159, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 159, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 159, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 159, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 159, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 159,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 149.9080, 28.4770, -26.0110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 159, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
159, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor