

# Converting Colors

YIQ(152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(152.7170, -5.5520,  
23.5360)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A28BC7
RGB	162, 139, 199
RGB Percent	64%, 55%, 78%
CMY	0.3646, 0.4549, 0.2197
CMYK	0.19, 0.30, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	263°, 35%, 66%
HSV	263°, 30%, 78%
XYZ	34.4431, 30.2690, 58.0494
YIQ	152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

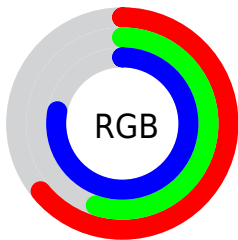
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	162, 139, 199
Decimal	10652615
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.89, 20.76, -27.89
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 34.764, 306.662
Yxy	30.2690, 0.2806, 0.2466
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288842695 (0xFFA28BC7)
YUV	152.7170, 22.8175, 8.1412
Hunter-Lab	55.0173, 15.4680, -24.0454

# Details

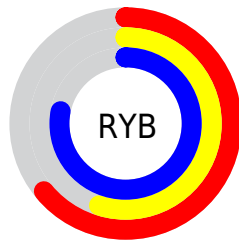
The YIQ color  $152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $185.2830, 5.5520, -23.5360$ , and the grayscale version is  $152.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $207.5430, -5.0020, 24.5820$ , and  $101.3640, -6.0560, 21.6560$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $137.3890, -7.2040, 31.4520$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $168.0450, -3.9000, 15.6200$ .

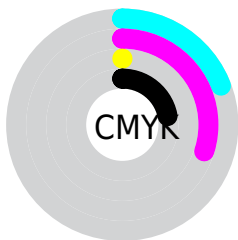
# Distribution



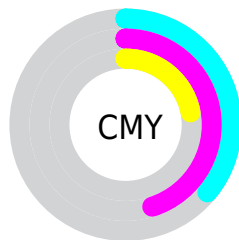
- Red (64%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 152.7170, -5.5520,  
23.5360

■ 152.7170, -5.5520,  
23.5360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 126.3040, -5.8270,  
23.0130

■ 207.5430, -5.0020,  
24.5820

■ 101.3640, -6.0560,  
21.6560

■ 232.3510, 3.9860,  
15.8740

■ 76.8370, -6.0100,  
20.8220

■ 251.4780, 1.6500,  
3.1380

■ 53.8970, -6.2390,  
19.4650

■ 31.6580, -7.0640,  
17.8960

■ 10.8540, -4.6800,  
18.7440

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,

7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 152.7170, -5.5520,  
23.5360

■ 152.7170, -5.5520,  
23.5360

■ 137.3890, -7.2040,  
31.4520

■ 168.0450, -3.9000,  
15.6200

■ 122.0610, -8.8560,  
39.3680

■ 183.6720, -1.6520,  
7.9160

■ 106.4340,  
-11.1040, 47.0720

■ 199.0000, -0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 91.1060, -12.7560,  
54.9880

■ 214.3280, 1.6520,  
-7.9160

■ 76.3650, -14.6830,  
62.3810

■ 229.0690, 3.5790,  
-15.3090

60.7380, -16.9310,  
70.0850

242.9350, 6.6520,  
-21.4440

45.4100, -18.5830,  
78.0010

246.5230, 13.8040,  
-18.9000

248.6160, 17.9760,  
-17.4160

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.6740, -39.5240, 11.4520



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



153.6790, 23.9740, 28.0860

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



149.0050, 45.1620, -3.4940



129.2790, -67.7140, -28.3380

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



185.2830, 5.5520, -23.5360

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137.9120, -30.0720, -27.7040



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



146.8190, 27.6500, -16.5260

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



150.9000, 50.4320, 11.1360



143.4890, 1.9760, -24.8080



118.5430, -103.5680, -28.3360



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



153.1120, 38.6920, 25.6680



143.4890, 1.9760, -24.8080



132.8090, -54.6470, -28.3670

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



237.3130, -2.0190, 9.0610



167.5590, -29.4350, -0.6910



116.5040, -1.2390, 5.9370



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360



183.9530, -8.6720, 36.0320



161.6870, 12.3280, 29.8960



91.9230, -1.1010, 3.4350



37.4190, -14.7750, 64.0490



8.2900, -3.2120, 14.1640



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161.1580, 23.8830, 24.2270



197.0060, 36.5350, 37.2310



176.3130, -12.3280, -29.8960



93.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740



60.2510, 64.7270, 65.9670



13.2720, 14.3940, 14.4740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

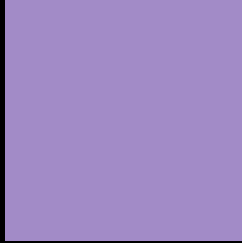
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

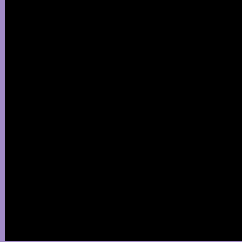
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 152.7170, -5.5520,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360

### Protanopia

149.8280, -28.1540, 14.6460

### Deuteranopia

150.0090, -21.4140, 13.6420



## Tritanopia

150.6460, 1.2370, 5.1170

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360

## Protanomaly

151.0140, -19.8100, 17.6140

## Deuteranomaly

151.0530, -15.5460, 17.4300

## Tritanomaly

151.4920, -0.9650, 11.9870

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360

## Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

152.9000, -2.2940, 8.5380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 139, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 139, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 139, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 139, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 139, 199) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 139, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 139, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 139, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 139, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 139,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 152.7170, -5.5520, 23.5360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 139, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
139, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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