

# Converting Colors

YIQ(150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(150.7960, 63.1290,  
28.8330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E57382
RGB	229, 115, 130
RGB Percent	90%, 45%, 51%
CMY	0.1017, 0.5492, 0.4900
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.43, 0.10
HSL	352°, 69%, 67%
HSV	352°, 50%, 90%
XYZ	42.4946, 30.5337, 24.7944
YIQ	150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

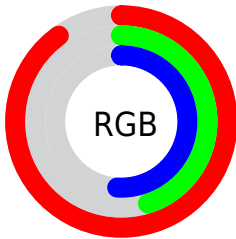
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	229, 115, 130
Decimal	15037314
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	62.11, 45.64, 12.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 47.330, 15.369
Yxy	30.5337, 0.4344, 0.3121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293227394 (0xFFE57382)
YUV	150.7960, -10.2524, 68.5849
Hunter-Lab	55.2573, 40.5718, 12.0762

# Details

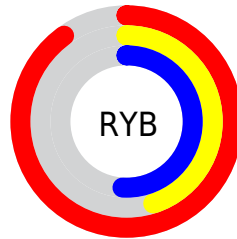
The YIQ color **150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **193.2040, -63.1290, -28.8330**, and the grayscale version is **151.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196.3100, 46.7620, 22.5860**, and **96.4580, 58.2690, 28.8050** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.0150, 75.8740, 34.6420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.5770, 50.3840, 23.0240**.

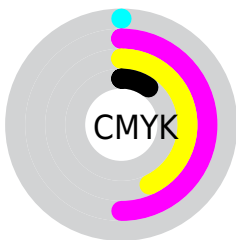
# Distribution



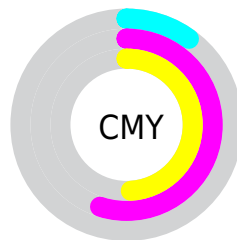
- Red (90%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



150.7960, 63.1290,  
28.8330

150.7960, 63.1290,  
28.8330

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

123.1270, 60.6990,  
28.8190

196.3100, 46.7620,  
22.5860

96.4580, 58.2690,  
28.8050

216.4110, 30.1200,  
15.8160

69.3160, 55.7930,  
29.6250

236.1530, 13.1110,  
10.1910

37.7060, 54.8750,  
35.2510

26.9400, 44.9280,  
22.7840

17.7550, 34.8430,  
12.8190

7.2900, 13.9830,

5.3990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 150.7960, 63.1290,  
28.8330

■ 150.7960, 63.1290,  
28.8330

■ 135.0150, 75.8740,  
34.6420

■ 166.5770, 50.3840,  
23.0240

■ 119.2340, 88.6190,  
40.4510

■ 182.3580, 37.6390,  
17.2150

■ 103.4530,  
101.3640, 46.2600

■ 198.1390, 24.8940,  
11.4060

■ 87.7860, 113.7880,  
52.3800

■ 213.9200, 12.1490,  
5.5970

■ 72.0050, 126.5330,  
58.1890

■ 229.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 71.8910, 126.8540,  
57.8780

■ 244.7810,  
-12.7450, -5.8090

■ 247.2260,  
-15.4960, -5.5120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.1700, 41.9450, 38.3050



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



149.3440, 66.6170, 9.6650

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



138.1080, -10.4930, -35.6210



120.2540, -118.1510, -11.8390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



193.2040, -63.1290, -28.8330

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122.4420, -113.2890, -22.8650



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



122.6400, -70.8290, -43.4770

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



144.5550, 27.9730, -27.8910



119.8710, -101.9160, -36.2520



147.9050, -44.2480, 19.9760



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



148.3780, 60.1090, -4.5550



119.8710, -101.9160, -36.2520



122.0320, -117.6460, -15.4860

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



228.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



157.5970, 22.4100, 56.4420



112.2190, 12.7450, 5.8090



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



150.0270, 84.7680, 38.6560



173.7400, 56.3940, 2.2020



106.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



56.2570, 98.9800, 45.4120



16.0470, 28.1490, 12.9890



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330



150.0270, 84.7680, 38.6560



170.2600, -56.3940, -2.2020



106.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



56.2570, 98.9800, 45.4120



16.0470, 28.1490, 12.9890



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

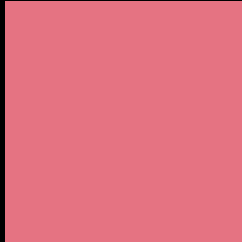
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

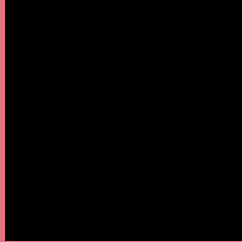
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 150.7960, 63.1290,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330

### Protanopia

150.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260

### Deuteranopia

151.3910, 23.7040, -0.0720



## Tritanopia

150.6990, 64.7800, 26.4440

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330

## Protanomaly

150.6120, 24.9400, 10.5720

## Deuteranomaly

151.1420, 38.0070, 10.5430

## Tritanomaly

150.9270, 64.1380, 27.0660

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330

## Achromatopsia

151.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

150.8290, 22.8310, 10.2470

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 115, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 115, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 115, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 115, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 115, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 115, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 115, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 115, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 115, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 115,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 150.7960, 63.1290, 28.8330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 115, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
115, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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