

# Converting Colors

YIQ(151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(151.6780, 68.1320,  
-1.2760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8864A
RGB	216, 134, 74
RGB Percent	85%, 53%, 29%
CMY	0.1528, 0.4746, 0.7095
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.66, 0.15
HSL	25°, 65%, 57%
HSV	25°, 66%, 85%
XYZ	38.0899, 32.1412, 10.6892
YIQ	151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

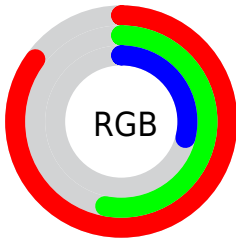
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">216, 178, 74</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14190154</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.46, 26.14, 44.74</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">63, 51.811, 59.707</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.1412, 0.4707, 0.3972</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292380234 (0xFFD8864A)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">151.6780, -38.2953, 56.4104</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.6932, 20.7138, 28.5065</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **138.3220, -68.1320, 1.2760**, and the grayscale version is **152.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200.8510, 60.1550, -5.3890**, and **98.8020, 61.8510, -3.0850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141.5390, 78.7690, -1.3190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.2300, 57.7700, -0.7100**.

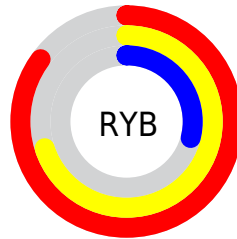
# Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (53%)

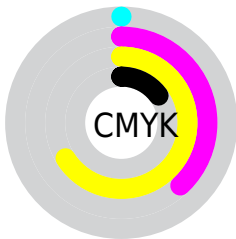
Blue (29%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (29%)

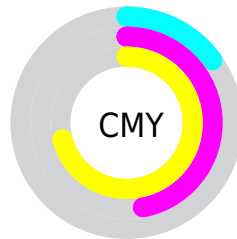


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (66%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



151.6780, 68.1320,  
-1.2760

151.6780, 68.1320,  
-1.2760

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

124.7100, 65.1060,  
-1.5020

200.8510, 60.1550,  
-5.3890

99.1010, 62.4470,  
-2.8730

220.2510, 44.1090,  
-11.9470

73.4920, 59.7880,  
-4.2440

239.7650, 27.7420,  
-18.1940

51.3200, 48.8290,  
1.6370

249.4140, 15.7290,  
-15.2390

29.4470, 38.4660,  
7.7300

252.7200, 6.4200,  
-6.2200

13.7540, 27.4160,  
9.7520

0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 151.6780, 68.1320,  
-1.2760

■ 151.6780, 68.1320,  
-1.2760

■ 141.5390, 78.7690,  
-1.3190

■ 161.2300, 57.7700,  
-0.7100

■ 132.1010, 88.8100,  
-1.5740

■ 171.2550, 47.4540,  
-0.9780

■ 122.5490, 99.1720,  
-2.1400

■ 180.8070, 37.0920,  
-0.4120

■ 118.0010,  
103.7110, -1.8010

■ 190.8320, 26.7760,  
-0.6800

■ 200.3840, 16.4140,  
-0.1140

■ 210.5230, 5.7770,  
-0.0710

■ 219.9610, -4.2640,  
0.1840

■ 230.1000,  
-14.9010, 0.2270

■ 238.0560,  
-20.7690, -3.5610

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.7830, 73.1710, 23.0510



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



148.9550, 47.4580, -23.0860

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



120.6400, -97.1920, -44.7760



156.3750, -21.7840, 31.3680

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



138.3220, -68.1320, 1.2760

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137.5230, -90.5070, 4.7970



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



125.8840, -111.9580, -30.4700

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



135.0490, -38.3680, -42.5600



126.3520, -121.5430, -16.4470



157.9050, 26.8140, 42.7020



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



145.8380, 25.4980, -32.5980



126.3520, -121.5430, -16.4470



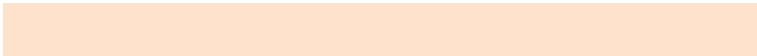
152.9210, -41.1770, 24.8950

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



232.1630, 24.3460, -0.6940



125.9200, 57.9890, 55.9170



113.9000, 14.9010, -0.2270



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760



163.9940, 96.4210, -1.8430



192.7680, 48.8820, -37.8860



102.2240, 5.1810, -0.2830



93.3930, 82.1160, -1.4040



23.4230, 20.6780, -0.2980



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138.3220, -68.1320, 1.2760



145.0060, -96.4210, 1.8430



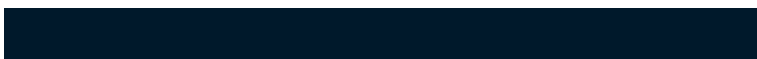
97.2320, -48.8820, 37.8860



101.3630, -5.4560, -0.2400



77.6070, -82.1160, 1.4040



19.5770, -20.6780, 0.2980



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760.

-1.2760.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760

### Protanopia

150.4620, 32.9690, -19.3110

### Deuteranopia

151.1930, 50.0240, -14.5200



## Tritanopia

155.8330, 52.5390, 22.5150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760

## Protanomaly

151.0940, 45.9890, -12.9790

## Deuteranomaly

151.0630, 56.4420, -9.6860

## Tritanomaly

154.6730, 58.5010, 13.5810

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760

## Achromatopsia

152.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

151.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 134, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 134, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 134, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 134, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 134, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 134, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 134, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 134, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 134, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 134,  
74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 151.6780, 68.1320, -1.2760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 134, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
134, 74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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