

Converting Colors

YIQ(153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(153.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B979F
RGB	155, 151, 159
RGB Percent	61%, 59%, 62%
CMY	0.3921, 0.4078, 0.3765
CMYK	0.03, 0.05, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	270°, 4%, 61%
HSV	270°, 5%, 62%
XYZ	30.8425, 31.6048, 37.2748
YIQ	153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

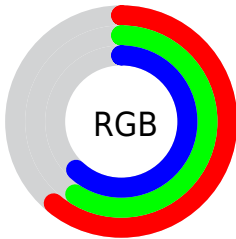
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 151, 159
Decimal	10196895
CIE Lab	63.01, 3.01, -3.68
CIE LCh	63, 4.751, 309.287
Yxy	31.6048, 0.3093, 0.3169
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288386975 (0xFF9B979F)
YUV	153.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593
Hunter-Lab	56.2181, -0.4527, 0.0410

Details

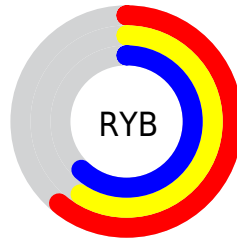
The YIQ color **153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **156.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470**, and **102.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141.3240, -0.5520, 10.0080**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360**.

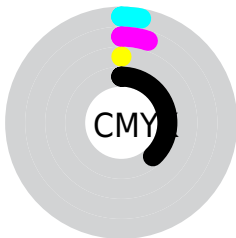
Distribution



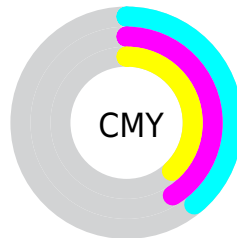
- Red (61%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 153.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 127.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 207.2220, -0.5050,
3.6470

■ 102.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 235.5210, 0.0910,
3.8590

■ 77.9940, 0.1370,
3.0250

■ 55.5810, -0.1380,
2.5020

■ 33.6950, -0.4590,
2.8130

■ 11.5210, 0.0910,
3.8590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 153.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 153.1080, -0.1840,
3.3360

■ 141.3240, -0.5520,
10.0080

■ 164.8920, 0.1840,
-3.3360

■ 129.5400, -0.9200,
16.6800

■ 176.6760, 0.5520,
-10.0080

■ 117.7560, -1.2880,
23.3520

■ 188.4600, 0.9200,
-16.6800

■ 105.9720, -1.6560,
30.0240

■ 200.2440, 1.2880,
-23.3520

■ 94.7750, -2.2990,
36.1730

■ 212.0280, 1.6560,
-30.0240

■ 82.9910, -2.6670,
42.8450

■ 223.2250, 2.2990,
-36.1730

71.2070, -3.0350,
49.5170

230.9000, 4.5920,
-39.1840

59.4230, -3.4030,
56.1890

233.2920, 9.3600,
-37.4880

47.9380, -3.1750,
63.0730

235.3850, 13.5320,
-36.0040

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



153.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



152.7080, 6.6940, -0.1700



151.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



156.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151.3260, -4.0340, -3.9860



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



152.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



153.2460, 8.1150, 1.6110



151.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360



151.7540, -8.1150, -1.6110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



153.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



151.8920, 0.1840, -3.3360



151.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



203.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790



154.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960



102.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



197.2760, -0.5970, 5.3150



154.3040, 2.2000, 4.1840



75.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790



37.5310, -3.5870, 59.5250



4.1020, -0.0470, 6.3610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



198.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



155.6960, -2.2000, -4.1840



75.7230, 2.3380, 1.6820



50.8510, 62.4370, 52.3970



5.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

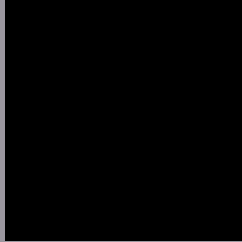
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360.

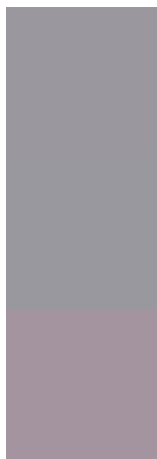


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.1080, -0.1840,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

Protanopia

153.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890

Deuteranopia

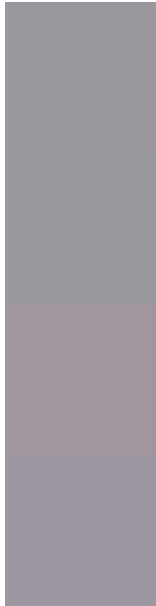
154.1520, 5.6840, 7.1240



Tritanopia

153.1620, -0.2760, 5.0040

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

Protanomaly

153.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010

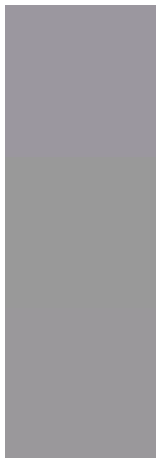
Deuteranomaly

153.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

Tritanomaly

153.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360

Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

152.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 151, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 151, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 151, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 151, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 151, 159) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 151, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 151, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 151, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 151, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 151,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 151, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
151, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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