

Converting Colors

YIQ(153.6570, -15.6320,
-14.0640)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640)
contains.

YIQ(153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(153.6570, -15.6320,
-14.0640)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82A793
RGB	130, 167, 147
RGB Percent	51%, 65%, 58%
CMY	0.4903, 0.3450, 0.4236
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.12, 0.35
HSL	148°, 17%, 58%
HSV	148°, 22%, 65%
XYZ	28.2891, 34.4931, 32.7657
YIQ	153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

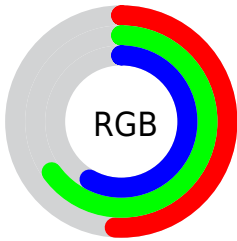
Format	Color
RYB	130, 155, 167
Decimal	8562579
CIELab	65.35, -16.82, 6.24
CIELCh	65, 17.941, 159.654
Yxy	34.4931, 0.2961, 0.3610
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286752659 (0xFF82A793)
YUV	153.6570, -3.2819, -20.7472
Hunter-Lab	58.7308, -16.8003, 8.0339

Details

The YIQ color **153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **143.3430, 15.6320, 14.0640**, and the grayscale version is **154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207.9450, -16.5030, -14.7990**, and **102.3690, -14.7610, -13.3290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147.5480, -22.8750, -20.4670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159.7660, -8.3890, -7.6610**.

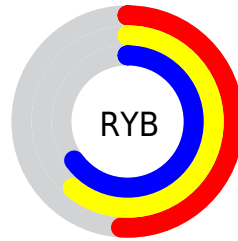
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (65%)

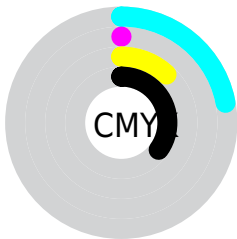
Blue (58%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (65%)

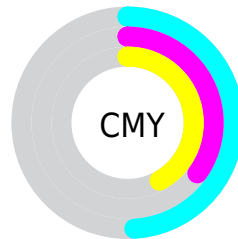


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 153.6570,
-15.6320, -14.0640

■ 153.6570,
-15.6320, -14.0640

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 127.6570,
-15.6320, -14.0640

■ 207.9450,
-16.5030, -14.7990

■ 102.3690,
-14.7610, -13.3290

■ 236.5320,
-16.7780, -15.3220

■ 77.8960, -14.8070,
-12.4950

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,
-3.1800

■ 54.8960, -14.8070,
-12.4950

■ 32.1240, -15.4490,
-11.8730

■ 15.1310, -8.1590,
-11.8310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 153.6570,
-15.6320, -14.0640

■ 153.6570,
-15.6320, -14.0640

■ 147.5480,
-22.8750, -20.4670

■ 159.7660, -8.3890,
-7.6610

■ 141.7380,
-29.5220, -26.6580

■ 165.5760, -1.7420,
-1.4700

■ 135.6290,
-36.7650, -33.0610

■ 171.6850, 5.5010,
4.9330

■ 129.5200,
-44.0080, -39.4640

■ 177.7940, 12.7440,
11.3360

■ 123.4110,
-51.2510, -45.8670

■ 183.6040, 19.3910,
17.5270

■ 117.6010,
-57.8980, -52.0580

■ 189.7130, 26.6340,
23.9300

■ 111.4920,
-65.1410, -58.4610

■ 195.8220, 33.8770,
30.3330

■ 106.8070,
-70.6420, -63.3940

■ 199.2400, 35.7560,
34.8280

■ 200.2660, 32.8670,
37.6270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155.7960, 0.0940, -12.7220



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



152.4800, -28.1950, -12.1550

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



158.3590, -16.8280, 7.6200



160.1190, 27.6460, 5.5820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



143.3430, 15.6320, 14.0640

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161.2530, 24.5730, 11.7170



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



160.9050, -0.6900, 12.5100

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



155.0860, -29.4810, 0.1430



161.8590, 14.1190, 13.9510



159.2230, 24.1170, -2.0510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



152.2500, -33.2390, -8.8470



161.8590, 14.1190, 13.9510



160.5860, 27.8290, 7.7730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



211.6030, -6.3720, -5.6680



157.6990, 1.7450, -15.1110



106.7390, -3.7590, -3.4630



237.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640



195.7110, -24.8920, -22.4600



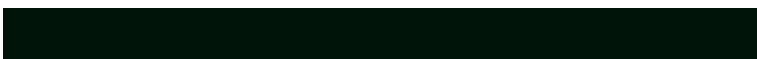
155.7090, -21.4100, -8.4660



81.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



94.6280, -62.5280, -56.2560



12.7660, -8.3890, -7.6610

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143.3430, 15.6320, 14.0640



179.2890, 24.8920, 22.4600



141.2910, 21.4100, 8.4660



78.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400



53.3720, 62.5280, 56.2560



7.2340, 8.3890, 7.6610

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

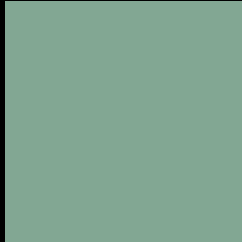
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

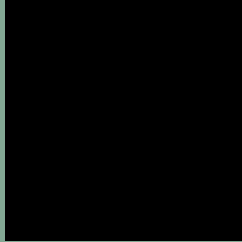
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640.

-14.0640.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640

Protanopia

158.2690, 9.3080, -3.4920

Deuteranopia

159.8340, 15.2670, 4.1550



Tritanopia

156.1100, -20.8610, -1.8930

Trichromacy



Original Color

153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640

Protanomaly

156.3710, 0.0930, -7.1950

Deuteranomaly

157.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750

Tritanomaly

154.8450, -18.7970, -6.2610

Monochromacy



Original Color

153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640

Achromatopsia

154.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

153.9020, -5.7760, -5.4560

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 167, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 167, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 167, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 167, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 167, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 167, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 167, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 167, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 167, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 167,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 153.6570, -15.6320, -14.0640 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 167, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
167, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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