

# Converting Colors

YIQ(150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(150.2070, -4.1760,  
20.6240)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F8ABE
RGB	159, 138, 190
RGB Percent	62%, 54%, 75%
CMY	0.3764, 0.4588, 0.2550
CMYK	0.16, 0.27, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	264°, 29%, 64%
HSV	264°, 27%, 75%
XYZ	32.6822, 29.2646, 52.6330
YIQ	150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

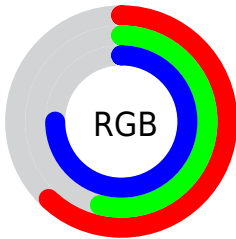
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">159, 138, 190</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10455742</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.01, 18.33, -24.18</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">61, 30.342, 307.167</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.2646, 0.2852, 0.2554</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288645822</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF9F8ABE</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">150.2070, 19.6179, 7.7115</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.0968, 13.1700, -19.8179</a>

# Details

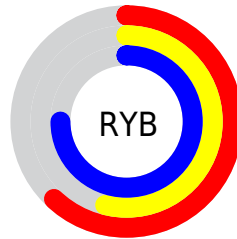
The YIQ color  $150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $177.7930, 4.1760, -20.6240$ , and the grayscale version is  $150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $204.7340, -4.2220, 21.4580$ , and  $99.1530, -4.0840, 18.9560$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $135.7650, -5.5070, 28.2290$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $164.6490, -2.8450, 13.0190$ .

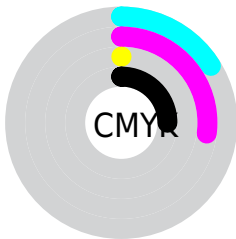
# Distribution



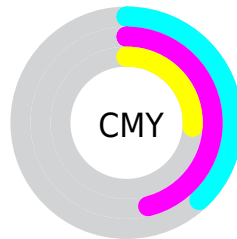
- Red (62%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 150.2070, -4.1760,  
20.6240

■ 150.2070, -4.1760,  
20.6240

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 124.0930, -3.8550,  
20.3130

■ 204.7340, -4.2220,  
21.4580

■ 99.1530, -4.0840,  
18.9560

■ 230.2800, 2.7480,  
16.2840

■ 74.7400, -4.3590,  
18.4330

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,  
3.6610

■ 51.8000, -4.5880,  
17.0760

■ 29.9740, -5.1380,  
16.0300

■ 10.0560, -2.4330,  
16.5670

■ 2.7530, -6.3740,

5.3860

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 150.2070, -4.1760,  
20.6240

■ 150.2070, -4.1760,  
20.6240

■ 135.7650, -5.5070,  
28.2290

■ 164.6490, -2.8450,  
13.0190

■ 121.0240, -7.4340,  
35.6220

■ 179.3900, -0.9180,  
5.6260

■ 106.5820, -8.7650,  
43.2270

■ 193.8320, 0.4130,  
-1.9790

■ 92.1400, -10.0960,  
50.8320

■ 208.2740, 1.7440,  
-9.5840

■ 77.3990, -12.0230,  
58.2250

■ 223.0150, 3.6710,  
-16.9770

62.9570, -13.3540,  
65.8300

237.4570, 5.0020,  
-24.5820

48.5150, -14.6850,  
73.4350

242.5070, 10.7330,  
-23.8190

44.6830, -15.0980,  
75.4140

246.0950, 17.8850,  
-21.2750

247.5900, 20.8650,  
-20.2150

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



151.4890, 21.4530, 24.2130

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



147.4820, 39.3850, -3.4230



132.2700, -54.3270, -23.1510

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



177.7930, 4.1760, -20.6240

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137.5860, -26.0380, -23.7180



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



145.1330, 23.8900, -14.4620

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



148.4370, 44.4260, 9.8500



141.7110, 1.4710, -21.1610



129.8740, -70.4670, -16.9870



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



150.6660, 34.0160, 22.3040



141.7110, 1.4710, -21.1610



134.2340, -45.4780, -23.8300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



232.5580, -1.3310, 7.6050



162.1250, -25.2170, -0.0410



115.2760, -0.5970, 5.3150



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240



185.1010, -6.3330, 32.1870



157.9810, 11.3200, 26.1360



87.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470



37.1480, -12.5740, 62.7060



7.1220, -2.7990, 12.1850



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157.0820, 21.0410, 20.6650



195.6910, 32.8680, 32.1000



170.0190, -11.3200, -26.1360



88.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740



57.9580, 63.9940, 62.7300

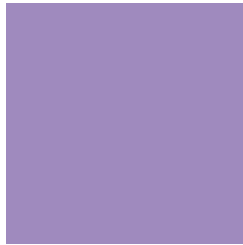


11.3210, 12.6980, 12.1700



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

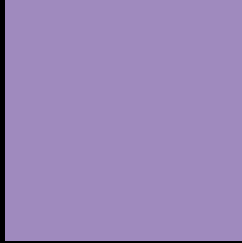
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

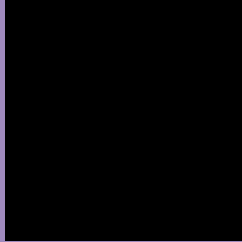
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.2070, -4.1760,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240

### Protanopia

147.8130, -23.7980, 12.7940

### Deuteranopia

148.5210, -17.1040, 12.6240



## Tritanopia

148.0590, 1.5120, 5.6400

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240

## Protanomaly

148.5150, -16.9670, 15.6490

## Deuteranomaly

148.8530, -12.1070, 15.6770

## Tritanomaly

148.8510, -0.5980, 10.8420

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240

## Achromatopsia

150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

150.2590, -1.9270, 7.3930

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 138, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 138, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 138, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 138, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 138, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 138, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 138, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 138, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 138, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 138,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 150.2070, -4.1760, 20.6240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 138, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
138, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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