

# Converting Colors

YIQ(153.6030, -57.9570,  
20.6270)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(153.6030, -57.9570,  
20.6270)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F9CFD
RGB	111, 156, 253
RGB Percent	44%, 61%, 99%
CMY	0.5647, 0.3882, 0.0081
CMYK	0.56, 0.38, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	221°, 97%, 71%
HSV	221°, 56%, 99%
XYZ	36.1630, 34.2490, 97.5682
YIQ	153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

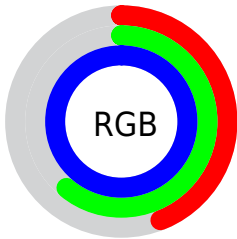
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	111, 145, 253
Decimal	7314685
CIELab	65.16, 12.48, -52.89
CIELCh	65, 54.340, 283.280
Yxy	34.2490, 0.2153, 0.2039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285504765 (0xFF6F9CFD)
YUV	153.6030, 49.0027, -37.3628
Hunter-Lab	58.5226, 7.8861, -57.8817

# Details

The YIQ color  $153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $6699FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $210.3970, 57.9570, -20.6270$ , and the grayscale version is  $153.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $203.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270$ , and  $96.8360, -66.1630, 15.1570$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $136.1490, -68.1820, 24.2180$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $171.0570, -47.7320, 17.0360$ .

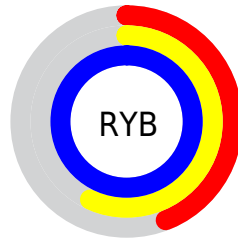
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (61%)

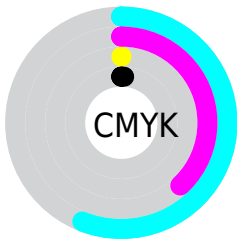
Blue (99%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (99%)

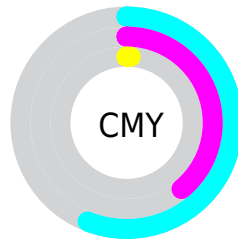


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 153.6030,  
-57.9570, 20.6270

■ 153.6030,  
-57.9570, 20.6270

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 125.7660,  
-59.9740, 18.6340

■ 203.4690,  
-37.6890, 5.7270

■ 96.8360, -66.1630,  
15.1570

■ 228.8750,  
-27.5090, -2.5570

■ 67.2860, -76.4780,  
9.3620

■ 247.8240,  
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 50.7070, -61.4860,  
12.9940

■ 36.0030, -47.6400,  
15.3680

■ 21.4130, -34.1150,  
18.0530

■ 11.6330, -23.1110,

16.8650

■ 6.6630, -14.6280,  
11.8040

■ 2.9810, -7.0160,  
6.0080

■ 153.6030,  
-57.9570, 20.6270

■ 153.6030,  
-57.9570, 20.6270

■ 136.1490,  
-68.1820, 24.2180

■ 171.0570,  
-47.7320, 17.0360

■ 117.8090,  
-78.7280, 28.1200

■ 189.3970,  
-37.1860, 13.1340

■ 100.3550,  
-88.9530, 31.7110

■ 206.8510,  
-26.9610, 9.5430

■ 82.9010, -99.1780,  
35.3020

■ 224.3050,  
-16.7360, 5.9520

■ 75.8020,  
-103.2130, 36.8430

■ 241.7590, -6.5110,  
2.3610

254.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



128.9910, -127.5960, -11.3720



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



162.4490, 1.7350, 40.1590

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



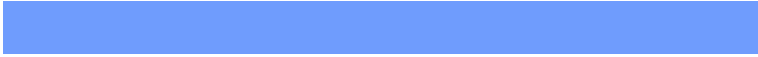
156.4270, 76.7490, 13.2690



120.2520, -90.5880, -54.3320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



210.3970, 57.9570, -20.6270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.6040, -9.2540, -41.5580



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



154.9620, 63.9160, -12.9800

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



157.3890, 71.8850, 35.3490



150.9270, 35.4930, -32.0190



127.2400, -107.5090, -39.5170



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



162.3080, 33.0490, 45.3450



150.9270, 35.4930, -32.0190



135.1830, -50.6090, -46.4890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



224.5330, -17.3780, 6.5740



205.1840, -69.5450, -44.7210



109.6600, -10.5460, 3.9020



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270



135.1920, -69.7410, 24.9390



134.3640, -31.2780, 49.2500



118.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510



57.5810, -78.0860, 27.4980



19.0360, -26.0440, 9.4440



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



158.5880, 70.1870, 44.0990



141.2850, 84.5820, 53.0460



229.6360, 31.2780, -49.2500



119.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



64.0630, 94.2550, 59.4630



21.4160, 31.7240, 19.7880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

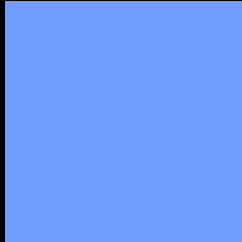
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

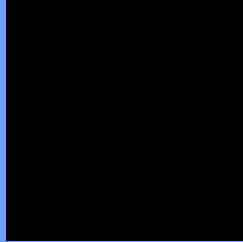
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.6030, -57.9570,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270

### Protanopia

154.8920, -51.4010, 22.9590

### Deuteranopia

152.0860, -63.8710, 17.6730



## Tritanopia

146.1810, -55.1540, -13.6660

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270

## Protanomaly

154.6960, -53.7850, 22.1110

## Deuteranomaly

152.3960, -61.8080, 18.8320

## Tritanomaly

148.7870, -56.4400, -1.3680

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270

## Achromatopsia

154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

153.9070, -21.3670, 7.2810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 156, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 156, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 156, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 156, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 156, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 156, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 156, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 156, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 156, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 156,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.6030, -57.9570, 20.6270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 156, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
156, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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