

# Converting Colors

YIQ(151.7940, -22.7870,  
-0.0270)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(151.7940, -22.7870,  
-0.0270)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	829EB1
RGB	130, 158, 177
RGB Percent	51%, 62%, 69%
CMY	0.4902, 0.3803, 0.3060
CMYK	0.27, 0.11, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	204°, 23%, 60%
HSV	204°, 27%, 69%
XYZ	29.3658, 32.3757, 46.2824
YIQ	151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

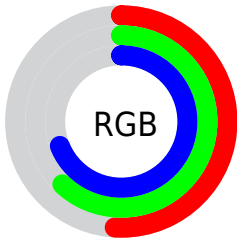
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	130, 148, 177
Decimal	8560305
CIELab	63.65, -5.31, -13.05
CIELCh	64, 14.086, 247.844
Yxy	32.3757, 0.2718, 0.2997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286750385 (0xFF829EB1)
YUV	151.7940, 12.4266, -19.1133
Hunter-Lab	56.8997, -7.4510, -8.3969

# Details

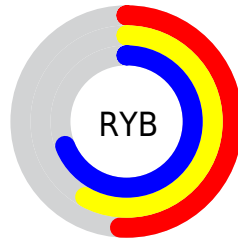
The YIQ color **151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **155.2060, 22.7870, 0.0270**, and the grayscale version is **152.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206.6090, -23.7040, 0.0720**, and **100.5660, -22.1450, -0.6490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.3030, -31.5900, -0.1820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.2850, -13.9840, 0.1280**.

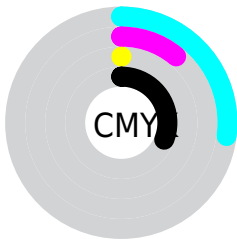
# Distribution



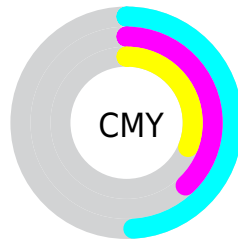
- Red (51%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 151.7940,  
-22.7870, -0.0270

■ 151.7940,  
-22.7870, -0.0270

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 125.6800,  
-22.4660, -0.3380

■ 206.6090,  
-23.7040, 0.0720

■ 100.5660,  
-22.1450, -0.6490

■ 233.9250,  
-21.7780, -1.7940

■ 76.4520, -21.8240,  
-0.9600

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,  
-3.1800

■ 53.1530, -22.4200,  
-1.1720

■ 30.1420, -23.8870,  
-2.1190

■ 13.6270, -14.9470,  
1.0610

■ 0.5700, -1.6050,

1.5550

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 151.7940,  
-22.7870, -0.0270

■ 151.7940,  
-22.7870, -0.0270

■ 142.3030,  
-31.5900, -0.1820

■ 161.2850,  
-13.9840, 0.1280

■ 133.1110,  
-39.7970, -0.1250

■ 170.4770, -5.7770,  
0.0710

■ 123.6200,  
-48.6000, -0.2800

■ 179.9680, 3.0260,  
0.2260

■ 113.5420,  
-57.1280, 0.0880

■ 190.0460, 11.5540,  
-0.1420

■ 104.3500,  
-65.3350, 0.1450

■ 199.2380, 19.7610,  
-0.1990

■ 94.8590, -74.1380,  
-0.0100

■ 208.7290, 28.5640,  
-0.0440

■ 85.3680, -82.9410,  
-0.1650

■ 218.2200, 37.3670,  
0.1110

■ 82.4000, -85.9670,  
-0.3910

■ 222.6280, 36.0380,  
-3.3380

■ 226.7370, 34.1130,  
-6.9990

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150.2510, -25.8120, -5.7800



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



154.1590, -13.3890, 5.8670

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



156.7360, 18.6590, 8.7630



151.9750, 1.1480, -9.7960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



155.2060, 22.7870, 0.0270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.2430, 12.1970, -6.2910



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



155.9550, 22.2360, 4.5080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



157.0110, 10.6350, 11.0110



154.7110, 19.8070, -1.0330



150.6900, -11.2310, -11.2230



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



155.0460, -5.6410, 8.6230



154.7110, 19.8070, -1.0330



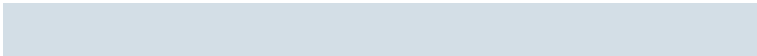
152.3560, 4.4490, -9.0470

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



219.6230, -9.1240, 0.1560



159.7550, -19.0240, -18.6720



108.4770, -5.7770, 0.0710



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270



190.2640, -35.8540, 0.0020



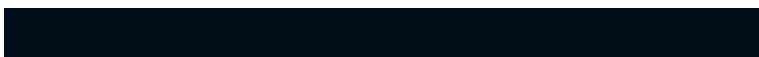
138.2930, -16.4620, 12.0020



84.5480, -4.5390, -0.3390



70.8590, -74.1380, -0.0100



11.7690, -12.4710, 0.2410



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147.2450, 19.0240, 18.6720



183.1420, 29.9800, 29.3720



168.7070, 16.4620, -12.0020



83.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740



56.1210, 61.9770, 60.7370



9.4840, 10.6810, 10.1770



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

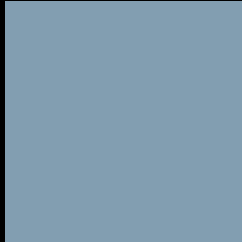
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

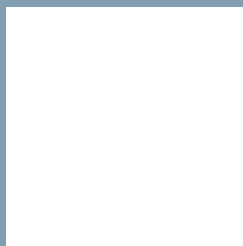
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270.

-0.0270.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270

### Protanopia

154.7960, -7.9330, 6.1070

### Deuteranopia

155.3990, -5.1370, 10.5030



## Tritanopia

151.5120, -22.0530, -2.3170

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270

## Protanomaly

153.6920, -13.5720, 3.6760

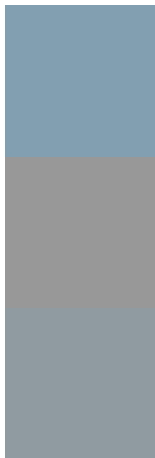
## Deuteranomaly

154.0560, -11.6010, 6.5030

## Tritanomaly

151.7400, -22.6950, -1.6950

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270

## Achromatopsia

152.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

151.8080, -8.2070, 0.0570

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 158, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 158, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 158, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 158, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 158, 177) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 158, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 158, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 158, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 158, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 158,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 151.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 158, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
158, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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