

Converting Colors

YIQ(151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960)
contains.

YIQ(151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(151.3710, 53.9600,
24.2960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA7985
RGB	218, 121, 133
RGB Percent	85%, 47%, 52%
CMY	0.1449, 0.5256, 0.4782
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.39, 0.14
HSL	353°, 57%, 66%
HSV	353°, 45%, 86%
XYZ	40.0013, 30.2745, 25.9445
YIQ	151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

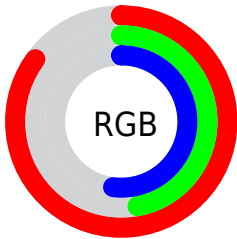
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 121, 133
Decimal	14317957
CIE Lab	61.89, 38.96, 10.30
CIE LCh	62, 40.303, 14.810
Yxy	30.2745, 0.4157, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292508037 (0xFFDA7985)
YUV	151.3710, -9.0569, 58.4336
Hunter-Lab	55.0223, 33.4807, 10.5588

Details

The YIQ color **151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **187.6290, -53.9600, -24.2960**, and the grayscale version is **151.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200.1740, 44.1490, 20.3810**, and **98.5060, 49.1460, 23.4340** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136.2910, 66.1090, 29.8930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **166.4510, 41.8110, 18.6990**.

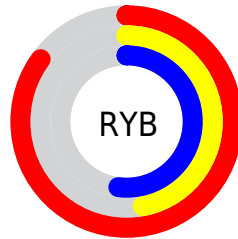
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (47%)

Blue (52%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (52%)

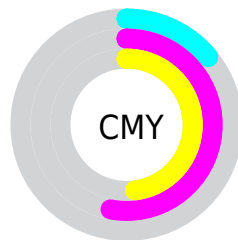


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 151.3710, 53.9600,
24.2960

■ 151.3710, 53.9600,
24.2960

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 124.5880, 51.8510,
23.9710

■ 200.1740, 44.1490,
20.3810

■ 97.9190, 49.4210,
23.9570

■ 219.8020, 27.4610,
14.4450

■ 72.2500, 46.9910,
23.9430

■ 240.0170, 10.4980,
7.9860

■ 44.9340, 45.0650,
25.8090

■ 25.1890, 39.7930,
22.2330

■ 15.9610, 31.2670,
11.5470

■ 2.9900, 5.9600,

2.1200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 151.3710, 53.9600,
24.2960

■ 151.3710, 53.9600,
24.2960

■ 136.2910, 66.1090,
29.8930

■ 166.4510, 41.8110,
18.6990

■ 121.2110, 78.2580,
35.4900

■ 181.5310, 29.6620,
13.1020

■ 106.7180, 90.1320,
40.5640

■ 196.0240, 17.7880,
8.0280

■ 91.6380, 102.2810,
46.1610

■ 211.1040, 5.6390,
2.4310

■ 76.5580, 114.4300,
51.7580

■ 226.2980, -6.8310,
-2.8550

■ 68.2600, 121.2610,
54.6130

■ 241.3780,
-18.9800, -8.4520

■ 243.9370,
-22.0520, -7.8440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.3600, 35.2980, 32.1140



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



150.0270, 57.2640, 8.4640

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



140.2380, -7.7430, -30.3910



131.9500, -84.8200, -4.6600

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



187.6290, -53.9600, -24.2960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119.5410, -109.2540, -24.4060



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



131.9850, -49.5110, -33.3430

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



144.8630, 24.3500, -22.8020



117.6540, -99.8070, -35.9270



148.2170, -36.4990, 17.2050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



148.7130, 51.8560, -3.6640



117.6540, -99.8070, -35.9270



118.7890, -112.6480, -17.9600

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



232.3230, 18.3840, 8.2400



157.1740, 18.9270, 47.9750



113.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



162.3030, 75.0030, 33.9070



171.1350, 47.9120, 1.7360



102.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



54.2350, 96.0460, 43.5180



14.4380, 25.4900, 11.6180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960



162.3030, 75.0030, 33.9070



167.8650, -47.9120, -1.7360



102.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



54.2350, 96.0460, 43.5180



14.4380, 25.4900, 11.6180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

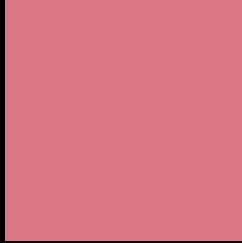
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

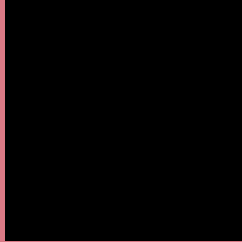
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 151.3710, 53.9600,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960

Protanopia

150.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

Deuteranopia

150.6620, 21.5030, 1.2710



Tritanopia

151.0290, 54.9230, 23.3630

Trichromacy



Original Color

151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960

Protanomaly

150.8180, 21.3640, 9.3000

Deuteranomaly

151.1630, 33.5140, 9.3700

Tritanomaly

151.1430, 54.6020, 23.6740

Monochromacy



Original Color

151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960

Achromatopsia

151.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

150.9210, 19.5760, 8.6640

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 121, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 121, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 121, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 121, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 121, 133) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 121, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 121, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 121, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 121, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 121,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 151.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 121, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
121, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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