

# Converting Colors

YIQ(153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(153.1930, 41.9970,  
4.3090)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C48B72
RGB	196, 139, 114
RGB Percent	77%, 55%, 45%
CMY	0.2313, 0.4550, 0.5528
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.42, 0.23
HSL	18°, 41%, 61%
HSV	18°, 42%, 77%
XYZ	35.0420, 31.4141, 20.1504
YIQ	153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

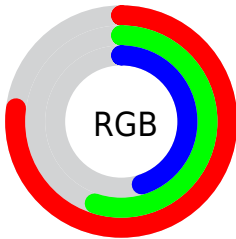
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 150, 114
Decimal	12880754
CIE Lab	62.86, 18.63, 21.98
CIE LCh	63, 28.817, 49.721
Yxy	31.4141, 0.4046, 0.3627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291070834 (0xFFC48B72)
YUV	153.1930, -19.3221, 37.5417
Hunter-Lab	56.0483, 13.5156, 17.9180

# Details

The YIQ color **153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **156.8070, -41.9970, -4.3090**, and the grayscale version is **153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208.1610, 45.0230, 4.5350**, and **101.6270, 37.7790, 3.6590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142.6950, 52.2670, 5.4110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163.6910, 31.7270, 3.2070**.

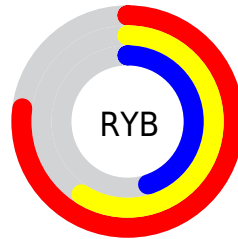
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (55%)

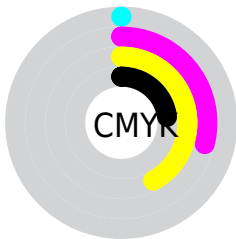
Blue (45%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (45%)

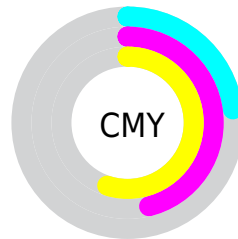


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (46%)


Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 153.1930, 41.9970,  
4.3090

 153.1930, 41.9970,  
4.3090


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 126.7090, 40.4840,  
4.1960


 208.1610, 45.0230,  
4.5350


 101.6270, 37.7790,  
3.6590


 227.9740, 29.2520,  
-1.5000


 76.8440, 35.6700,  
3.3340

 247.6020, 12.5640,  
-7.4360

 53.1750, 33.2400,  
3.3200

 254.4300, 1.6050,  
-1.5550

 30.8650, 31.1770,  
2.1610

 11.3620, 22.6480,  
8.0560

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 153.1930, 41.9970,  
4.3090

■ 153.1930, 41.9970,  
4.3090

■ 142.6950, 52.2670,  
5.4110

■ 163.6910, 31.7270,  
3.2070

■ 132.8980, 61.9410,  
6.3010

■ 173.4880, 22.0530,  
2.3170

■ 122.4000, 72.2110,  
7.4030

■ 183.9860, 11.7830,  
1.2150

■ 112.0160, 82.1600,  
8.8160

■ 194.3700, 1.8340,  
-0.1980

■ 102.1050, 92.1550,  
9.3950

■ 204.2810, -8.1610,  
-0.7770

■ 93.8240, 100.3160,  
10.1720

■ 214.7790,  
-18.4310, -1.8790

■ 224.5760,  
-28.1050, -2.7690

■ 233.2500,  
-33.2390, -8.8470

■ 237.3590,  
-35.1640, -12.5080

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154.2720, 40.7570, 15.7730



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



151.1390, 32.9210, -7.4230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



141.4370, -35.8040, -22.9400



153.0200, -19.9470, 14.5890

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



156.8070, -41.9970, -4.3090

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.5820, -45.4370, 2.9710



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



137.5240, -57.8580, -19.7300

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



145.3230, -9.1200, -21.9520



139.1680, -62.3070, -10.6830



155.8940, 7.0110, 21.6270



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



149.7630, 22.0560, -14.2640



139.1680, -62.3070, -10.6830



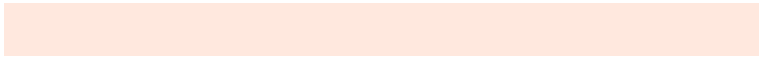
151.4210, -28.5660, 11.0980

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



237.7370, 16.9180, 1.7660



145.0160, 30.5750, 35.1110



116.8010, 10.8660, 1.3140



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090



188.2790, 65.2420, 7.0500



177.2600, 30.7220, -17.1340



91.7510, 5.1350, 0.5510



76.9020, 82.4810, 8.5050



15.7370, 16.9180, 1.7660



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156.8070, -41.9970, -4.3090



194.1340, -64.9670, -6.5270



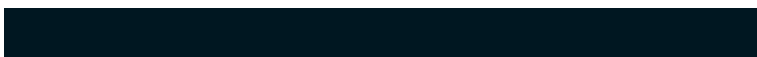
132.7400, -30.7220, 17.1340



92.2490, -5.1350, -0.5510



84.0980, -82.4810, -8.5050



17.2630, -16.9180, -1.7660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

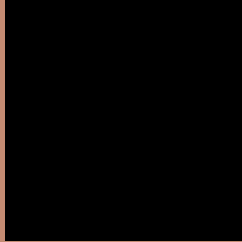
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.1930, 41.9970,

4.3090.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090

### Protanopia

151.3420, 16.2320, -7.8320

### Deuteranopia

152.4040, 30.8570, -3.0550



## Tritanopia

155.2760, 34.9340, 16.6780

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090

## Protanomaly

151.7670, 25.4010, -3.2950

## Deuteranomaly

152.4370, 35.2580, -0.2140

## Tritanomaly

154.3100, 37.5940, 12.5220

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090

## Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

153.2530, 15.4050, 1.6530

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 139, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 139, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 139, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 139, 114) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 139, 114) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 139, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 139, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 139, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 139, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 139,  
114) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 139, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
139, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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