

# Converting Colors

YIQ(150.1190, -15.9120,  
13.0480)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(150.1190, -15.9120,  
13.0480)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F92BE
RGB	143, 146, 190
RGB Percent	56%, 57%, 75%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4274, 0.2550
CMYK	0.25, 0.23, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	236°, 27%, 65%
HSV	236°, 25%, 75%
XYZ	30.8992, 30.1149, 52.8852
YIQ	150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

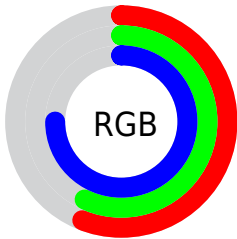
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	143, 146, 190
Decimal	9409214
CIELab	61.75, 8.66, -23.16
CIELCh	62, 24.721, 290.499
Yxy	30.1149, 0.2713, 0.2644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287599294 (0xFF8F92BE)
YUV	150.1190, 19.6613, -6.2434
Hunter-Lab	54.8771, 4.4719, -18.7240

# Details

The YIQ color  $150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $182.8810, 15.9120, -13.0480$ , and the grayscale version is  $150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $204.3470, -16.5540, 13.6700$ , and  $99.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $133.8720, -22.2860, 18.4340$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $166.3660, -9.5380, 7.6620$ .

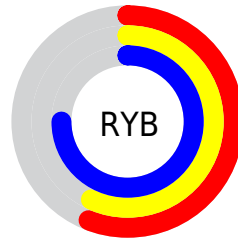
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (57%)

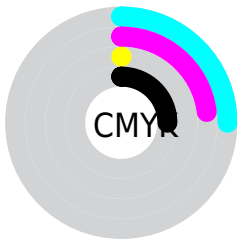
Blue (75%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (75%)

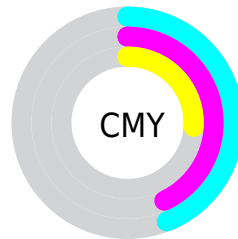


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 150.1190,  
-15.9120, 13.0480

■ 150.1190,  
-15.9120, 13.0480

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 124.0050,  
-15.5910, 12.7370

■ 204.3470,  
-16.5540, 13.6700

■ 99.3640, -15.2240,  
11.5920

■ 230.4800, -9.8590,  
7.9730

■ 74.9510, -15.4990,  
11.0690

■ 52.0110, -15.7280,  
9.7120

■ 29.8860, -16.8740,  
8.4540

■ 5.8480, -13.7110,  
11.7050

■ 2.7530, -6.3740,

5.3860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 150.1190,  
-15.9120, 13.0480

■ 150.1190,  
-15.9120, 13.0480

■ 133.8720,  
-22.2860, 18.4340

■ 166.3660, -9.5380,  
7.6620

■ 117.6250,  
-28.6600, 23.8200

■ 182.6130, -3.1640,  
2.2760

■ 101.9650,  
-35.3090, 28.6830

■ 198.2730, 3.4850,  
-2.5870

■ 85.7180, -41.6830,  
34.0690

■ 214.5200, 9.8590,  
-7.9730

■ 69.4710, -48.0570,  
39.4550

■ 230.7670, 16.2330,  
-13.3590

■ 53.2240, -54.4310,  
44.8410

■ 246.4160, 21.4150,  
-19.1690

■ 37.5640, -61.0800,  
49.7040

■ 247.5900, 20.8650,  
-20.2150

■ 28.7040, -64.2900,  
52.8140

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.1870, -36.9550, 3.4370



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



152.6010, 6.2780, 18.3900

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



150.1430, 36.2660, 3.5460



140.4810, -29.9360, -19.1520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



182.8810, 15.9120, -13.0480

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.6160, -8.3870, -18.7150



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



148.3280, 28.0150, -6.6170

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



152.0540, 35.4390, 13.0310



146.0870, 12.3360, -14.3200



138.3190, -46.8550, -15.3910



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



152.6580, 19.2990, 19.1950



146.0870, 12.3360, -14.3200



141.4880, -22.6460, -19.1100

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



232.5250, -5.7320, 4.7640



175.6050, -27.0490, -10.8970



116.7270, -3.4850, 2.5870



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480



184.3710, -25.1290, 20.3990



154.3380, -3.1670, 18.8570



86.6130, -3.1640, 2.2760



23.8820, -53.4680, 43.9080



4.7080, -10.5010, 8.5950



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157.3950, 27.0490, 10.8970



195.6960, 42.4990, 17.2430



178.6620, 3.1670, -18.8570



87.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



48.3820, 90.9580, 36.6060

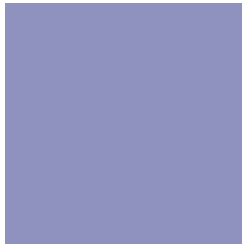


9.4970, 17.8340, 7.1940



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

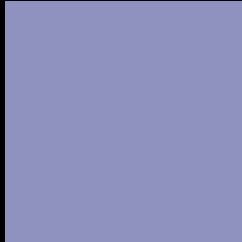
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

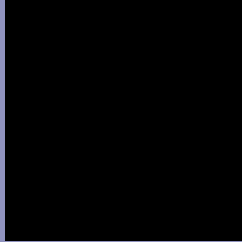
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480

### Protanopia

149.3250, -19.4880, 11.7760

### Deuteranopia

149.8200, -16.5080, 12.8360



## Tritanopia

148.4810, -11.6000, 0.9760

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480

## Protanomaly

149.9230, -18.2960, 12.2000

## Deuteranomaly

149.8200, -16.5080, 12.8360

## Tritanomaly

149.0450, -13.0680, 5.5560

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480

## Achromatopsia

150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

150.2260, -6.3280, 4.5520

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 146, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 146, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 146, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 146, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 146, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 146, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 146, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 146, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 146, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 146,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 150.1190, -15.9120, 13.0480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 146, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
146, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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