

Converting Colors

YIQ(15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(15.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A120E
RGB	10, 18, 14
RGB Percent	4%, 7%, 5%
CMY	0.9608, 0.9294, 0.9451
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.22, 0.93
HSL	150°, 29%, 5%
HSV	150°, 44%, 7%
XYZ	0.4207, 0.5289, 0.4953
YIQ	15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

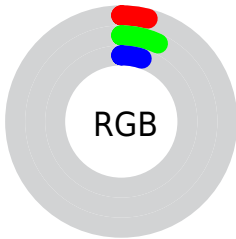
Format	Color
RYB	10, 15, 18
Decimal	659982
CIELab	4.78, -3.36, 1.15
CIElCh	5, 3.552, 161.055
Yxy	0.5289, 0.2912, 0.3661
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278850062 (0xFF0A120E)
YUV	15.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183
Hunter-Lab	7.2727, -2.4011, 1.0531

Details

The YIQ color **15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **12.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400**, and the grayscale version is **15.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.4400, -4.3550, -3.6750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050**.

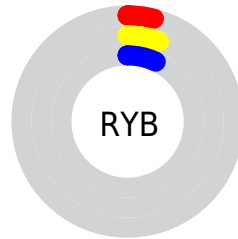
Distribution



Red (4%)

Green (7%)

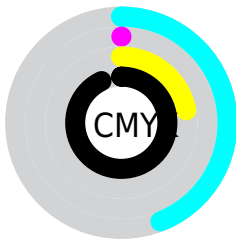
Blue (5%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (6%)

Blue (7%)

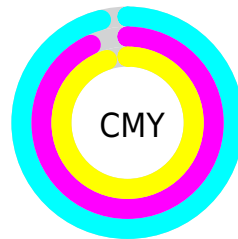


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (93%)



Cyan (96%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 15.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 239.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.8640, -2.6130,
-2.2050

■ 80.8640, -2.6130,
-2.2050

■ 105.4510, -2.8880,
-2.7280

■ 130.4510, -2.8880,
-2.7280

■ 156.4510, -2.8880,
-2.7280

■ 183.1520, -3.4840,

-2.9400

■ 211.0380, -3.1630,
-3.2510

■ 15.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 15.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 14.4400, -4.3550,
-3.6750

■ 15.8640, -2.6130,
-2.2050

■ 13.7280, -5.2260,
-4.4100

■ 16.5760, -1.7420,
-1.4700

■ 13.3150, -5.5010,
-4.9330

■ 16.9890, -1.4670,
-0.9470

■ 12.6030, -6.3720,
-5.6680

■ 17.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 11.8910, -7.2430,
-6.4030

■ 18.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 11.5920, -7.8390,
-6.6150

■ 19.0110, 1.4670,
0.9470

■ 19.7230, 2.3380,
1.6820

■ 20.1360, 2.6130,
2.2050

■ 20.8480, 3.4840,
2.9400

Harmonies

Analogous

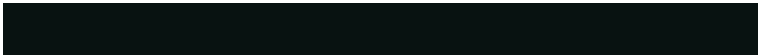
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4190, 0.1380, -2.5020



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



14.8960, -5.6390, -2.4310

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



16.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540



16.7510, 5.1350, 0.5510

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



12.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5060, 4.4470, 2.0070



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



16.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



15.6620, -4.8600, -0.0280



16.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



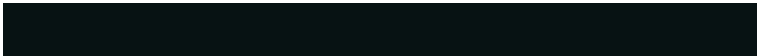
16.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



14.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



16.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280



16.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



21.8750, -1.1460, -1.2580



15.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360



12.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350



140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



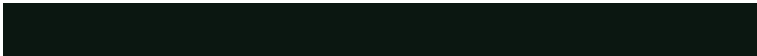
13.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



18.7280, -5.2260, -4.4100



15.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960



9.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120



47.6560, -32.2270, -27.1950



129.5010, -87.6960, -73.7120

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



15.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100



12.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960



9.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230



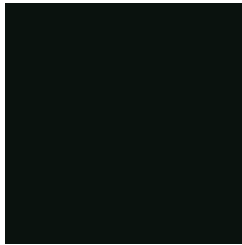
26.3440, 32.2270, 27.1950



71.6130, 87.3750, 74.0230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

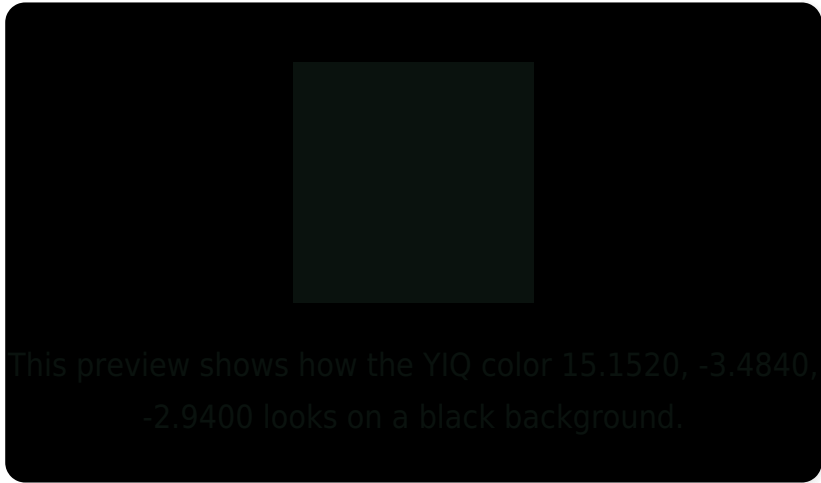
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

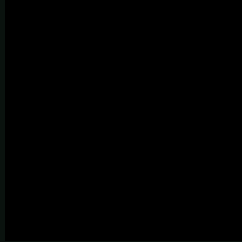
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400.



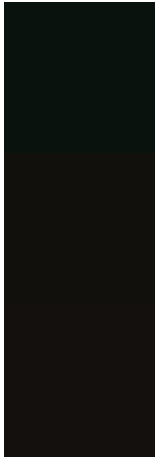
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400.

-2.9400.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

Protanopia

15.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210

Deuteranopia

16.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140



Tritanopia

15.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

Protanomaly

15.6470, -0.5040, -1.8800

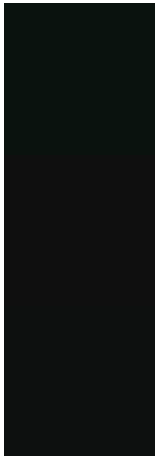
Deuteranomaly

16.3590, 0.3670, -1.1450

Tritanomaly

15.2060, -3.5760, -1.2720

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

Achromatopsia

15.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

14.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 18, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 18, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 18, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 18, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 18, 14) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 18, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 18, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 18, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 18, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 18, 14)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 15.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 18, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 18,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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