

# Converting Colors

YIQ(152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**YIQ(152.9930, 11.0460,  
20.0860)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B089AF
RGB	176, 137, 175
RGB Percent	69%, 54%, 69%
CMY	0.3097, 0.4628, 0.3137
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.01, 0.31
HSL	302°, 20%, 61%
HSV	302°, 22%, 69%
XYZ	34.5928, 30.2155, 44.5683
YIQ	152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

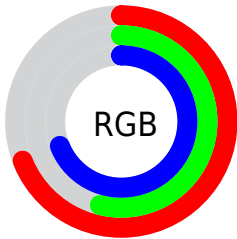
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">176, 137, 175</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11569583</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.84, 21.47, -14.29</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">62, 25.792, 326.352</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.2155, 0.3163, 0.2763</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289759663 (0xFFB089AF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">152.9930, 10.8495, 20.1771</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">54.9687, 16.1381, -9.5939</a>

# Details

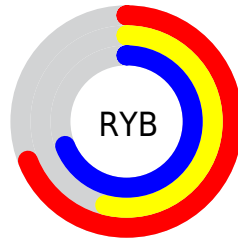
The YIQ color **152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **160.0070, -11.0460, -20.0860**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.8190, 11.5960, 21.1320**, and **101.7540, 10.2210, 18.5170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.4270, 15.9960, 29.5000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.5590, 6.0960, 10.6720**.

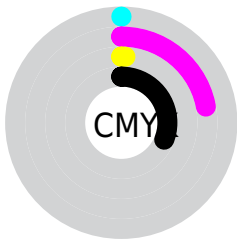
# Distribution



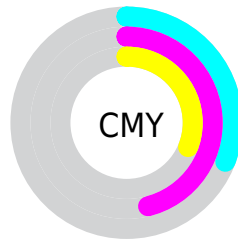
- Red (69%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 152.9930, 11.0460,  
20.0860

■ 152.9930, 11.0460,  
20.0860

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 126.5800, 10.7710,  
19.5630

■ 207.8190, 11.5960,  
21.1320

■ 101.7540, 10.2210,  
18.5170

■ 233.8680, 9.9000,  
18.8280

■ 77.4550, 9.6250,  
18.3050

■ 250.3040, 2.2000,  
4.1840

■ 53.7430, 8.7540,  
17.5700

■ 31.9170, 8.2040,  
16.5240

■ 12.6890, 8.8460,  
15.9020

■ 0.1140, -0.3210,

0.3110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 152.9930, 11.0460,  
20.0860

■ 152.9930, 11.0460,  
20.0860

■ 142.4270, 15.9960,  
29.5000

■ 163.5590, 6.0960,  
10.6720

■ 132.3340, 20.9920,  
38.0800

■ 173.6520, 1.1000,  
2.0920

■ 121.7680, 25.9420,  
47.4940

■ 184.2180, -3.8500,  
-7.3220

■ 111.6750, 30.9380,  
56.0740

■ 194.3110, -8.8460,  
-15.9020

■ 101.1090, 35.8880,  
65.4880

■ 204.8770,  
-13.7960, -25.3160

■ 90.4290, 41.1590,  
74.5910

■ 215.5570,  
-19.0670, -34.4190

■ 80.4500, 45.8340,  
83.4820

■ 222.6010,  
-22.3670, -40.6950

■ 72.1180, 50.0050,  
90.4930

■ 222.7150,  
-22.6880, -40.3840

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151.3260, -12.0610, 14.8430



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



152.9210, 28.7440, 18.7280

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



148.3770, 26.3190, -8.9210



137.6820, -52.3110, -15.6310

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



160.0070, -11.0460, -20.0860

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139.5450, -35.9880, -19.6040



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



146.0650, 9.4020, -16.2140

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



149.9750, 36.6790, 1.5670



142.6370, -12.8800, -19.8880



140.0770, -51.6250, -6.0330



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



152.4070, 35.9430, 14.9110



142.6370, -12.8800, -19.8880



137.6670, -47.9550, -17.4830

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



219.9070, 4.9960, 8.5800



141.7450, -11.9230, 12.3410



109.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



193.3780, 17.6920, 31.8040



150.8270, 17.1450, 14.1770



83.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



62.7330, 43.3590, 78.7750



10.6240, 7.4710, 13.2870



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860



193.3780, 17.6920, 31.8040



162.1730, -17.1450, -14.1770



83.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



62.7330, 43.3590, 78.7750

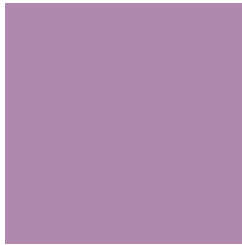


10.6240, 7.4710, 13.2870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

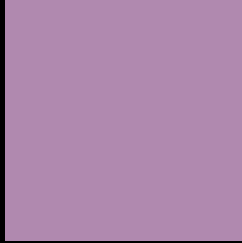
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 152.9930, 11.0460,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860

### Protanopia

150.1960, -14.8110, 9.6130

### Deuteranopia

151.1710, -4.4950, 9.8810



## Tritanopia

151.8220, 15.5410, 10.2050

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860

## Protanomaly

151.0940, -5.5960, 13.3160

## Deuteranomaly

151.9160, 0.7770, 13.4570

## Tritanomaly

152.4460, 13.8440, 13.4280

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860

## Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

152.7820, 3.8500, 7.3220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 137, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 137, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 137, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 137, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 137, 175) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 137, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 137, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 137, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 137, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 137,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 152.9930, 11.0460, 20.0860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 137, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
137, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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