

Converting Colors

YIQ(153.1070, -16.7790,
-9.7950)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950)
contains.

YIQ(153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(153.1070, -16.7790,
-9.7950)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83A49B
RGB	131, 164, 155
RGB Percent	51%, 64%, 61%
CMY	0.4864, 0.3568, 0.3922
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.06, 0.36
HSL	164°, 15%, 58%
HSV	164°, 20%, 64%
XYZ	28.5498, 33.7455, 36.0125
YIQ	153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

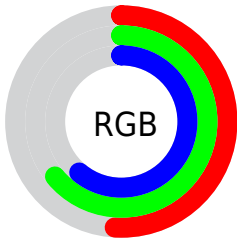
Format	Color
RYB	131, 150, 164
Decimal	8627355
CIELab	64.76, -13.25, 0.93
CIELCh	65, 13.280, 175.988
Yxy	33.7455, 0.2904, 0.3433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286817435 (0xFF83A49B)
YUV	153.1070, 0.9332, -19.3878
Hunter-Lab	58.0909, -13.9320, 3.9078

Details

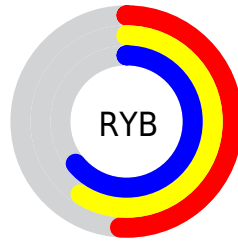
The YIQ color **153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **141.8930, 16.7790, 9.7950**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.3950, -17.6500, -10.5300**, and **101.8190, -15.9080, -9.0600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147.8670, -25.0310, -14.4310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590**.

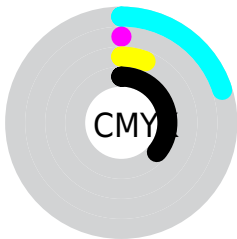
Distribution



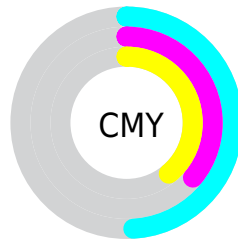
- Red (51%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.1070,
-16.7790, -9.7950

■ 153.1070,
-16.7790, -9.7950

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 127.1070,
-16.7790, -9.7950

■ 207.3950,
-17.6500, -10.5300

■ 101.8190,
-15.9080, -9.0600

■ 236.0960,
-18.2460, -10.7420

■ 77.8190, -15.9080,
-9.0600

■ 250.8140, -8.3440,
-2.9680

■ 54.2320, -15.6330,
-8.5370

■ 32.3460, -15.9540,
-8.2260

■ 15.0970, -10.8190,
-7.6750

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 153.1070,
-16.7790, -9.7950

■ 153.1070,
-16.7790, -9.7950

■ 147.8670,
-25.0310, -14.4310

■ 158.3470, -8.5270,
-5.1590

■ 142.2140,
-33.5580, -19.5900

■ 164.0000, 0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 136.9740,
-41.8100, -24.2260

■ 169.2400, 8.2520,
4.6360

■ 131.3210,
-50.3370, -29.3850

■ 174.8930, 16.7790,
9.7950

■ 126.0810,
-58.5890, -34.0210

■ 180.1330, 25.0310,
14.4310

■ 120.7270,
-66.5200, -38.9680

■ 185.4870, 32.9620,
19.3780

■ 115.1880,
-75.3680, -43.8160

■ 191.0260, 41.8100,
24.2260

■ 109.8340,
-83.2990, -48.7630

■ 194.2870, 45.5690,
27.6890

■ 194.7430, 44.2850,
28.9330

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.9680, -6.1420, -9.8380



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



152.9800, -23.6110, -7.1230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



158.2200, -6.1910, 7.5770



158.1780, 19.9900, 1.1580

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



141.8930, 16.7790, 9.7950

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



158.6390, 20.3100, 6.3740



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



159.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



156.3110, -16.8730, 2.9270



159.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820



157.0800, 14.2140, -4.2980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



153.7890, -24.3910, -3.9990



159.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820



158.4170, 20.8150, 2.7270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



209.7710, -6.7850, -3.6890



153.0620, -3.7110, -15.3510



104.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950



197.1550, -25.9020, -15.1660



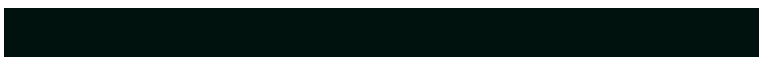
150.0240, -17.7430, -3.3350



78.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410



97.1990, -73.9010, -42.8690



12.0480, -9.1230, -5.3710

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141.8930, 16.7790, 9.7950



179.8450, 25.9020, 15.1660



144.9760, 17.7430, 3.3350



76.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



47.9150, 73.5800, 43.1800



5.9520, 9.1230, 5.3710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

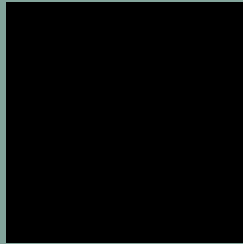
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950.

-9.7950.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950

Protanopia

156.9250, 4.5850, -0.4950

Deuteranopia

158.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940



Tritanopia

154.7080, -19.6690, -1.4690

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950

Protanomaly

155.5110, -3.1170, -4.0850

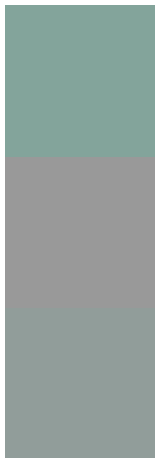
Deuteranomaly

156.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

Tritanomaly

154.1980, -18.2930, -4.3810

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950

Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

153.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 164, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 164, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 164, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 164, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 164, 155) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 164, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 164, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 164, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 164, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 164,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.1070, -16.7790, -9.7950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 164, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
164, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor