

Converting Colors

YIQ(149.9330, -113.6540,
-32.7740)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740)
contains.

YIQ(149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(149.9330, -113.6540,
-32.7740)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15CADC
RGB	21, 202, 220
RGB Percent	8%, 79%, 86%
CMY	0.9179, 0.2075, 0.1377
CMYK	0.90, 0.08, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	185°, 83%, 47%
HSV	185°, 90%, 86%
XYZ	34.3480, 47.5961, 75.0045
YIQ	149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

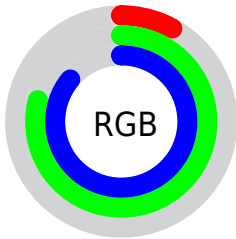
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 116, 220
Decimal	1428188
CIE _{Lab}	74.57, -34.24, -20.48
CIE _{LCh}	75, 39.899, 210.882
Yxy	47.5961, 0.2188, 0.3033
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279618268 (0xFF15CADC)
YUV	149.9330, 34.5430, -113.0742
Hunter-Lab	68.9899, -31.8627, -16.1660

Details

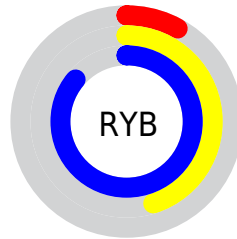
The YIQ color **149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **91.0670, 113.6540, 32.7740**, and the grayscale version is **150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **212.2430, -85.2280, -30.3160**, and **105.0990, -93.3900, -25.5660** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.4800, -125.6200, -36.1800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157.6850, -101.0920, -29.1560**.

Distribution



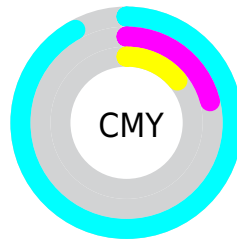
- Red (8%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 149.9330,
-113.6540, -32.7740

■ 149.9330,
-113.6540, -32.7740

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 124.0260,
-109.4820, -31.2900

■ 212.2430,
-85.2280, -30.3160

■ 105.0990,
-93.3900, -25.5660

■ 222.1100,
-65.5600, -23.3200

■ 86.8730, -77.8940,
-20.0540

■ 231.6780,
-46.4880, -16.5360

■ 69.2340, -62.6730,
-15.0650

■ 241.2460,
-27.4160, -9.7520

■ 52.4100, -48.3690,
-9.9770

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,
-3.1800

■ 35.5860, -34.0650,
-4.8890

■ 20.1640, -20.9530,

-0.2250

■ 3.0950, -7.3370,
6.3190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 149.9330,
-113.6540, -32.7740

■ 149.9330,
-113.6540, -32.7740

■ 142.4800,
-125.6200, -36.1800

■ 157.6850,
-101.0920, -29.1560

■ 165.4370,
-88.5300, -25.5380

■ 173.1890,
-75.9680, -21.9200

■ 180.9410,
-63.4060, -18.3020

■ 188.6930,
-50.8440, -14.6840

■ 196.4450,
-38.2820, -11.0660

■ 204.1970,
-25.7200, -7.4480

■ 211.9490,
-13.1580, -3.8300

■ 219.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



162.1490, -70.4640, -33.5680



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



163.2320, -94.7220, -12.4340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



188.6560, 22.7810, 33.1890



181.1530, 38.3330, -17.4030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



91.0670, 113.6540, 32.7740

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.7460, 56.2570, -0.8230



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



187.3090, 48.5030, 29.5830

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



186.6930, -14.1720, 25.5720



185.2650, 59.8300, 17.0300



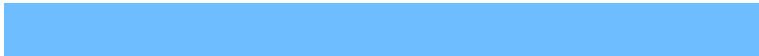
176.5020, 9.1290, -27.7910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



173.4900, -68.5450, 3.2550



185.2650, 59.8300, 17.0300



181.7350, 45.6220, -11.8340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



230.8470, -39.4740, -11.4900



139.7510, -60.1820, -98.7900



113.3930, -23.3360, -6.6000



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740



165.2540, -145.6550, -42.0310



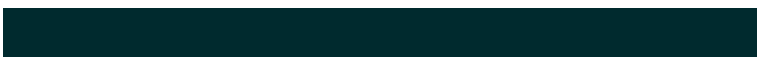
92.4070, -86.7040, 18.4800



106.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



112.4680, -98.9830, -28.8310



29.8980, -26.3160, -7.6600

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101.1350, 60.5030, 98.4790



102.6930, 77.5080, 126.2120



148.5930, 86.7040, -18.4800



103.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420



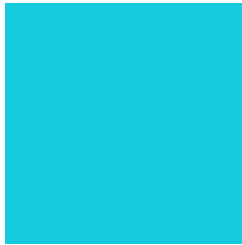
69.7390, 52.3900, 85.8140



18.5420, 13.9340, 22.8140

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

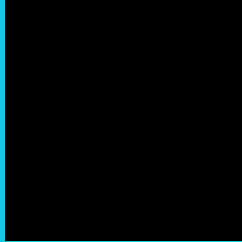
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

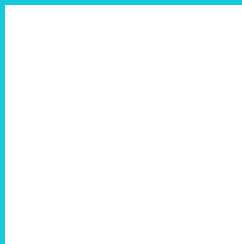
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740.

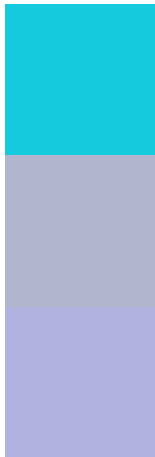


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

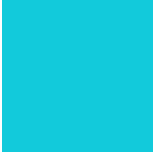
149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740

Protanopia

182.9530, -9.8130, 7.1390

Deuteranopia

183.3580, -15.0870, 14.6170



Tritanopia

148.9220, -115.1210, -33.7210

Trichromacy



Original Color

149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740

Protanomaly

171.1760, -47.5900, -7.5740

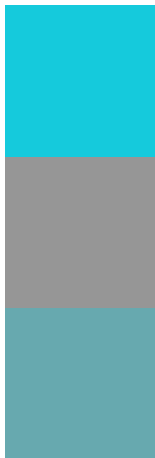
Deuteranomaly

171.3700, -50.8920, -2.7960

Tritanomaly

149.2210, -114.5250, -33.5090

Monochromacy



Original Color

149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740

Achromatopsia

150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

149.9500, -41.2620, -12.1260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 202, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 202, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 202, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 202, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 202, 220) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 202, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 202, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 202, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 202, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 202,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 149.9330, -113.6540, -32.7740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 202, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 202,  
220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor