

Converting Colors

YIQ(150.4570, 40.5330,
-13.2190)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190)
contains.

YIQ(150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(150.4570, 40.5330,
-13.2190)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B59453
RGB	181, 148, 83
RGB Percent	71%, 58%, 33%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4196, 0.6743
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.54, 0.29
HSL	40°, 40%, 52%
HSV	40°, 54%, 71%
XYZ	31.2094, 31.6257, 12.6540
YIQ	150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

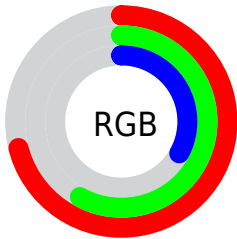
Format	Color
RYB	133, 181, 83
Decimal	11899987
CIELab	63.03, 4.29, 38.66
CIELCh	63, 38.899, 83.667
Yxy	31.6257, 0.4134, 0.4189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290090067 (0xFFB59453)
YUV	150.4570, -33.2563, 26.7862
Hunter-Lab	56.2367, 0.6471, 26.0247

Details

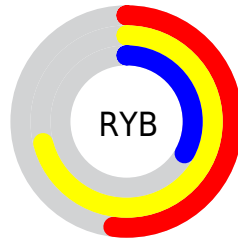
The YIQ color **150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **113.5430, -40.5330, 13.2190**, and the grayscale version is **151.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205.3110, 43.8800, -13.3040**, and **99.1900, 36.9110, -13.6570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144.8830, 47.9610, -15.6790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156.0310, 33.1050, -10.7590**.

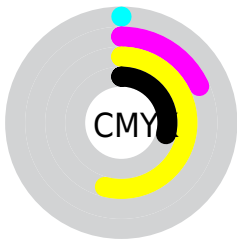
Distribution



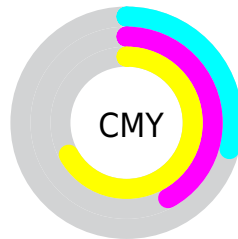
- Red (71%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 150.4570, 40.5330,
-13.2190

■ 150.4570, 40.5330,
-13.2190

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 124.0870, 38.6990,
-13.0210

■ 205.3110, 43.8800,
-13.3040

■ 99.1900, 36.9110,
-13.6570

■ 229.6090, 37.0490,
-16.1590

■ 74.0650, 35.7650,
-14.9150

■ 247.3620, 21.5070,
-20.8370

■ 52.0630, 30.0790,
-10.9850

■ 250.5540, 12.5190,
-12.1290

■ 32.5490, 20.0830,
-6.0370

■ 253.8600, 3.2100,
-3.1100

■ 10.9860, 11.7830,
1.2150

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 150.4570, 40.5330,
-13.2190

■ 150.4570, 40.5330,
-13.2190

■ 144.8830, 47.9610,
-15.6790

■ 156.0310, 33.1050,
-10.7590

■ 139.3090, 55.3890,
-18.1390

■ 161.6050, 25.6770,
-8.2990

■ 133.7350, 62.8170,
-20.5990

■ 167.1790, 18.2490,
-5.8390

■ 128.1610, 70.2450,
-23.0590

■ 172.7530, 10.8210,
-3.3790

■ 124.5590, 74.8760,
-24.3880

■ 178.4410, 3.0720,
-0.6080

■ 184.6020, -4.6310,
1.3290

■ 190.1760,
-12.0590, 3.7890

■ 195.7500,
-19.4870, 6.2490

■ 201.3240,
-26.9150, 8.7090

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.8970, 54.5140, 3.2340



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



147.3180, 15.6390, -24.6250

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



120.1960, -104.2090, -33.2410



157.2850, 13.5200, 30.3200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



113.5430, -40.5330, 13.2190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.6810, -23.0660, 21.5580



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



121.0400, -112.0970, -22.4410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



132.3520, -60.7900, -32.6780



143.0560, -64.3270, 3.9050



155.7150, 41.4880, 30.0640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



143.6620, -6.0010, -28.9210



143.0560, -64.3270, 3.9050



156.7720, 1.7830, 28.2710

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



223.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



116.1780, 47.4940, 31.3500



110.3830, 8.9870, -3.1810



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190



187.0340, 63.4130, -20.3870



165.3430, 22.5180, -33.6580



86.2130, 3.7140, -1.2300



105.0340, 63.4130, -20.3870



17.7530, 10.8210, -3.3790

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113.5430, -40.5330, 13.2190



129.9660, -63.4130, 20.3870



98.6570, -22.5180, 33.6580



82.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



47.9660, -63.4130, 20.3870



8.2470, -10.8210, 3.3790

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

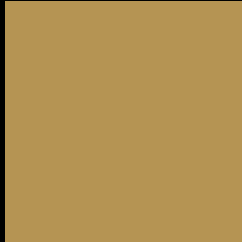
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.4570, 40.5330,

-13.2190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190

Protanopia

149.7330, 30.7680, -17.9680

Deuteranopia

151.1910, 44.3380, -10.5900



Tritanopia

155.3070, 24.4810, 13.3850

Trichromacy



Original Color

150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190

Protanomaly

149.9400, 34.6190, -16.1730

Deuteranomaly

151.1800, 42.8710, -11.5370

Tritanomaly

153.6200, 30.4890, 3.6170

Monochromacy



Original Color

150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190

Achromatopsia

150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

149.9660, 14.5350, -4.6090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 148, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 148, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 148, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 148, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 148, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 148, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 148, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 148, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 148, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 148,  
83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 150.4570, 40.5330, -13.2190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 148, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
148, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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