

Converting Colors

YIQ(153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850)
contains.

YIQ(153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(153.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F9796
RGB	159, 151, 150
RGB Percent	62%, 59%, 59%
CMY	0.3764, 0.4078, 0.4117
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.06, 0.38
HSL	7°, 4%, 61%
HSV	7°, 6%, 62%
XYZ	30.8705, 31.7057, 33.3492
YIQ	153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

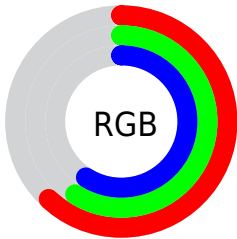
Format	Color
RYB	159, 151, 150
Decimal	10459030
CIELab	63.10, 2.75, 1.56
CIELCh	63, 3.163, 29.600
Yxy	31.7057, 0.3218, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288649110 (0xFF9F9796)
YUV	153.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182
Hunter-Lab	56.3078, -0.6769, 4.3001

Details

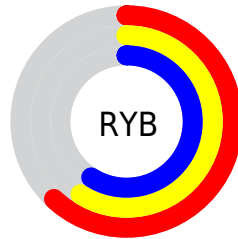
The YIQ color $153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $155.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850$, and the grayscale version is $153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $207.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970$, and $102.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $143.2360, 14.0750, 3.7310$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $163.3200, -3.8970, -0.9610$.

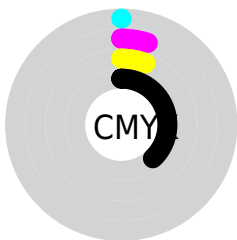
Distribution



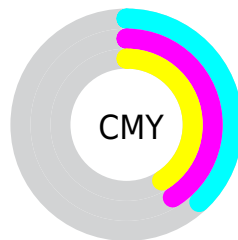
- Red (62%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850

■ 153.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 127.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850

■ 207.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 102.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850

■ 235.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 77.9790, 4.4930,
1.1730

■ 55.6800, 3.8970,
0.9610

■ 33.7940, 3.5760,
1.2720

■ 11.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 153.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850

■ 153.2780, 5.0890,
1.3850

■ 143.2360, 14.0750,
3.7310

■ 163.3200, -3.8970,
-0.9610

■ 133.1940, 23.0610,
6.0770

■ 173.3620,
-12.8830, -3.3070

■ 123.1520, 32.0470,
8.4230

■ 183.4040,
-21.8690, -5.6530

■ 112.5230, 41.3080,
11.2920

■ 194.0330,
-31.1300, -8.5220

■ 102.5950, 49.9730,
13.9490

■ 204.0750,
-40.1160, -10.8680

■ 92.5530, 58.9590,
16.2950

■ 214.0030,
-48.7810, -13.5250

■ 82.5110, 67.9450,
18.6410

■ 223.3610,
-55.8410, -17.7370

■ 72.4690, 76.9310,
20.9870

■ 226.2960,
-57.2160, -20.3520

■ 62.4270, 85.9170,
23.3330

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



153.3380, 4.8600, 0.0280

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



152.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040



152.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



155.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.2490, -5.1350, -0.5510



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



151.7930, -3.8510, -1.7950

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



152.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670



151.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



152.9830, -1.3300, 2.0780

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



152.6260, 3.9890, -0.7070



151.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



152.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



204.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370



153.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



103.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130



232.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



197.6590, 8.3900, 2.1340



155.6260, 3.9890, -0.7070



74.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



52.1490, 80.8280, 21.9480



5.6590, 8.3900, 2.1340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



155.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



201.3410, -8.3900, -2.1340



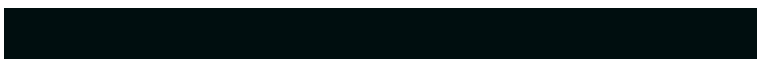
153.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



76.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490



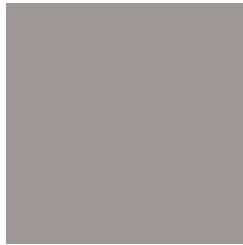
90.8510, -80.8280, -21.9480



9.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

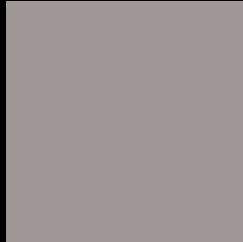
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

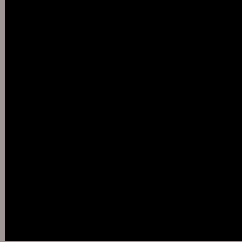
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.2780, 5.0890,

1.3850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Protanopia

153.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

Deuteranopia

154.3220, 10.9570, 5.1730



Tritanopia

153.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Protanomaly

153.3810, 3.3010, 0.7490

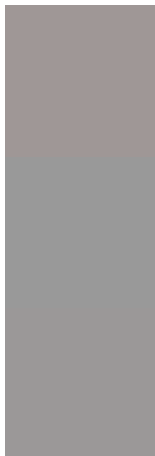
Deuteranomaly

154.0120, 8.8940, 4.0140

Tritanomaly

153.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Achromatopsia

153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

152.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 151, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 151, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 151, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 151, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 151, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 151, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 151, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 151, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 151, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 151,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 151, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
151, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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